

Mark Scheme (Results)

October 2018

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Subsidiary In Business Studies (WBS02) Unit 2 Business Structures and Processes

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General Marking Guidance

• All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.

• Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.

• Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.

• There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.

• All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.

• Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.

• When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.

• Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Section A: Supported multiple choice

N.B. If part (a) of the question is INCORRECT, then a maximum of 2 marks can be awarded for part (b).

Question Number	Question	Marks
1(a)	Answer: B (the chance of a promotion can motivate employees)	1
1(b)	 Answer: B (the chance of a promotion can motivate employees) Explain why this answer is correct: Definition of internal recruitment e.g. potential applicants are found from within the organisation (1) <i>Queensland Rail</i> may lose key personnel and their skills if there are not any prospects of promotion (1) Employees may work harder/be more productive if they can see that promotion prospects are available within the business (1) Alternatively, up to two of the marks above can be achieved by explaining (not defining) distracters, for example: A is wrong because external recruitment takes longer due to the selection process requiring references/external advertising (1) C is wrong because it will be limited to the size of the business rather than the whole sector (1) D is wrong because more is known about the potential candidate because they already work for the business (1) Any acceptable answer that shows selective knowledge/understanding/application and/or development. N.B. up to 2 marks out of 3 may be gained for part	
	N.B. up to 2 marks out of 3 may be gained for part (b) if part (a) is incorrect.	(4)

Question	Question	Marks			
Number					
2 (a)	Answer: D (-1.5)	1			
2 (b)	 Explain why this answer is correct: Definition of YED e.g. the relationship between the change in quantity demanded and a change in income 				
	 OR gives the formula: <u>% Change in Quantity Demanded</u> % Change in Income (1) 				
	+ <u>18%</u> (1) = -1.5 - 12% (1)				
	Any acceptable calculation method that shows selective knowledge/understanding.	(4)			

Question Number	Question	Marks
3 (a)	Answer: C (Interest is only paid on the amount owed)	1
3 (b)	 3 (b) Explain why this answer is correct: Definition of overdraft e.g. a credit facility which is agreed with a bank and money can be withdrawn from an account up to an agreed amount (1) If Jonathan does not need to use all of the £10 000 he only pays interest on the amount used (1) This reduces Jonathan's finance costs compared to other sources of finance such as a bank loan (1) Alternatively, up to two of the marks above can be achieved by explaining (not defining) distracters, for example: 	
	 A is wrong because one feature of an overdraft is that it is repayable on demand without notice (1) B is wrong because overdrafts are not long term and are more suitable for short term working capital needs (1) D is wrong because overdrafts are more suitable for short term cash flow problems and they are not generally meant for large items of capital expenditure (1) Any acceptable answer that shows selective knowledge/understanding/application and/or 	
	development. N.B. up to 2 marks out of 3 may be gained for part (b) if part (a) is incorrect.	(4)

Question Number	Question	Marks
4 (a)	Answer: D (quick to prepare)	1
4 (b)	 Explain why this answer is correct: Definition of historical-based budgeting e.g. a budget based on figures from previous years (1) <i>Polydist</i> will use their current sales and production budgets as a basis for the new budget (1) This method of budgeting is therefore very easy to produce as it does not entail any complex calculations (1) 	1-3
	 Alternatively, up to two of the marks above can be achieved by explaining (not defining) distracters, for example: A is wrong because the only method that uses no previous data to prepare the new budget is zerobased budgeting (1) B is wrong because there is no need to plan because the budget is based on previous years' figures (1) C is wrong because sales and costs can fluctuate and are unpredictable due to the economic environment (1) Any acceptable answer that shows selective 	
	 knowledge/understanding/application and/or development. N.B. up to 2 marks out of 3 may be gained for part (b) if part (a) is incorrect. 	(4)

Question Number	Question	Marks
	 Answer: D (reduction in labour turnover) Explain why this answer is correct: Definition of labour turnover e.g. the proportion of a workforce who leave within a specified time period (1) The pay increase and bonus may reward/motivate employees at <i>Jaguar Land Rover</i> (1) This could result in fewer employees wanting to leave <i>Jaguar Land Rover</i> due to the higher pay for the same amount of work (1) Alternatively, up to two of the marks above can be achieved by explaining (not defining) distracters, for example: A is wrong because self-actualisation is not increased by financial reward such as pay or a bonus and can only be achieved with non-financial rewards (1) B is wrong because employees should see an increase in safety needs as they have more job security from receiving a pay rise (1) C is wrong because empowerment comes from employees making independent decisions rather than being given a pay rise (1) Any acceptable answer that shows selective knowledge/understanding/application and/or development. N.B. up to 2 marks out of 3 may be gained for part 	1 1-3
	(b) if part (a) is incorrect.	(4)

Question Number	Question	Marks			
6 (a)	Answer: C (competition)	1			
6 (b)	 Explain why this answer is correct: Definition of competition e.g. rivalry among sellers/a substitute business in the same market (1) More competition may lead to <i>Staples</i> losing customers to its competitors (1) Therefore <i>Staples</i> may have had to close its stores due to fewer customers and lower sales/less profits (1) 	1-3			
	Alternatively, up to two of the marks above can be achieved by explaining (not defining) distracters, for example:				
	 A is wrong because an increase in cash flow implies an increase in customers and therefore they are more likely to keep their shops open (1) B is wrong because this would allow <i>Staples</i> a longer period of time to pay their bills, which would improve their cash flow (1) D is wrong because this would lead to <i>Staples</i> being able to keep trading as more turnover will result in more cash flow into the business (1) 				
	Any acceptable answer that shows selective knowledge/understanding/application and/or development.				
	N.B. up to 2 marks out of 3 may be gained for part (b) if part (a) is incorrect.	(4)			

Section B: Data response

Question Number	Question	
7	Explain two possible impacts on <i>Samsung</i> of having to recall the Galaxy Note 7.	(6 marks)
	Answer	Mark
	(Knowledge 2, Application 2, Analysis 2) Knowledge/understanding: up to 2 marks for stating two impacts e.g. decrease in sales (1) creates a negative brand image (1)	1-2
	 Application: up to 2 marks for contextualised answers to Samsung e.g. Evidence B shows that Samsung has shipped fewer handsets in 2016 compared to 2015 (1) e.g. Samsung is the market leader in the mobile phone market (1) 	1-2
	Analysis: up to 2 marks for giving reasons/causes/consequences to <i>Samsung</i> e.g. the product recall may have resulted in dissatisfied customers who may go elsewhere resulting in a fall in overall revenue (1) e.g. <i>Samsung</i> may have to spend more on marketing in order to restore trust in its brand (1)	1-2
	Two impacts must be covered for full marks (3+3). If only one impact covered, maximum mark of 3.	

Question Number	Question	
8 (a)	Explain two ways <i>Samsung</i> could improve its capacity utilisation.	(6 marks)
	Answer	Mark
	(Knowledge 2, Application 2, Analysis 2) Knowledge/understanding: up to 2 marks for defining capacity utilisation e.g. the percentage of the maximum possible output (1) which is actually produced (1)	1-2
	OR For giving two ways to improve capacity utilisation e.g. close excess capacity (1) increase demand by promotion (1)	
	Application: up to 2 marks for contextualised answers to <i>Samsung</i> e.g. <i>Samsung</i> has spare capacity because it is no longer producing the Galaxy Note 7 (1) e.g. Samsung has a vast range of other electronic products, such as medical equipment (1)	1-2
	 Analysis: up to 2 marks for giving reasons/causes/consequences to Samsung e.g. reducing total capacity will increase utilisation from existing factories (1) e.g. promotions will help to increase the number of customers purchasing its other products thereby increasing production and using the spare capacity (1) 	1-2
	Two ways must be covered for full marks (3+3). If only one way covered, maximum mark of 3.	

Question Number	Question			
8 (b)	Explain two reasons why it might be difficult to estimate future sales for <i>Samsung</i> 's IT and Mobile Communications (IM) division.			
	Answer			
	(Knowledge 2, Application 2, Analysis 2)			
	Knowledge/understanding: up to 2 marks are available for defining future sales e.g. these are a prediction of the amount of goods that are likely to be sold (1) over a period of time in the future (1)	1-2		
	OR			
	stating why it might be difficult e.g. impact of a product recall (1) competitor's actions (1)			
	Application: up to 2 marks are available for contextualised answers to <i>Samsung</i> e.g. <i>Samsung</i> has seen a 3.3% fall in market share since 2015	1-2		
	(1) e.g. the mobile phone market has started to mature with lots of rival smartphone manufacturers, such as <i>Apple</i> and <i>Google</i> (1)			
	Analysis: up to 2 marks are available for a reasons/causes/consequences for <i>Samsung</i>			
	 e.g. future sales may be difficult to predict as sales may decrease due to a damaged brand image from its product recall (1) e.g. increased competition from <i>Apple</i> and <i>Google</i> who also offer similar large screen alternative smartphones which have not been recalled (1) 	1-2		
	Two reasons must be covered for full marks (3+3). If only one reason covered, maximum mark of 3.			

Question Number	Question	
9 (a)	Explain one reason why <i>Samsung</i> would want to achieve short product development lead times for its mobile phones.	(4 marks)
	Answer	Mark
	(Knowledge 1, Application 1, Analysis 2)	
	Knowledge/understanding: up to 1 mark is available for stating a reason e.g. respond quickly to technological advances/to gain a competitive advantage over rivals (1)	1
	Application: up to 1 mark is available for a contextualised response to <i>Samsung</i> e.g. smartphones need constantly updating with new features/technology (1)	1
	Analysis: up to 2 marks are available for developing the above, e.g. short product lead times mean that <i>Samsung</i> can launch new phones onto the market before its rivals (1) <i>Samsung</i> may then gain a competitive advantage over other mobile phone competitors therefore increasing its market share (1)	1-2

Question	Questic	on		
Number 9 (b)	Assess the benefits to <i>Samsung</i> from having a tall (8 marks)			(8 marks)
7 (D)	organisational structure.			
Level	Mark	Descriptor	Possible content	
1	1-2	Knowledge/understanding of tall organisational structure	e.g. a tall organisational structure has many levels of hierarchy with a narrow span of control	
2	3-4	Application must be present, i.e. the answer must be contextualised to <i>Samsung</i>	e.g. <i>Samsung</i> has three independently operated main divisions - IT and Mobile Communications (IM), Consumer Electronics (CE), and Device Solutions (DS) e.g. <i>Samsung</i> has 325,677 employees in 80 countries	
3	5-6	Analysis in context must be present, i.e. in this case the candidate must identify and explain the reasons/causes/costs/conseq uences to <i>Samsung</i> of having a tall organisational structure NB if analysis is not in context limit to Level 2 .	e.g. a narrow span of allows for closer supe employees in the IT a Communications divis resulting in higher pro- distinct layers with ok of responsibility and of a clear promotion stru- which may be needed organisation of such s three independently of divisions	control rvision of ind Mobile sion oductivity ovide clear, ovious lines control and ucture I for an size with
4	7-8	Evaluation must be present and in context showing the impact on <i>Samsung</i> of having a tall organisational structure Award 7 marks if one side only is in context Award 8 marks if BOTH sides are in context N.B. if there is evaluation but no context at all, then limit to Level 3.	e.g. communication i too long to travel thro levels in the Consume Electronics division w lead to slower decisio and can hinder progre e.g. employees in the Electronics division m from motivational pro to the close supervision managers above ther e.g. there is a long ch command that could firm unresponsive to change in the three d divisions	bugh all the er hich can n-making ess Consumer ay suffer blems due on by n hain of make the sudden

Question Number	Question		Marks	
10		Assess the importance for <i>Samsung</i> of using quality management techniques to increase its market share.		(12 marks)
Level 1	Mark 1-2	Descriptor Knowledge/understanding of quality management techniques must be present	Possible content e.g. quality management techniques cover a range of options such as quality control, quality assurance and TQM which are all designed to improve and maintain the quality of the product	
2	3-4	Application must be present, i.e. the answer must be contextualised to <i>Samsung</i>	 e.g. Samsung is continuously upgrading the quality management system to achieve the best quality in all products and services e.g. quality management ensures the same consistent standards exist in the 80 countries in which it operates and that all 325,677 employees 	
3	5-6	Analysis in context must be present, i.e. the candidate must give reasons/causes/costs/conse quences of <i>Samsung</i> using quality management techniques NB if analysis is not in context limit to Level 2 .	 products such as smartphones and wireless speakers are manufactured consistency of manufacturing quality will be maintained, which will lead to customer satisfaction and therefore result in repeat purchases/brand loyalty e.g. consistency of quality of the smartphones enhances brand image leading to a competitive advantage and 	
4	7-12	Low Level 4: 7-8 marks Limited evaluation must be present and in context on one side Mid Level 4: 9-10 marks	increased market sh e.g. quality alone m enough to increase share, <i>Samsung</i> ope dynamic market and equal attention to te change and innovat increase market sha e.g. there are many	ay not be market erates in a d must pay echnological ion if it is to are
		More evaluation will be present and in context on both sides	considerations which market share, such taste, competition fi electronic products affects whether a co purchase a Samsun over a rival electron	h affect as price, rom other which onsumer will g product

High Level 4: 11-12 marks Evaluation is developed to show a candidate's real perceptiveness. Several strands may be developed: the answer is clear, coherent and articulate, leading to a convincing	e.g. it is expensive in terms of implementation as the large number of employees and suppliers will need training as to how to maintain the same quality which may be reflected in higher prices of smartphones and therefore lower sales
conclusion. N.B. if there is evaluation but no context at all, then limit to Level 3.	e.g. the quality management techniques did not work as <i>Samsung</i> had to recall Galaxy 7 handset despite using these quality systems

Question Number	Questi			
11		Evaluate the usefulness of the Boston Matrix to (14 marks)		
		sung when managing its product portfolio.		
Level	Mark	Descriptor	Possible conter	
1	1-2	Knowledge/understanding of what is meant by the Boston Matrix <i>Material presented is often</i> <i>irrelevant and lacks</i> <i>organisation.</i> <i>Frequent punctuation</i> <i>and/or grammar errors are</i> <i>likely to be present and the</i> <i>writing is generally unclear.</i>	and dog	ucts in terms t share and al in terms of , problem child
2	3-4	Application must be present, i.e. the answer must be contextualised and applied to <i>Samsung</i> <i>Material is presented with</i> <i>some relevance but there</i> <i>are likely to be passages</i> <i>which lack proper</i> <i>organisation. Punctuation</i> <i>and/or grammar errors are</i> <i>likely to be present that</i> <i>affect clarity and coherence.</i>	e.g. Samsung product portfol from mobile ph accessories for mobile phones e.g. The Consu Electronics divi- refrigerators and will have differ shares/growth parts of the wo e.g. wireless sp be classified as and out of date be classed as I e.g. Evidence I Samsung has so in market shar handsets in Q3	lio ranging nones to use with (Evidence D) umer isions sells nd TVs which ent market in different orld peakers could s Star products e phones could Dog products 3 shows that seen a decline e of mobile
3	5-8	Analysis in context must be present, i.e. the candidate must give reasons/causes/costs/conse quences of <i>Samsung</i> using the Boston Matrix NB if analysis is not in context limit to Level 2. <i>Material is presented in a</i> <i>generally relevant and</i> <i>logical way but this may not</i>	e.g. Samsung revenue from ' such as its bes mobile handse development o product such a wireless speak balanced portfo ranges e.g. Boston Ma tool to help Sa product mix ar	could use the cash cows' t-selling ts to help the of a new s the new ers to ensure a olio across its atrix is a useful <i>msung</i> plan its ad ensure that
		be sustained throughout. Some punctuation and/or grammar errors may be	it is constantly product portfol changes in der	lio against

	T		
		found which cause some	consumer concern for the
		passages to lack clarity or	environment and
		coherence.	sustainability
			e.g. allows Samsung to see
			which of its electronics
			products are growing and
			which products need to be
			divested if market share and
			growth is declining in order
			to maximise profits
4	9-14	Low Level 4: 9-10 marks.	e.g. with such a wide range
	, , ,	Evaluation must be present	of electronic products it
		and in context on one side	becomes impractical to
		only, e.g. showing possible	conduct meaningful analysis
		usefulness and problems of	using a simple model such as
		the Boston Matrix	the Boston Matrix for every
			product
		Mid Level 4: 11-12 marks	
		Evaluation must be present	e.g. the Boston Matrix model
		and in context on both	has its limitations for
		sides, to show the	Samsung because the
		usefulness and problems of	technology market changes
		the Boston Matrix	quickly and the model does
			not always reflect this as it is
		High Level 4: 13-14 marks	only a snapshot of the
		Evaluation is developed to	current position
		show a candidate's real	
		perceptiveness. Several	e.g. the Boston Matrix has
		strands may be developed:	little or no predictive value
		the answer is clear,	and does not take account of
		coherent and articulate,	external factors which may
		leading to a convincing	affect Samsung such as an
		conclusion.	economic downturn which
			may impact on the types of
		N.B. if there is evaluation	luxury products it sells
		but no context at all, then	
		limit to Level 3.	e.g. the Boston Matrix takes
			no account of the actions of
		Material is presented in a	competitors which may
		relevant and logical way.	impact upon sales and
		Some punctuation and/or	growth of <i>Samsung</i> products
		grammar errors may be	within the Boston Matrix
		found but the writing has	itself
		overall clarity and	
		coherence.	e.g. nevertheless, it may be
			a useful guide when used
			alongside other management
			tools

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