

# Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2018

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level in Business Studies (WBS03) Paper 01 Strategic Business Decisions

#### **Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications**

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications are awarded by Pearson, the UK's largest awarding body. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information visit our qualifications websites at www.edexcel.com or www.btec.co.uk. Alternatively, you can touch with us usina the details contact aet in on our us page at www.edexcel.com/contactus.

#### Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Pearson aspires to be the world's leading learning company. Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: <a href="http://www.pearson.com/uk">www.pearson.com/uk</a>

Summer 2018 Publications Code WBS03\_01\_1806\_MS All the material in this publication is copyright © Pearson Education Ltd 2018

#### **General Marking Guidance**

• All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.

• Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.

• Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.

• There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.

• All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.

• Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.

• When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.

• Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

### Section A

Question Number	Question	
1 (a)	What is meant by the term organic growth? (Evidence D, line 14)	2 marks
	Answer	Mark
	<ul> <li>Knowledge - up to 2 marks:</li> <li>Expansion from within the business itself (1) based on its own resources/rather than expanding through takeover or merger (1)</li> <li>1 mark for partial or vague definition but a valid example lifts to 2 marks.</li> <li>Any other suitable alternative.</li> </ul>	1-2

Question Number	Question	
1 (b)	What is meant by the term strategy? (Evidence D, line 15)	2 marks
	Answer	Mark
	<ul> <li>Knowledge - up to 2 marks:</li> <li>An action or decision that is designed to have a long term effect (1) which supports the aims and the objectives of the business/as part of business planning (1)</li> <li>1 mark for partial or vague definition but a valid example lifts to 2 marks.</li> <li>Any other suitable alternative.</li> </ul>	1-2

Question Number	Question	
2	'Ambition for 2020' outlines a number of strategies for <i>Henkel</i> . (Evidence D)	6 marks
	Explain how contingency planning could be used by <i>Henkel</i> to reduce the risks of following these strategies.	
	Answer	Mark
	(Knowledge 2, Application 2, Analysis 2)	
	<b>Knowledge/understanding:</b> up to 2 marks for knowledge/understanding of how contingency planning could reduce risks,	1-2
	e.g. By backing up IT data <b>(1)</b> by having alternative plans for growing the business <b>(1)</b>	
	<b>Application:</b> up to 2 marks are available for contextualised answers based on risks associated with the use of digital technology,	1-2
	e.g. the use of digital technology could carry risks associated with employees not being able to keep up with developments in digital technology/IT (1) or risks associated with the security of information (1)	
	<b>Analysis:</b> up to 2 marks are available for developing reasons/causes/consequence of using contingency planning to risk to the business,	1-2
	e.g. business will be prepared for risks before they occur (1) and should be able to continue without too much loss of time/productivity (1)	

Question Number	Question	
3	Evidence B, D and E outline <i>Henkel's</i> future plans.	8 marks
	Analyse how <i>Henkel</i> might have used SWOT analysis when drawing up its future plans.	
	Answer	Mark
	(Knowledge 2, Application 2, Analysis 4)	
	<b>Knowledge/understanding:</b> up to 2 marks are available for showing understanding of how SWOT might be used,	1-2
	e.g. To identify <i>Henkel's</i> Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Threats <b>(1)</b> to help <i>Henkel</i> make upcoming business decisions <b>(1)</b>	
	<b>Application:</b> up to 2 marks are available for identifying examples of <i>Henkel</i> 's Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Threats,	1-2
	e.g. <i>Henkel</i> 's existing global operation (strength) <b>(1)</b> increased use of digital technology/IT (opportunity) <b>(1)</b>	
	<b>Analysis:</b> up to 4 marks are available for showing how <i>Henkel</i> might have used SWOT analysis,	1-4
	e.g. by identifying its strengths <i>Henkel</i> will know which areas to further develop (1) areas of weakness will need to be addressed and improved (1) potential opportunities can be explored and developed (1) possible threats can be identified and planned for (1)	

Question Number	Question			
4	Evidence E gives information about the corporate culture that 10 mar <i>Henkel</i> wants to establish.			10 marks
	Assess tl employe	he likely impact of this corporate cultures.	re on <i>Henkel'</i> s	
Level	Mark	Descriptor	Possible content	
1	1-2	Knowledge/understanding of basic terms. <i>Material presented is often</i> <i>irrelevant and lacks organisation.</i> <i>Frequent punctuation and/or</i> <i>grammar errors are likely to be</i> <i>present and the writing is generally</i> <i>unclear.</i>	e.g. corporate cul set of important a that are shared b working in a parti business and influ ways in which dea taken. e.g. corporate cul way of running a that affects the at decision making a management styl employees.	assumptions y people cular uence the cisions are ture is a business ttitudes, and
2	3-4	Application: basic points developed to show how the corporate culture of <i>Henkel</i> is likely to impact on the employees.	e.g. empowering employees e.g. fostering an entrepreneurial s amongst employe	pirit
		Material is presented in simple, logical, easy to follow way but there are likely to be passages that lack proper organisation. Punctuation and/or grammar errors are likely to be present which affect clarity and coherence.	e.g. promoting op change e.g. enlarging em decision making p e.g. providing stra feedback on ideas	ployees' powers ong
3	5-7	Analysis in context must be present, i.e. the candidate must give reasons/causes/costs /consequences of the impact of the corporate culture on the employees <b>N.B. if analysis is not in context,</b> <b>Iimit to Level 2.</b> <i>Material is presented in a generally</i> <i>relevant and logical way but this</i> <i>may not be sustained throughout.</i> <i>Some punctuation and/or grammar</i> <i>errors may be found which cause</i> <i>some passages to lack clarity or</i> <i>coherence.</i>	<ul> <li>e.g. employees at be more positive business/the empleters e.g. increased employees and business/the empleters</li> <li>e.g. increased employees may business and businitiatives may interpreters</li> <li>e.g. if the corporation of the</li></ul>	towards the ployer oducing siness crease their b ate culture y increase ind re rewarded s and better

4	8-10	Evaluation must be present and in context, i.e. a candidate balances the weaknesses of the corporate culture at <i>Henkel</i> , as outlined in Evidence E <b>N.B. if there is evaluation but no context at all, limit to Level 3.</b> <i>Material is presented in a relevant and logical way. Some punctuation and/or grammar errors may be found but the writing has overall clarity and coherence.</i>	<ul> <li>e.g. not all employees will want extra responsibility and may seek other employment</li> <li>e.g. employees may resist these changes and be reluctant to take part</li> <li>e.g. employees may become distracted by changes in the culture, become less productive and therefore could earn less</li> <li>e.g. it is all positive stuff when the business is doing well, but economic change could cause the initiative to be dropped and employees feel cheated/let down</li> </ul>

Question Number	Questic	n	
5		the extent to which stakeholder groups in share common aims.	12 marks
Level	Mark	Descriptor	Possible content
1	1-2	Knowledge/understanding of stakeholder or common aims. <i>Material presented is often irrelevant and</i> <i>lacks organisation. Frequent punctuation</i> <i>and/or grammar errors are likely to be</i> <i>present and the writing is generally unclear.</i>	e.g. stakeholder groups have a direct interest in the operation or performance of a business e.g. a common aim is a shared vision held by different stakeholder groups
2	3-4	Application must be present, i.e. stakeholders must be identified Material is presented in simple, logical, easy to follow way but there are likely to be passages that lack proper organisation. Punctuation and/or grammar errors are likely to be present which affect clarity and coherence.	<ul> <li>e.g. one of the stakeholder groups is 50,000 employees who work for <i>Henkel</i> globally</li> <li>e.g. shareholders are expecting an increase in earnings per share from 7% to 9%</li> <li>e.g. customers will benefit from increased customer focus</li> </ul>

3	5-7	Analysis in context must be present, i.e. the candidate must give reasons/causes/costs /consequences which show the extent to which all stakeholder groups in <i>Henkel</i> can share common aims	e.g. all stakeholders want to see the business grow and succeed as they should benefit from a successful <i>Henkel</i>
		N.B. if analysis is not in context, limit to Level 2. Material is presented in a generally relevant and logical way but this may not be sustained throughout. Some punctuation and/or grammar errors may be found which	e.g. all stakeholders likely to support the 2020+ initiative as it promises to expand and develop the business and make it more profitable, which will in turn, benefit them
		cause some passages to lack clarity or coherence.	e.g. communities and employees share a common purpose as they want more money from the business to help them economically
			e.g. customers and consumers share a common purpose as they both want <i>Henkel</i> products to remain available for them to buy and sell/use
4	8-12	Evaluation must be present, giving the downside, exploring the problems associated with stakeholders sharing common aims <b>Low Level 4:</b> 8-10 marks. Evaluation must be present i.e. a candidate balances their answer by identifying the problems associated with stakeholders sharing common aims <b>High Level 4:</b> 11-12 marks. Evaluation is developed to show a real perceptiveness on the part of the candidate. Several strands may be developed; the answer is clear and articulate, leading to a convincing conclusion. <b>N.B. if there is evaluation but no context at all, limit to Level 3.</b>	e.g. shareholders will want the business to be more profitable, so that they maximise the return on their investments, which can be achieved by keeping prices high, in contrast to consumers who would like to see prices kept low so that they can afford to buy products e.g. employees will want maximum wages, which will reduce profitability, which will affect shareholder returns adversely e.g. customers will want a parrow range of products
		Material is presented in a relevant and logical way. Some punctuation and/or grammar errors may be found but the writing has overall clarity and coherence.	narrow range of products that sell well and return good margins, consumers will want a wide range of products to choose from e.g. the state will want to
			e.g. the state will want to maximise tax returns from <i>Henkel</i> , supporting the

	further expansion of its business, which could clash with local communities who may want to see a reduction in the expansion of <i>Henkel</i> as it has an effect on the environment
--	---

## Section B: Essay questions

Question Number	Questio	n		
6	selected perform Using a	ace H shows the financial performance of the three ad business divisions and <i>Henkel</i> 's overall mance, 2011 to 2015. Appropriate calculations, evaluate the likely ations for <i>Henkel</i> of these results.		20 marks
Level	Mark	Descriptor	Possible conte	nt
1	1-2	Knowledge/understanding of how financial performance can be gauged from financial statements <i>Material presented is often</i> <i>irrelevant and lacks organisation.</i> <i>Frequent punctuation and/or</i> <i>grammar errors are likely to be</i> <i>present and the writing is generally</i> <i>unclear.</i>	e.g. the finan- shows the per business over of revenue an e.g. statemen revenue (Evid used to show generated by over time e.g. profitabili calculated by	cial statement formance of the time, in terms d profit t of sales lence H) can be the income the business
2	3-6	<ul> <li>Application must be present, i.e. candidate must calculate change in revenue and operating profit from 2011 to 2015, for <i>Henkel</i> as well as for each of its individual business divisions.</li> <li><b>Low Level 2:</b> 3-4 marks Candidate accurately calculates figures for <i>Henkel</i> and one business division</li> <li><b>High Level 2:</b> 5-6 marks Candidate accurately calculates figures for <i>Henkel</i> and two or more business divisions.</li> <li><b>Material</b> is presented with some relevance but there are likely to be calculations that lack proper organisation. Punctuation and/or grammar errors are likely to be present which affect clarity and coherence.</li> </ul>	Laundry & H 2015 Sales revenue Operating Pro Profitability 9. Beauty Care Sales revenue Operating Pro Profitability 1. Adhesive Ter Sales revenue Operating Pro	<pre>e +15.9% fit +49.8% 1.3% to 14.6%</pre>

3	7 -12	Analysis in context must be present, i.e. the candidate must analyse the implications of the figures giving reasons/causes/costs/consequences of the financial performance of <i>Henkel</i> 's three business divisions from 2011 to 2015 compared to the performance of the business overall <b>Low Level 3:</b> 7–9 marks. Analysis limited: only 1or 2 reasons/causes/costs or consequences are outlined. <b>High Level 3:</b> 10–12 marks. Analysis is more developed: 2 or more reasons/causes/costs and/or consequences are outlined and developed. <b>N.B. if analysis is not in context,</b> <b>Imit to Level 2.</b> <i>Material is presented in a generally</i> <i>relevant and logical way but this</i> <i>may not be sustained throughout.</i> <i>Some punctuation and/or grammar</i> <i>errors may be found which cause</i> <i>some passages to lack clarity or</i> <i>coherence.</i>	Laundry & Home Care e.g. in terms of sales revenue the division has performed ahead of the overall business e.g. in terms of operating profit the division has nearly doubled its operating profit from 2011 to 2015, compared with Henkel, which has only increased by +49.8% e.g. Henkel should therefore consider further development and further investment Beauty Care e.g. the sales revenue for the division has not kept up with the business overall, increasing by 12.8% compared with 15.9% e.g. the operating profit for the division has lagged behind the overall business, growing just 19.1% compared to 49.8% e.g. Henkel must decide whether to sell or invest Adhesive Technologies e.g. the sales revenue of the division at 16.1% has just about kept pace with the overall business e.g. operating profit for the division is lower than the % for the overall business, at 45.9% against 49.8%
Λ	12,20	Evaluation of the implications must	o a with just sales revenue
4	13-20	Evaluation of the implications must be present and in context as a result	e.g. with just sales revenue and operating profits figures

4	13-20	Evaluation of the implications must	e.g. with just sales revenue
		be present and in context as a result	and operating profits figures
		of comparing the financial	there is not sufficient data to
		performance of <i>Henkel</i> 's three	draw any conclusions or
		business divisions from 2011 to 2015	suggest reasons why each
		against the performance of the	business division has
		business overall	performed at a different rate

Low Level 4: 13-14 marks	e.g. the data only exists for 2011 and 2015 and it is
Some basic evaluative points are	
made, about the comparisons.	therefore impossible to analyse whether these
Mid-Level 4: 15-17	changes have been
Candidate gives a range of	consistent or changeable
	between 2012 and 2014
arguments in their comparison. A conclusion/ judgement may be	Detween 2012 and 2014
attempted.	e.g. there is no information
	on external influences that
High Level 4: 18-20	could have impacted on one
Candidate gives a wide range of	division but not the others
arguments discussing their	
conclusion.	e.g. Henkel would have to
	look at consumer trends in
Several strands may be developed;	each division before
the answer is clear and articulate	finalising its decisions
leading to a convincing conclusion.	
	e.g. comparing its divisions
N.B. if there is evaluation but no	against competitors in that
context at all, limit to Level 3.	market before making final
	decisions on its strategy
Material is presented in a relevant	
and logical way. Some punctuation	e.g. <i>Henkel</i> must decide
and/or grammar errors may be	whether these are short-
found but the writing has overall	term variations or part of a
clarity and coherence.	long-term trend

Question Number	Question			
<b>7</b>	Assess t takeover	20 marks		
Level	Mark	Descriptor	Possible content	
1	1-2	Knowledge/understanding of takeovers <i>Material presented is often</i> <i>irrelevant and lacks organisation.</i> <i>Frequent punctuation and/or</i> <i>grammar errors are likely to be</i> <i>present and the writing is generally</i> <i>unclear.</i>	e.g. takeover is a for company grow on a business tak ownership of ano business through takeover of more of the share capit e.g. a takeover is example of inorga e.g to take comp of the operations management of a	wth based ting ther the than 50% tal anic growth lete control and
2	3-6	<ul> <li>Application must be present, i.e. candidate must give a contextualised answer relating <i>Henkel's</i> strategy of takeovers.</li> <li>Low Level 2: 3–4 marks. Candidate identifies 1 or 2 examples of takeovers.</li> <li>High Level 2: 5–6 marks. Candidate identifies and makes detailed references to more than 2 examples of takeovers.</li> <li>Material is presented with some relevance but there are likely to be passages that lack proper organisation. Punctuation and/or grammar errors are likely to be present which affect clarity and coherence.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>e.g. all takeovers in evidence fit existing business divisions/product range</li> <li>e.g. three out of five takeovers in 2016 for the Laundry &amp; Home Care division</li> <li>e.g. takeovers in 2016 aimed at building on/strengthening existing business divisions, nothing from outside existing business areas</li> <li>e.g. <i>Henkel</i> states that it wants to promote growth in emerging markets such as Colombia, Iran and Nigeria. Russia is one of the BRIC emerging markets</li> <li>e.g. <i>Henkel</i> is supporting its takeovers by increasing its capital expenditure from €2bn 2013-2016, to €3bn 2017-2020</li> </ul>	
3	7-12	Analysis in context must be present, i.e. the candidate must give reasons/ causes/ costs/ consequences of the benefits of a strategy of takeovers <b>Low Level 3:</b> 7-9 marks. Candidate will attempt a very basic analysis, making general points	e.g. takeovers ma growth can be ma along strategic lin on 'strategic fit, a and financial attra e.g. by aiming fo businesses <i>Henke</i> reinforce its prod	anaged nes based availability, activeness' r specific e/ can

		about the benefits of takeovers	portfolio.
		<b>High Level 3:</b> 10-12 marks. Candidate makes a more detailed analysis, making specific points about the benefits of takeovers	e.g. in the fast moving and dynamic global market takeovers are a rapid and effective means of growth
		N.B. if analysis is not in context, limit to Level 2.	e.g. takeovers reduce competition
		Material is presented in a generally relevant and logical way but this may not be sustained throughout.	e.g. takeovers are means of acquiring brand names and patents
		Some punctuation and/or grammar errors may be found which cause some passages to lack clarity or coherence.	e.g. takeovers can increase market share
4	13-20	Evaluation must be present and in context, based on the drawbacks of a strategy of takeovers	e.g. the increase in capital expenditure from €2bn 2013-2016, to €3bn 2017- 2020, increases risk/means
		<b>Low Level 4:</b> 13-14 marks. Some basic evaluative points are made, referring to the drawbacks of a strategy of takeovers	that <i>Henkel</i> has to raise a considerable amount of extra money
		<b>Mid Level 4:</b> 15-17 marks. Candidate gives a range of comments on the drawbacks of a	e.g. there is a risk in takeovers as many fail to yield anticipated benefits
		strategy of takeovers	e.g. there is a risk of a corporate culture clash
		<b>High Level 4:</b> 18-20 marks. Candidate gives a wide range of arguments, to highlight the drawbacks of a strategy of takeovers	e.g. some stakeholders may not approve/be sympathetic to some of the planned takeovers and this could affect investment/sales
		Several strands may be developed; the answer is clear and articulate leading to a convincing conclusion.	e.g. takeover strategy
		N.B. if there is evaluation but no context at all, limit to Level 3.	assumes that the current business and the world economies will continue to expand at a rate that will support <i>Henkel</i> 's plans,
		Material is presented in a relevant and logical way. Some punctuation and/or grammar errors may be found but the writing has overall clarity and coherence.	which may not be the case

Pearson Education Limited. Registered company number 872828 with its registered office at 80 Strand, London, WC2R 0RL, United Kingdom