

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2018

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE in Biology (4BI0) Paper 1BR

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE in Science Double Award (4SC0) Paper 1BR

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded.
 Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
1(a)(i)	(all) organisms / (all) species / community + environment;		1
(ii)	tree, grass, shrub;	Allow any order	1
(iii)	secondary consumer / 2º consumer;		1
(iv)	baboon / leopard;		1
(v)	grass → grasshopper → baboon → leopard;;	Incorrect arrows = 1	2
	grass → mouse → caracal → snake → baboon → (leopard) = 1		
(b)	1. <u>energy</u> lost / not all <u>energy</u> transferred / only 10% <u>energy</u> transferred / eq;		max 4
	2. movement;		
	3. heat loss / respiration;		
	4. (not) eaten / teeth / bones / hair / death / eq;		
	5. (not) digested / egestion / faeces / assimilated / absorbed / eq;		
	6. excretion / urine;	excrete faeces = 1	

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
2 (a)	Blood vessel Organ hepatic artery liver; renal artery kidney(s); pulmonary artery lung(s); hepatic portal vein liver;		4
(b)(i)	 artery needs more mass to break / artery does not break as easily / artery stretches more / artery stronger; artery (walls) thick(er); artery (more) muscle; artery (more) elastic; 	Ignore longer time to break Allow converse	max 3
(ii)	repeat investigation / use more rings / obtain average;	Ignore ref to anomalies / repeat by using different masses / different sized rings = 0	1
(iii)	use smaller masses / use 5g masses / eq;		1

Question number		Ans	wer		Notes	Marks
3 (a)	1. digested / b	reakdown / broke	en down / eq;			max 4
	2. protease / p	pepsin / peptidase	·;		2. pepsin and trypsin = 0	
	3. amino acids	/ (poly)peptides;				
	4. hydrochlorid	c acid / HCI;				
	5. <u>optimum</u> pl	- I;				
(b)	A cell wall;					3
	B cytoplasm	n;				
	C starch / c	arbohydrate;				
(5)(i)						
(c)(i)						3
	Chip	Surface area	Volume	Surface area	Allow one mark for	-
		in cm²	in cm³	to volume ratio	correctly calculated	
	А	(28.0)	(8.00)	(3.50:1)	SA: Vol ratio from any	
	В	(34.0)	(8.00)	(4.25:1)	numbers student provides in first two columns	
	С	24(.0);	8(.00);	3(.00):1;	III III St two columns	
(ii)		low(est) surface oil / fat (on surfac		ol;	1. Allow chip 3 Allow converse for Mps 2 and 3	3

Total 13 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 (a)	 (photosynthesis) more in red / blue light / (photosynthesis) less in green / (photosynthesis) affected by colour of light; (photosynthesis) produces oxygen; 	red and blue light produce more oxygen = 1	max 2
(b)	 respond / sensitive; move / mobile / motile / swim / eq; respire; 	Ignore other characteristics of living organisms	max 2
(c)	1. <u>cell</u> wall;2. <u>cell</u> membrane;3. cytoplasm;		max 2
	4. nucleoid / <u>circular</u> chromosome;5. <u>plasmid</u>;	4. Ignore DNA	
	6. flagella / pili;7. ribosomes;8. slime capsule / slime layer;	7. Ignore RNA	

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
5 (a)	T bladder / urinary bladder;	Reject gall bladder	2
	U sperm <u>duct</u> / spermatic <u>duct</u> / vas deferens;	Ignore sperm tube	
(b)	1. urine;	1. Ignore urea / water	2
	2. semen / seminal fluid;	2. Reject sperm	
(c)	 sperm / male gamete / male sex cell; testosterone; 	1. Ignore semen	3
	secondary sexual characteristics / named secondary sexual characteristic;	3. e.g. body hair / deep voice / muscular development	

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
6(a)	1. oestrogen;	1. Allow estrogen / estradiol	8
	2. ovary / follicle;		
	3. fallopian / oviduct;		
	4. zygote;		
	5. 46 / forty six;		
	6. mitosis;		
	7. X and Y;		
	8. 50% / 0.5 / half / ½ / eq;	8. Ignore 1:1	
(b) (i)			
	Genotypes of parents Possible phenotypes of offspring	Allow phenotypes if written	2
	Bb and bb; one with bars, one with no bars;		
	DD Db (Db) and bb		1
(ii)	BB, Bb, (Bb) and bb;		1
(iii)	75% / 0.75 / three quarters / ¾ / eq;	Ignore 3:1	1
			Tot

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
7 (a)	S scale for <u>yield</u> linear and half the grid;		max 5
	L lines neat and bar tops level;	L for any data / any	
	A axis labelled <u>yield of wheat</u> ;	number of bars	
	P accurate heights of six bars for yield of wheat;		
	K1 axis / indication of (mass of nitrate as) 0, 30 and 60;		
	K2 axis / indication of (seed density as) 200 and 400;		
(b)	1. increase (in yield) up to 30;	increases to 30 and then decreases = 2	3
	2. 30 is the best / highest yield at 30 / eq;		
	3. decrease in yield from 30 (to 60) / lowest yield at 60;		
(c)	1. more seeds reduces yield / less yield at 400 / eq;	Allow converse	max 2
	2. <u>competition</u> ;		
	3. (less) nitrate / mineral ions / fertiliser / light / water / carbon dioxide;	3. Ignore food / nutrients	

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
8(a)	1. keep sizes / ages / sexes apart;	Ignore species / separate by nets alone	max 1
	2. provide sufficient food;		
(b)	 prevent <u>disease</u> / <u>infection</u>; increase fish growth / yield; (antibiotic) resistance (in bacteria); 	Ignore kill bacteria / pathogens	max 3
	4. antibiotic / resistant bacteria into humans;		

(c)	С	plus and minus <u>faeces</u> / range of <u>faeces</u> ;		max 6
	0	same species of fish / same age / same mass / same size / same sex;		
	R	repeat investigation / use more than one tank / use more than one fish (per tank) / same number of fish (per tank);		
	M1	measure mass / weight / length;	M1 Ignore number that survive / size / growth	
	M2	same stated time period greater than one day;	Ç	
	S1	same type of food / same frequency / same mass of food / same diet / same protein / same number of pellets / eq;	S1 / S2 Allow amount	
	S2	same oxygen / same temperature / same light / / same volume of water/tank / same size of tank / eq;	S2 Ignore same quality of water / pH / type of faeces	

Total 10 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
9(a)(i)	1. reduce water loss / reduce transpiration / reduce evaporation;	Allow waterproof	max 1
	2. protection from pathogens / named pathogen;		
(ii)	B palisade (mesophyll / cell(s) / layer);		3
	C spongy (mesophyll / cell(s) / layer);		
	D guard (cell);		
(b) (i)	1. stomata;		max 3
	2. open in light / close in dark;	2. Allow day or night	
	3. carbon dioxide in / oxygen out;		
	4. prevent water loss / transpiration / evaporation;		
(ii)	1. xylem <u>only</u> ;		max 3
	2. transport mineral ions / named mineral ion / minerals / ions / salts / eq;	2. Ignore nutrients	
	3. transport water;		
	4. to <u>leaves</u> / <u>leaf</u> ;		

Total 10 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
10(a)(i)	carbon (cycle);		1
(ii)	X combustion / burning / eq; Y respiration;	Y Ignore decomposition	3
	Z photosynthesis;	Tighter desempesment	
(b)	1. more carbon dioxide;		max 5
	2. (increased) greenhouse effect / global warming;		
	3. ice caps melt / flooding / sea levels rise / affects pH in sea / coral bleaching / desertification / eq;		
	4. <u>habitat</u> destruction;		
	5. migration / redistribution of pests / insects / mosquitoes / eq;	5. Ignore disease	
	6. <u>food chain</u> disruption / extinction / loss of species / species become endangered / affects crop growth;		
	7. climate change / extreme weather / drought / storms / typhoons / hurricanes / rainfall pattern / eq;		

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
11(a) (i)	temperature;		1
(ii)	1. <u>volume</u> / drops of indicator;	Ignore amount / mass	max 2
	2. <u>volume</u> of milk;	Ignore temperature /	
	3. <u>volume</u> of sodium carbonate / pH;	time	
	4. <u>volume</u> of lipase / <u>volume</u> of enzyme;		
(iii)	1. mix lipase/enzyme + milk/lipid/substrate;		max 1
	2. ensure even temperature / distribute heat / eq;		
			max 3
(b)	1. <u>digestion</u> / <u>breakdown</u> of milk / lipid;		
	2. by lipase;		
	3. fatty acids;		
	4. lowers <u>pH</u> ;	4. Ignore neutralise	

(c) (i)	1. line down from lower temperature; 2. line up at higher temperatures; Time to change colour/s Temperature / oc	Only award Mp2 if Mp1 correct	2
(ii)	1. low temperature takes long(er)(time) / as temperature rises takes less time (until optimum) / above optimum takes long(er) (time) / optimum takes least time / highest temperature takes long(er)(time); Three from:	1. Ignore rate / fast / slow	max 4
	 less (kinetic) energy; fewer collisions / less movement / eq; enzyme denatures; bonds break at active site / active site changes shape / eq; substrate can no longer bind / fit / attach / eq; 	Allow converse for Mps 2 and 3	

(d)	1. emulsification;		max 2
	2. increase surface area (to volume ratio) / (large drops to) small drops;	2. Reject molecules	
	3. neutralise acid / optimum pH;		

Total 15 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
12(a) (i)	1. positive;2. phototropism;		2
(ii)	1. light;2. photosynthesis;	1. Allow (sun)light 1. Ignore sun	2
(iii)	method ensures unilateral light / place by window / box with slit / lamp on one side / eq;		1
(b)	(animal response)	(plant response)	max 4
	1. uses nerves / neurones;	1. phloem / cells	
	2. involves eyes / muscles / brain / eq;	2. growth / stem	
	3. electrical / uses impulses / eq;	3. auxin / chemical / hormone / growth regulator	
	4. faster / nerve transmission faster;	4. response is slower	
	5. short duration;	5. long duration	Takal

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