## Pearson

## Mark Scheme (Results)

## January 2018

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level In Chemistry (WCH05) Paper 01
General Principles of Chemistry II Transition Metals and Organic Nitrogen Chemistry

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.


## Section A (multiple choice)

| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | The only correct answer is D | (1) |
|  | A is not correct because the electrode is wrong and $\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}$ ions are <br> $\boldsymbol{B}$ is not correct because the electrode is wrong the solution |  |
| $\boldsymbol{C}$ is not correct because $\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}$ ions are missing from the solution |  |  |$\quad$|  |
| :--- |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | The only correct answer is C <br> $\boldsymbol{A}$ is not correct because the oxidation number of Cr is +3 and Mn <br> is +2 | (1) |
| $\boldsymbol{B}$ is not correct because the oxidation number of Cr is +6 and Ti |  |  |
| is +3 |  |  |
| $\boldsymbol{D}$ is not correct because the oxidation number of Cr is +6 and <br> Mn is +7 |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | The only correct answer is A <br> $\boldsymbol{B}$ is not correct because the oxidation number should be $+3-2=$ <br> +1 | (1) |
| $\boldsymbol{C}$ is not correct because the oxidation number should be $+3-2=$ <br> +1 <br> $\boldsymbol{D}$ is not correct because the oxidation number should be $+3-2=$ <br> +1 |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{4 ( a )}$ | The only correct answer is A | (1) |
|  | $\boldsymbol{B}$ is not correct because the complex is linear |  |
| $\boldsymbol{C}$ is not correct because the complex is square planar |  |  |
| $\boldsymbol{D}$ is not correct because the complex is octahedral |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{4 ( \mathbf { b } )}$ | The only correct answer is B | (1) |
|  | $\boldsymbol{A}$ is not correct because the oxidation number of the metal is +3 |  |
|  | $\boldsymbol{C}$ is not correct because the oxidation number of the metal is +2 |  |
|  | $\boldsymbol{D}$ is not correct because the oxidation number of the metal is +4 |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 ( a )}$ | The only correct answer is C | (1) |
|  | $\boldsymbol{A}$ is not correct because it is not $-4 / 2$ |  |
|  | $\boldsymbol{B}$ is not correct because it is not $-4 / 2$ |  |
|  | $\boldsymbol{D}$ is not correct because it is not $-4 / 2$ |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{5 ( b )}$ | The only correct answer is C | (1) |
|  | $\boldsymbol{A}$ is not correct because incorrect number of $Z$ ligands <br> B is not correct because incorrect number of $Z$ ligands and <br> incorrect charge <br> $\boldsymbol{D}$ is not correct because incorrect charge |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{6 ( a )}$ | The only correct answer is A <br> $\boldsymbol{B}$ is not correct because although copper(I) oxide is reddish brown, <br> it is an incorrect product | (1) |
|  | $\boldsymbol{C}$ is not correct because copper(II) oxide is black not brownand it <br> is an incorrect product |  |
| $\boldsymbol{D}$ is not correct because zinc sulfate is white not brown |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{6 ( b )}$ | The only correct answer is B | (1) |
|  | $\boldsymbol{A}$ is not correct because it is not a white solid |  |
| $\boldsymbol{C}$ is not correct because it is not a white solid |  |  |
| $\boldsymbol{D}$ is not correct because it is soluble |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | The only correct answer is B | (1) |
|  | A is not correct because it is not an addition reaction <br> C is not correct because not it is not a nucleophilic or addition <br> reaction <br> $\boldsymbol{D}$ is not correct because it is not a nucleophilic reaction |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{8 ( a )}$ | The only correct answer is D | (1) |
|  | $\boldsymbol{A}$ is not correct because this is the wrong product |  |
| $\boldsymbol{B}$ is not correct because this is the wrong product |  |  |
| $\boldsymbol{C}$ is not correct because this is the wrong product |  |  |$\quad$.


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{8 ( b )}$ | The only correct answer is C | (1) |
|  | $\boldsymbol{A}$ is not correct because it is electrophilic not nucleophilic <br> $\boldsymbol{B}$ is not correct because electromeric effect outweighs inductive <br> effect <br> $\boldsymbol{D}$ is not correct because it is a nucleophile not an electrophile |  |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|c|}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Question } \\ \text { Number }\end{array} & \text { Correct Answer } & \text { Mark } \\ \hline \mathbf{9 ( a )} & \text { The only correct answer is A } & \text { (1) } \\ & \boldsymbol{B} \text { is not correct because the locants are incorrect } & \\ & \boldsymbol{C} \text { is not correct because there are no locants for the amine groups } \\ & \boldsymbol{D} \text { is not correct because there are no locants for the amine groups }\end{array}\right]$

| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{9 ( b )}$ | The only correct answer is D | (1) |
|  | $\boldsymbol{A}$ is not correct because there is no carbonyl group |  |
|  | $\boldsymbol{B}$ is not correct because there is no carbonyl group |  |
| $\boldsymbol{C}$ is not correct because the amide groups are incorrect |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 0 ( a )}$ | The only correct answer is C | (1) |
|  | $\boldsymbol{A}$ is not correct because it is not an acid |  |
| $\boldsymbol{B}$ is not correct because it is not an acid |  |  |
| $\boldsymbol{D}$ is not correct because it is optically active |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 0 ( b )}$ | The only correct answer is A | (1) |
|  | $\boldsymbol{B}$ is not correct because $Q$ forms phenol |  |
|  | $\boldsymbol{C}$ is not correct because $R$ does not form sodium benzoate |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 1 ( a )}$ | The only correct answer is B <br> $\boldsymbol{A}$ is not correct because it is a primary alcohol and should be a <br> secondary alcohol | (1) |
| $\boldsymbol{l}$ is not correct because it is a primary alcohol and should be a |  |  |
| secondary alcohol |  |  |
| D is not correct because it is a tertiary alcohol and should be a <br> secondary alcohol |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 1 ( b )}$ | The only correct answer is B | (1) |
|  | $\boldsymbol{A}$ is not correct because there would be no loss of carbon atom |  |
|  | $\boldsymbol{C}$ is not correct because there would be no loss of carbon atom |  |
| $\boldsymbol{D}$ is not correct because there would be no loss of carbon atom |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 1 ( c )}$ | The only correct answer is D <br> $\boldsymbol{A}$ is not correct because this does not react with propanoic acid to <br> give propanoyl chloride | (1) |
| B is not correct because this does not react with propanoic acid to <br> give propanoyl chloride | C is not correct because this does not react with propanoic acid to <br> give propanoyl chloride |  |


| Question <br> Number | Correct Answer | Mark |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 1 ( d )}$ | The only correct answer is B | (1) |
|  | $\boldsymbol{A}$ is not correct because it is not branched |  |
|  | $\boldsymbol{C}$ is not correct because it is not an amine |  |
| $\boldsymbol{D}$ is not correct because it is not an amine |  |  |

## Section B

| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12(a)(i) | $\begin{align*} & \left(\mathrm{Al}^{3+} 1 \mathrm{~s}^{2}\right) 2 s^{2} 2 \mathrm{p}^{6}  \tag{1}\\ & \left(\mathrm{Fe}^{3+} 1 \mathrm{~s}^{2}\right) 2 s^{2} 2 \mathrm{p}^{6} 3 \mathrm{~s}^{2} 3 \mathrm{p}^{6} 3 \mathrm{~d}^{5} \tag{1} \end{align*}$ <br> ALLOW $2 p_{x}^{2} 2 p_{y}^{2} 2 p_{z}^{2} / 3 p_{x}{ }^{2} 3 p_{y}{ }^{2} 3 p_{z}{ }^{2}$ <br> ALLOW $4 s^{0}$ included in $\mathrm{Fe}^{3+} /$ any other orbitals with 0 electrons <br> IGNORE <br> $1 \mathrm{~s}^{2}$ written again |  | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 2 ( a ) ( i i )}$ | The increase in ionisation energy is <br> balanced by an increase in <br> hydration/lattice enthalpy | Just 'iron is a <br> transition element' | (1) |
|  | ALLOW <br> There is (only) a gradual/ small increase <br> in (successive) ionisation energies for iron <br> OR <br> Iron has (several removable) d electrons <br> of similar energies <br> OR <br> The 4s / 3d electrons / orbitals have <br> similar energies (for iron) <br> OR <br> The energy difference / gap between 4s <br> and 3d is small (for iron) <br> OR <br> The ionisation energies are similar (for <br> iron) | IGNORE <br> References to stability of half-full $d-$ <br> subshell / <br> References to 3p electrons |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *12(b) | First mark - splitting <br> (3)d orbitals /(3)d subshell are/is split (in energy by the ligands) <br> ALLOW <br> "d orbital splitting" <br> IGNORE <br> Just 'there is an energy difference between the <br> (3) d orbitals' <br> Second mark - absorption <br> Electrons / photons absorb energy <br> ALLOW <br> Electrons absorb (visible) light <br> Frequencies / wavelengths (of visible light) are <br> absorbed <br> Third mark - promotion <br> Electrons are promoted (from lower to higher energy d orbital(s) / levels) <br> OR <br> Electrons move (from lower) to higher energy (d) orbital(s) / levels <br> ALLOW <br> d-d transitions occur / <br> Electrons are excited to higher energy (d) orbital(s) / levels <br> Fourth mark - colour <br> Reflected / transmitted / remaining light is coloured / is in the visible region <br> ALLOW <br> Complementary colour seen (The frequency of) reflected / transmitted / remaining light is seen <br> IGNORE <br> Reference to electrons relaxing / dropping to the ground state / any reference to aluminium | d orbital 'singular' is split <br> d shell is split <br> Penalise omission of (3)d only in First mark | (4) |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12(c)(i) | 3D octahedral shape <br> Recognisable 3D octahedral shape <br> ALLOW <br> Wedges/dots instead of dashed lines going into the page or other recognisable representations <br> Note <br> The word 'octahedral' does not rescue a poor diagram <br> Oxygen atoms <br> 6 oxygen atoms joined to Fe (with or without lone pairs) <br> ALLOW <br> $\mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{H}$ <br> Oxygens to Fe joined by single bonds / arrows for <br> this mark <br> IGNORE <br> Omission of brackets and charge <br> Incorrect charge <br> Name of shape, even if incorrect | Negative charge on O | (2) |



| Question | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12(d) | First mark - electron deficient <br> (The aluminium atom in) $\mathrm{AlCl}_{3}$ has an empty ( $p$ ) orbital (in the outer shell) / is electron deficient / has 6 electrons (in the outer shell) <br> ALLOW <br> 6 electrons shown around AI on a diagram <br> IGNORE <br> Just ' $\mathrm{AlCl}_{3}$ has an incomplete ( p ) subhell' <br> Second mark - bond <br> It can accept a pair of / two electrons (from chlorine) <br> OR <br> Chlorine donates a pair of / 2 electrons (to $\mathrm{AlCl}_{3}$ ) OR <br> It form a dative (covalent) bond (with chlorine) <br> ALLOW <br> Mention of chloride ion <br> IGNORE diagram | Reference to 3d / 3s orbitals <br> Reference to aluminium ion <br> Reference to 'an electron' <br> Chlorine molecule $/ \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | (2) |
| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| 12(e)(i) | Ligand exchange (reaction) <br> OR <br> Ligand substitution (reaction) <br> OR <br> Ligand replacement (reaction) <br> Both words needed for the mark | Ligand change <br> Ligand <br> reaction <br> Oxidation <br> Reduction <br> Redox | (1) |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12(e)(ii) | Dot-and-cross diagram <br> ALLOW <br> Any symbols for electrons <br> Bonds shown with 2 electrons on each e.g. $\underline{x}$ <br> IGNORE <br> Missing brackets and charge <br> Structure and charge <br> ${ }^{-} \mathrm{S}-\mathrm{C} \equiv \mathrm{N}$ <br> OR $\mathrm{S}=\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{N}^{-}$ <br> Bonds correct <br> and <br> negative charge shown or stated on correct atom <br> ALLOW <br> This mark if bonds also shown in dot-and-cross diagram and negative charge on correct atom |  | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 2 ( e ) ( i i i ) ~}$ | Dative covalent bond / bond from lone pair (of <br> electrons) on sulfur/S <br> and <br> from nitrogen/N (to an empty orbital in $\mathrm{Fe}^{3+}$ ) | (1) |  |
| IGNORE <br> Ionic bond |  |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12(f) | Ionic equation with hydrochloric acid $\mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}+3 \mathrm{H}^{+} \rightarrow \mathrm{Al}^{3+}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ <br> ALLOW $\begin{align*} & \mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{3}+3 \mathrm{H}^{+} \rightarrow \mathrm{Al}^{3+}+6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \\ & \mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{3}+3 \mathrm{H}^{+} \rightarrow\left[\mathrm{Al}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{+} \\ & \mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}+3 \mathrm{H}^{+}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow\left[\mathrm{Al}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{3+} \tag{1} \end{align*}$ <br> IGNORE $\mathrm{H}^{+}+\mathrm{OH}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ <br> Ionic equation with sodium hydroxide $\mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}+\mathrm{OH}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{AlO}_{2}^{-}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ <br> OR $\mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}+\mathrm{OH}^{-} \rightarrow\left[\mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{4}\right]^{-}$ <br> ALLOW $\begin{align*} & \mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{3}+\mathrm{OH}^{-} \rightarrow\left[\mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{4}\right]^{-}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \\ & \mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{3}+\mathrm{OH}^{-} \rightarrow\left[\mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{4}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{2}\right]^{-}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \\ & \mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}+2 \mathrm{OH}^{-} \rightarrow\left[\mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{5}\right]^{--} \\ & \mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{3}+2 \mathrm{OH}^{-} \rightarrow\left[\mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{5}\right]^{2-}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \\ & \mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}+3 \mathrm{HO}^{-} \rightarrow\left[\mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{6}\right]^{3-} \\ & \mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{3}+3 \mathrm{OH}^{-} \rightarrow\left[\mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{6}\right]^{3-}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \tag{1} \end{align*}$ <br> If no other mark awarded, ALLOW 1 mark for two non-ionic / partially ionic equations e.g. <br> $\mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}+3 \mathrm{HCl} \rightarrow \mathrm{AlCl}_{3}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ <br> and <br> $\mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}+\mathrm{NaOH} \rightarrow \mathrm{NaAl}(\mathrm{OH})_{4}$ <br> IGNORE <br> State symbols, even if incorrect / missing square brackets |  | (2) |

(Total for Question 12 = 19 marks)

| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13(a)(i)* | The methods below illustrate the allocation of marks. However, the marks may be scored by any correct method <br> Correct molecular formulae with some working involving $\mathrm{C} / \mathrm{CO}_{2}$, $\mathrm{H} / \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ and either O or use of 90 and subtraction of $A_{\mathrm{r}}$ of C and H / COOH scores full marks <br> Correct molecular formula with no working scores (1) <br> Method 1 <br> $\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{CO}_{2}=3.30 / 44=0.075(=\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{C})$ <br> mol $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=1.35 / 18=0.075$ <br> and <br> mol $\mathrm{H}=2 \times \mathrm{mol} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{O}=0.150$ or ratio $\mathrm{C}: \mathrm{H}=1: 2$ <br> mass $0=2.25-((12 \times 0.075)+(1 \times 0.150))=1.2(\mathrm{~g})$ <br> $\mathrm{mol} 0=1.2 / 16=0.075$ <br> Method 2 <br> mass $C=3.30 \times 12 / 44=0.90(\mathrm{~g})$ and $\mathrm{mol} C=0.90 / 12=0.075$ <br> mass $\mathrm{H}=1.35 \times 2 / 18=0.15(\mathrm{~g})$ and $\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{H}=0.15 / 1=0.15$ <br> mass $0=2.25-(0.90+0.15)=1.2(\mathrm{~g})$ <br> $\mathrm{mol} 0=1.2 / 16=0.075$ <br> Empirical and molecular formulae from Methods 1 and 2 <br> Empirical formula $=\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ <br> Relative empirical formula mass $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ $\begin{equation*} =12+(2 \times 1)+16=30 \tag{1} \end{equation*}$ <br> So, molecular formula is $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ <br> TE on incorrect moles but the ratio must be a whole number <br> Method 3 <br> $\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{T}=2.25 / 90=0.025$ <br> $\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{CO} 2=3.30 / 44=0.075(=\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{C})$ <br> mol ratio $\mathrm{T}: \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{CO}_{2}=1: 3$ <br> mol $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=1.35 / 18=0.075$ <br> and <br> mol $\mathrm{H}=2 \times \mathrm{mol} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=0.150$ or mol ratio $\mathrm{C}: \mathrm{H}=1: 2 / 3: 6$ <br> $90-(36+6)=48$ and $\mathrm{mol} 0=48 / 16=3$ <br> So, molecular formula is $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ |  | (6) |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 13(a)(ii) | Any two of (1 mark for each structure) | Extra bonds <br> once only e.g. <br> $-\mathrm{COOH}^{+}$ | (2) |
| Negative |  |  |  |
| charge or |  |  |  |
| omission of |  |  |  |
| charge once |  |  |  |
| only |  |  |  |$\quad$.


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13(a)(iii) | Structure of compound T: <br> IGNORE <br> Connectivity of the OH group <br> Explanation: <br> Use of peak ratio <br> Use of peak ratio e.g. protons $A$ and $D$ are ratio 1 : 1 (as they are single protons) and protons $B$ and $C$ are ratio $2: 2$ (as there are two protons in each environment) <br> ALLOW <br> Ratio of protons/hydrogens is $1: 2: 2: 1$ <br> Proton environments identified <br> 4 proton environments clearly identified by symbols or words e.g. <br> Note <br> If compound $\mathbf{T}$ is identified as lactic acid, (1) mark awarded for identification of four proton environments only e.g. <br> No TE on any other structure |  | 3 |



| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13(b)(ii) |  <br> OR <br> First mark <br> One correct ester linkage (as circled above) <br> Second mark <br> Conditional on one (or more) ester linkage Rest of structure correct with 2 repeat units and extension bonds <br> ALLOW <br> $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}$ for benzene ring <br> IGNORE <br> Brackets and $n$ / bond lengths and bond angles | Os at both ends or no O at either end loses second mark only | (2) |

(Total for Question 13 = 18 marks)

| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 4 ( a ) ( i )}$ | $\mathrm{V}^{2+}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow \mathrm{VO}_{2^{+}}+4 \mathrm{H}^{+}+3 \mathrm{e}^{(-)}$ <br> ALLOW <br> Multiples <br> Reversible arrow, provided equation written in <br> the direction shown <br> $\mathrm{V}^{2+}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}-3 \mathrm{e}^{(-)} \rightarrow \mathrm{VO}_{2^{+}}+4 \mathrm{H}^{+}$ | (1) |  |
| IGNORE <br> State symbols even if incorrect |  |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14(a)(ii) | First mark - reducing agent <br> Reducing agent: $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}((\mathrm{aq}))$ / iron(II) (ions) <br> This can be shown in an equation <br> Justification: <br> Second mark - V(V) to V(IV) <br> $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+} / \mathrm{Fe}^{3+}$ electrode potential / SEP / $E^{\ominus}$ value is less positive / lower than the $\mathrm{VO}_{2}{ }^{+} / \mathrm{VO}^{2+}$ value / $(+) 0.77<(+) 1.00($ so $\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{V})$ is reduced to $\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{IV})$ ) <br> OR <br> $\mathrm{VO}_{2}{ }^{+} / \mathrm{VO}^{2+}$ electrode potential / SEP / $E^{\ominus}$ value is more positive / greater / higher than the $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+} / \mathrm{Fe}^{3+}$ value / (+) $1.00>(+) 0.77$ (so $\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{V})$ is reduced to $\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{IV})$ ) <br> OR <br> $E^{\ominus}$ cell for the reaction between $\mathrm{VO}_{2}{ }^{+}$and $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$ is positive $/(+) 0.23 \mathrm{~V} />0($ so $\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{V})$ is reduced to V(IV)) <br> ALLOW <br> Any of the above 3 explanations if $\mathrm{SO}_{2}, \mathrm{Zn}, \mathrm{V}^{3+}$ or $\mathrm{V}^{2+}$ chosen as reducing agent e.g. $E^{\circ}$ for $\mathrm{SO}_{2} / \mathrm{SO}_{4}{ }^{2-}$ $=(+) 0.83$ or $E^{\ominus}$ for $\mathrm{Zn} / \mathrm{Zn}^{2+}=(+) 1.76$ or $E^{\ominus}$ for $\mathrm{V}^{3+} /$ $\mathrm{VO}^{2+}=(+) 0.66$ or $E^{\theta}$ for $\mathrm{V}^{2+} / \mathrm{V}^{3+}=(+) 1.26$ (so $\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{V})$ is reduced to $\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{IV})$ ) <br> Third mark - V(IV) to V(III) <br> $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+} / \mathrm{Fe}^{3+}$ electrode potential / SEP / $E^{\ominus}$ value is more positive / greater / higher than the $\mathrm{VO}^{2+} / \mathrm{V}^{3+}$ value / (+)0.77 > (+)0.34 (so V(IV) is not reduced to V (III)) <br> OR <br> $\mathrm{VO}^{2+} / \mathrm{V}^{3+}$ electrode potential / SEP / $E^{\ominus}$ value is less positive / lower than the $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+} / \mathrm{Fe}^{3+}$ value / $(+) 0.34<(+) 0.77$ (so $\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{IV})$ is not reduced to $\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{III})$ ) <br> OR <br> $E^{\circ}$ cell for the reaction between $\mathrm{VO}^{2+}$ and $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$ is negative / $-0.43 \mathrm{~V} /<0$ (so $\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{IV})$ is not reduced to V(III)) | Incorrect value <br> Incorrect value | (3) |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14(a)(iii) | First mark - equation <br> $2 \mathrm{~V}^{3+}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow \mathrm{V}^{2+}+\mathrm{VO}^{2+}+2 \mathrm{H}^{+}$ <br> ALLOW <br> Multiples <br> Reversible arrow, provided reaction is written <br> in the direction shown <br> IGNORE <br> State symbols even if incorrect <br> Cancelled / crossed out electrons <br> Second mark - $E^{\circ}$ cell value <br> $E_{\text {cell }}{ }^{\circ}=-0.26-0.34=-0.6(0)(\mathrm{V})$ <br> NO TE on equation written in reverse <br> Third mark - feasibility <br> $E^{\ominus}$ cell is negative / <0 <br> and <br> so the disproportionation is not feasible / <br> $\mathrm{V}^{2+}$ and $\mathrm{VO}^{2+}$ will react to form $\mathrm{V}^{3+}$ <br> ALLOW this mark even if an incorrect negative value is calculated for $E^{\ominus}$ cell <br> TE on a positive value for $E^{\ominus}{ }_{\text {cell }}$ e.g. $E^{\ominus}$ cell is positive / > and so the disproportionation is feasible | Equation with uncancelled electrons | (3) |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14(b)(i) | Correct answer, with or without working scores both marks <br> First mark - mol $\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{2}}$ <br> Mol S $\mathrm{O}_{3}{ }^{2-}$ used $=24.20 \times 0.100 / 1000$ $=0.00242 / 2.42 \times 10^{-3}$ <br> and $\begin{equation*} \text { Mol } I_{2}=0.00242 / 2=0.00121 / 1.21 \times 10^{-3} \tag{1} \end{equation*}$ <br> Second mark - conc $\mathrm{Br}_{2}$ <br> ( $\mathrm{Mol} \mathrm{Br} r_{2}=\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{I}_{2}=0.00121$ ) <br> Conc $\mathrm{Br}_{2}=0.00121 \times 1000 / 25.0=0.0484(\mathrm{~mol}$ $\mathrm{dm}^{-3}$ ) <br> TE on $\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}{ }^{2-}$ and $\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{I}_{2}$ <br> IGNORE SF except 1SF |  | (2) |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14(b)(ii) | Allow correct expressions if intermediate values not evaluated <br> First mark - original mol $\mathrm{Br}_{2}$ <br> Original $\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{Br}_{2}=100.0 \times 0.0484 / 1000$ $\begin{equation*} =0.00484 / 4.84 \times 10^{-3} \tag{1} \end{equation*}$ <br> TE on conc $\mathrm{Br}_{2}$ in (i) $\begin{array}{\|l} \begin{array}{l} \text { Second mark }- \text { mol I I }_{2} \\ \text { Mol S } \mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}{ }^{2-} \text { used }= \\ \\ \text { 16.80 } \times 0.100 / 1000 \\ \text { and } \\ =0.00168 / 1.68 \times 10^{-3} \\ \mathrm{Mol} \mathrm{I}_{2}=0.00168 / 2=0.00084 / 8.4 \times 10^{-4} \end{array} \end{array}$ <br> Third mark - mol $\mathrm{Br}_{2}$ reacted <br> $\left(\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{Br}_{2}\right.$ in excess $\left.=\mathrm{mol}_{2}=0.00084\right)$ <br> $\mathrm{Mol} \mathrm{Br}_{2}$ reacted with $\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}{ }^{2-}$ $\begin{align*} & =0.00484-0.00084 \\ & =0.00400 / 4.00 \times 10^{-3} \tag{1} \end{align*}$ <br> TE on original mol $\mathrm{Br}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{mol}_{2} / \mathrm{Br}_{2}$ in excess <br> Fourth mark - mol ratio <br> Mole ratio $\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}{ }^{2-}$ : $\mathrm{Br}_{2}$ $\begin{align*} & =0.00100: 0.00400 \\ & =1: 4 \tag{1} \end{align*}$ <br> TE on $\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}{ }^{2-}$ and $\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{Br}_{2}$ reacted <br> Fifth mark - equation - stand alone $\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}^{2-}+4 \mathrm{Br}_{2}+5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{SO}_{4}{ }^{2-}+10 \mathrm{H}^{+}+8 \mathrm{Br}^{-}$ <br> ALLOW <br> $8 \mathrm{HBr}+2 \mathrm{Br}^{-}$on RHS <br> No TE on incorrect mol ratio <br> IGNORE <br> State symbols even if incorrect |  | (5) |

## Section C

| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 5 ( a ) ( i )}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ <br> ALLOW <br> symbols in any order, i.e. <br> $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{12}$, <br> $\mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{C}_{15}, \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{O}_{4}$, <br> $\mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{C}_{15}, \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{12}$ | Numbers written as <br> superscripts e.g. <br> $\mathrm{C}^{15} \mathrm{H}^{12} \mathrm{O}^{4}$ | (1) |
|  | IGNORE <br> Any other formulae as working |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 5 ( a ) ( i i )}$ |  | Any additional <br> carbon atoms <br> indicated | (1) |
|  | ALLOW <br> Any way of identifying the chiral carbon, <br> including a circle, provided that it does not <br> include any other carbon atoms |  |  |


| Question |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15(c)(i) |  <br> OR <br> OR <br> IGNORE <br> Missing $\mathrm{Cl}^{-}$on the structures shown above | + on wrong nitrogen atom <br> Covalent bond to Cl | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 5 ( c ) ( i i )}$ | (alcoholic / ethanolic) ammonia / NH3 <br> ALLOW <br> Aqueous ammonia / $\mathrm{NH}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})$ <br> IGNORE <br> Concentration / heat | (1) |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15(c)(iii) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}^{+} \\ & \mathrm{CH}_{4} \mathrm{O}^{+} \end{aligned}$ | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 15(c)(iv) | Bond between N <br> and Na or between <br> O and Na | (1) |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 5 ( d ) ( \mathbf { i } )}$ | Bond between N and <br> Cl |  |  |
| ALLOW <br> displayed, structural or skeletal formula <br> or any combination of these <br> ALLOW <br> $-\mathrm{NH}_{3} \mathrm{Cl}$ as side group <br> IGNORE <br> Missing Cl- ions |  |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15(d)(ii) |  <br> ALLOW <br> No charges, provided there is no bond between O and Na <br> ALLOW <br> Displayed, structural or skeletal formula or any combination of these e.g. $\mathrm{COONaCH} 2 \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{2}\right) \mathrm{COONa}$ <br> IGNORE <br> Missing $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$ions | ```Partial charges \delta+ / \delta-``` | (1) |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I5(d)(iii) | OR <br> Any one amide/peptide link shown e.g. <br> Do not award this mark if other functional groups are joined directly to the amide <br> Rest of structure correct <br> ALLOW <br> Displayed or structural formula or any combination of these <br> IGNORE <br> Bond angles and bond lengths | (2) |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15(d)(iv) | Methanol <br> OR <br> Any unambiguous formula e.g. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH} /$ <br> If name and formula are given, both must be correct | $\mathrm{CH}_{4} \mathrm{O}$ | (1) |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15(e)(i) | $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$ / lithium tetrahydridoaluminate / lithium aluminium hydride (in dry ether) <br> OR <br> $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}$ / sodium tetrahydridoborate / sodium borohydride (in aqueous / alcohol solution) <br> IGNORE <br> Lithal / heat | $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$ in water / aqueous solution Just ' $[\mathrm{H}] / \mathrm{H}^{-}$‘ | (1) |



| Question <br> Number | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 5 ( e ) ( i i i )}$ | (1) |  |

