

## Mark Scheme (Results)

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Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Subsidiary Level in Biology (WBI01) Paper 01 Lifestyle, Transport, Genes and Health



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## **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(a)	1. movement down a concentration gradient;	<b>MP1</b> Accept description of concentration gradient.	
	<pre>2. that requires a { membrane / channel / carrier }   protein ;</pre>		Type: Expert
	3. does not require ATP / is a passive process / eq;	MP 3 Ignore: 'does not need energy'	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(b)(i)	glycosidic (link);	<b>Ignore</b> any reference to type of glycosidic link e.g. 1-4	Type: Clerical (1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(b)(ii)	hydrolysis ;	Accept: 'catabolic reaction' Do not accept: answer that include both hydrolysis and condensation	Type: Clerical (1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(b)(iii)	1. Idea of branching (polysaccharide);		
	2. that is {rapidly hydrolysed / eq} ;	Ignore easily hydrolysed	
	<ol> <li>allows the storage of large quantities of glucose in a small space (in a cell)/ eq;</li> </ol>	MP3 is about energy density not just stores lots of energy.	
	<ol> <li>low solubility / it does not diffuse out of cells / it has no osmotic effect / eq;</li> </ol>	MP3 Accept 'compact molecule' in the context of storing lots of	
		energy/glucose	Type: Expert
		MP4 Allow 'insoluble'	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)(i)	The only correct answer is A	A endothelial cells	
	<b>B</b> is not correct because because atherosclerosis is not initiated by damage to muscle cells		
	<b>C</b> is not correct because atherosclerosis is not initiated by damage to red blood cells		
	<b>D</b> is not correct because atherosclerosis is not initiated by damage to white blood cells		Type: Computer (1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)(ii)	The only correct answer is A	A arteries	
	<b>B</b> is not correct because atherosclerosis does not occur in the atria		
	C is not correct because atherosclerosis does not occur in the capillaries		
	<b>D</b> is not correct because atherosclerosis does not occur in the ventricles		Type: Computer (1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)(iii)	The only correct answer is A	A less elastic with a narrow lumen	
	<b>B</b> is not correct because in atherosclerosis, the blood vessels lumen narrows		
	<b>C</b> is not correct because in atherosclerosis, the blood vessels become less elastic		
	<b>D</b> is not correct because in atherosclerosis, the blood		Type: Computer
	vessels become less elastic and the lumen narrows		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(b)			
	1. formation of blood clot / thickening of artery wall / eq;		
	2. { blocks / narrows } coronary arteries ;	<b>MP 2 allow '</b> arteries supplying the heart (muscle)'	
	3. reduces blood flow;	the heart (muscle)	Type: Expert
	4. depriving heart muscle of { oxygen / nutrients / eq };		-
			(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(c)(i)	1. there are fewer heart attacks in the group treated with Captopril;	MP 1 ACCEPT converse for propranolol	
	<ol><li>Captopril reduces heart attacks by { x2.6 / 62% } compared to propranolol :</li></ol>	MP 1 ACCEPT Propranolol increases the number of heart attacks compared to Captopril	
	<ol><li>there is {little / no difference / eq} in the percentage of strokes for the different drugs;</li></ol>		Type:
		MP 2 ACCEPT the difference is 6.4%	Expert
			(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(c)(ii)	<ol> <li>unethical not to treat patients with high blood pressure;</li> <li>Idea of comparing the two drugs</li> </ol>	<ul><li>Accept:</li><li>using a placebo puts patients at risk</li></ul>	Type: Graduate
			(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(c)(iii)	<ul><li>Two from:</li><li>1. study population was small;</li><li>2. only carried out in {one country / Finland};</li></ul>	<ul> <li>IGNORE reference to</li> <li>no placebo / control group</li> <li>missing information e.g. gender /drug dose / activity</li> </ul>	
	<ul><li>3. age range is too broad / not all age groups included;</li><li>4. study followed for only six years;</li></ul>	MP3 IGNORE 'age is not controlled' unless qualified	Type: Graduate (2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(a)(i)	The only correct answer is D	D ventricular systole	
	A is not correct because pressure in the aorta does not increases during atrial diastole		
	<b>B</b> is not correct because pressure in the aorta does not increases during atrial systole		
	C is not correct because pressure in the aorta does not increases during ventricular diastole		Type: Computer (1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(a)(ii)	1. 15.6 – 10 ;	Allow 5.6 for mp 1	Type:
	5.6 ÷ 15.6 = 35.9 ( % );	Allow 36 (%)	Graduate
	Correct answer with no working gains full marks	Ignore plus or minus signs	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(a)(iii)	1. heart is in ( ventricular ) diastole ;		
	2. no blood is entering the aorta / eq ;		Type:
	3. blood is leaving the aorta / eq;		Expert
			(2)

Question Number		Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(b)		idea that it keeps oxygenated and deoxygenated blood separate;	MP 1 ignore reference to sides of heart	
		keeps { concentration / diffusion } gradient steep ;		
	3.	idea that this results in sufficient oxygen being carried to the {tissues / cells / eq } ;	<pre>MP 3 Accept results in removal of carbon dioxide from { tissues / cells / eq }</pre>	
	4.	reference to different pressures in each side / need for	MD 4 and was an analysis to the soul	Type:
		different pressures explained ;	MP 4 any references to left and right sides must be correct	Expert
				(3)

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(c)	1. thin walls / (walls) consist of single layer of flattened cells / eq;	MP 1 allow narrow lumen	
	2. idea of allowing rapid diffusion ;		
	Or	ACCEPT: paras	
	3. gaps between cells (in the wall);	ACCEPT: pores	<b>T</b>
	4. to allow exchange (of materials) / increase permeability :		Type: Expert
			(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(a)	Any two from:	MP 1 Accept thickness of exchange surface	
	1. diffusion distance ;		
	2. concentration gradient ;	Accept two or more correct answers but must have no incorrect answers for one mark	
	3. permeability ;	Ignore moisture / mucus / blood	
	4. temperature ;	flow references	Type: Graduate
			(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(b)(i)	0.21:1	IGNORE units	
	<b>Or</b> 1: 4.87;	<b>ACCEPT:</b> 0.2 : 1, 0.205 : 1,	Type: Graduate
		1:4.9 or 1:5	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(b)(ii)	<ol> <li>as mass increases demand for oxygen increases / eq;</li> <li>( surface area of alveoli ) increases to allow for</li> </ol>	<b>MP 1 Accept</b> equivalent answers in terms of carbon dioxide production	
	increased gas exchange / eq;		Type: Expert (2)

Question Number		Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(c)	1. de	efective CFTR protein / eq ;		
		lloride ions are not transported out of the cells / sodium ns move into cells ;		
		ater does not move out (of cells) / water moves in (to ells) / eq;		Type: Expert
		ucus (on cell surface) { is not diluted / is thicker / is more icky } / eq ;	MG 4 ALLOW 'thick'	
		duced rate of gas diffusion / reducing ventilation of alveoli		(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(a)	<ol> <li>the DHAR modified plants have a higher concentration (of vitamin C in both tubers and leaves);</li> <li>the increase (in vitamin C concentration) in the leaves</li> </ol>		
	is greater than the increase in the tubers ;		Type:
	3. calculation to support MP 1 or MP 2;	<b>MP 3</b> e.g. the increase in the tubers is 0.5, the increase in leaves 1.1	Expert (3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
*5(b)	(QWC – Spelling of technical terms must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence)	QWC emphasis on clarity of expression	
	1. grow both types of plant under same conditions;	<b>MP1</b> Accept at least one correct condition that needs to be kept constant for both groups of plants	
	2. prepare extract from each type of plant;		
	3. using DCPIP;		
	4. same volume of DCPIP or extract;		
	<ol><li>{titrate / eq } extract against DCPIP or DCPIP against extract ;</li></ol>	<b>MP 5</b> an eq for titration is to add DCPIP or extract dropwise	
	6. correct description of colour change;		
	7. idea of comparison with a solution of vitamin C of known concentration / compare volumes needed to change the colour of the DCPIP;	MP 7 accept use a calibration curve	Type: Expert
			(5)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(a)(i)	ester ;	Ignore references to additional details about bond e.g. covalent	Type: Clerical (1)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
6(a)(ii)	The only correct answer is D  A is not correct because the carbon oxygen double bond is missing and the 'ester group' is back to front  B is not correct because the ester group is back to front	D C O hydrocarbon chain	Type: Computer (1)
	<b>C</b> is not correct because the carbon oxygen double bond is missing		

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(a)(iii)		Must be a complete comparison	Type: Expert
	<ol> <li>saturated fatty acid has no carbon – carbon double bonds whereas an unsaturated fatty</li> </ol>	MP1 must be clear that describing carbon-carbon bonds (ignore unqualified double and single bonds	Lapert
	acid has at least one carbon- carbon double bond ;	ACCEPT ref to double bonds in the hydrocarbon chain	
			(2)
		MP3 ACCEPT less H per C in unsaturated (or converse)	
	2. saturated fatty acid chains are straight unsaturated fatty acid chains are not straight / eq;	Do not accept more hydrogens in saturated than unsaturated fatty acids	
	3. ratio of H:C is higher in saturated fatty acids than unsaturated fatty acids;		

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(a)(iv)	1. enzymes are specific ;	MP 1 ACCEPT: active site is specific	Type: Expert
	2. due to { shape / structure } of active site ;	MP 3 ACCEPT: only binds to diglyceride	(3)
	3. only allowing certain substrates to {bind / fit / form a complex / eq};	FIT 5 ACCEL IT ONLY BINGS to digryceriae	(3)
	4. because diglyceride has a different shape from other molecules ;		

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(b)(i)	1. at the start substrate is not a limiting factor;	MP 1 DO NOT ACCEPT 'the substrate and enzyme are not	
	2. as a reaction proceeds the concentration of substrate decreases;	limiting factors'	
	3. lower concentration of substrate limits rate of reaction;		Type: Expert
			(2)

	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6(b)(ii)	1. controlling pH;		
	2. otherwise pH would change as the fatty acid was used up;		
	3. (changes in pH) affect the shape of the active site;	MP3 ACCEPT `denatures the {active site / enzyme }'	
	4. (changes in pH) change ionic bonds within the enzyme;	MP 4 ACCEPT 'alters charge on R groups' or 'changes ionisation'	Type:
	5. (changes in pH) change the rate of reaction;	MP5 IGNORE comments about changes in the enzyme's activity	Expert (4)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
*7(a)	(QWC – Spelling of technical terms must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence)	QWC emphasis is spelling [penalise once only]	
		<b>ACCEPT</b> points made on a clearly labelled diagram, but if diagram and description contradict each other then MP not awarded.	
	1. reference to phospholipid bilayer;	<b>MP1 ACCEPT</b> 'a bilayer made of phospholipid'	
	2. correct orientation and structure of the <i>phospholipids</i> in the <i>bilayer</i> ;		
	3. phospholipids have { polar / hydrophilic } heads and {non-polar / hydrophobic } tails / eq;	MP 3 ACCEPT description of polar and non-polar	
	4. proteins in the membrane ;		
	5. idea of at least two different locations of proteins e.g. extrinsic, intrinsic, transmembrane;	MP 5 If only one location is provided then still get MP4	
	6. reference to glycoproteins / glycolipids / lipoproteins ;		Type: Expert
	7. reference to <i>cholesterol</i> within the membrane ;		(5)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
7(b)(i)	The only correct answer is C	C Less than the concentration in	
		the cel in solution Q	
	A is not correct because the solute concentration must be less than that in Q		
	<b>B</b> is not correct because the solute concentration must be less than that in the control solution		Type: Computer
	<b>D</b> is not correct because the solute concentration must be less than that in the control solution		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
7(b)(ii)	1. volume of cytoplasm is less ;	MP 1 ACCEPT descriptions of cell e.g. cell has shrunk / cell is crenated	
	2. water has left the cell ;		
	3. reference to osmosis ;		
	4. {sodium chloride / solute} concentration inside the cell is lower than the solute concentration outside the cell ;	MP 4 ACCEPT water concentration inside the cell is greater than water concentration outside the cell	
		Accept answers in terms of water / solute potential or solution Q being hypertonic	
	;		Type: Expert
			(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(a)	<ol> <li>genotype is the { combination of / pair of / two / all } alleles present (in an organism) e.g. MM;</li> </ol>	MP1 ACCEPT the alleles of the gene if qualified with suitable example e.g. MM  IGNORE M, S, Z unqualified.	
	2. phenotype is the observable feature which is the concentration of alpha-1-antitrypsin ( in the blood);		Type: Expert (2)

Question	Answer Additiona	al guidance	Mark
Number			
8(b)	1. all the alleles have an effect on the phenotype;		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	CEPT M is more t than <b>S</b> and <b>Z</b>	
	3. none of these alleles is completely dominant or recessive ( as they all have an effect);  MP3 ACC co-domin	CEPT M, S and Z are nant	
	4. level of reduction due to one allele quantified e.g. S equivalent to 20% reduction ;		Type: Expert (3)

Question	Answer	Ad	ditional guidance	Mark
Number 8(c)(i)	The only correct answer is C		G to A	
8(0)(1)	The only correct answer is C		G to A	
	A is not correct because the only base change that results in an amino acid change from Glu to Lys is G to A			
	<b>B</b> is not correct because the only base change that results in an amino acid change from Glu to Lys is G to A			Type: Computer
	<b>D</b> is not correct because the only base change that results			Computer
	in an amino acid change from Glu to Lys is G to A			(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(c)(ii)	R	<b>ACCEPT</b> NH <sub>2</sub> and COOH on either side	
	H₂N — C — COOH	ACCEPT Fully displayed structures	
	H ;;	<b>DO NOT ACCEPT</b> C-O-O-H or O-H-C— (ie if bond structure is shown it must be correct)	
		<b>ACCEPT</b> one or both groups charged e.g. $-NH_3^+$ $-COO^-$	Type: Graduate (2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(c)(iii)	<ol> <li>primary structure is the sequence of amino acids;</li> <li>idea that amino acids each have different R groups;</li> <li>idea that bonds form between R groups</li> <li>(bonding) determines the folding of the polypeptide;</li> </ol>		Type: Expert
			(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(d)	<ol> <li>correct genotypes of offspring MM, 2MZ and ZZ;</li> <li>genotypes giving blood concentration below parents' AAT identified – ZZ;</li> </ol>	Annotated diagram gains MP 1 and 2  MP 1 and 2 Accept other letters with suitable key e.g A = M and a = Z	
	3. correct probability {0.25 / 25% / 1/4} ;	MP 2 ACCEPT ZZ circled or underlined	
		MP 2 ACCEPT correct concentrations written alongside genotypes	Type: Expert (3)

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