

Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2012

International GCSE Chemistry (4CH0) Paper 2C

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## INTERNATIONAL GCSE CHEMISTRY 4CHO 2C – JANUARY 2012

Question number	Expected Answer				Accept	Reject	Marks
1 (a)							
		Proton	Neutron	Electron			4
	relative mass	1	1		+1	- 1 / one	
	relative charge		0	-1		Zero minus one /negative	
	1 mark for each o						
(b) (i)	Protons <u>AND</u> elections = 2	ctrons = 1			one two		1 1
(ii)	atoms of the sam	e element	:		atoms with same atomic number / number of protons /	molecules / compounds for first mark only	1
	with different ma Ignore references		ons		with different mass numbers / different numbers of neutrons / different neutron numbers	different relative atomic masses for second mark only	1

Question number	Expected Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
1 (c)	$((79 \times 50.7) + (81 \times 49.3))/100$			
	OR			
	(79 x 0.50.7) + (81 x 0.493)			1
	= 79.99 Allow 1 mark for a single transcription error (e.g. 43.9 instead of 49.3) Ignore units such as grams	Correct answer on its own scores 2		1
			Total	10

Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
2 (a) (i)	В			1
(ii)	A			1
(iii)	E			1
(iv)	C			1
(b) (i)	Atomic number			1
(ii)	Electrons in the outer shell			1
			Total	6

Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
3 (a) (i)	any named soluble metal sulfate / ammonium sulfate / (dilute) sulfuric acid	correct formula	concentrated sulfuric acid	1
(ii)	correct formulae for all compounds (mark consequentially on the sulfate given in	Pb <sup>2+</sup> + SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2<sup>-</sup></sup> → PbSO <sub>4</sub>		1
	(a)(i), even if insoluble, except lead(II) sulfate) balanced	for 2 marks		1
(iii)	filter			1
	wash / rinse (with distilled / deionised water) If no reference to what is being washed, assume that the residue is being washed			1
	filter paper / kitchen roll / blotting paper / absorbent paper /leave (to dry) / (pace in) desiccator / (place in warm) oven / heat			
	If no filtration MAX 1.  If implication that filtrate is washed or evaporated , neither M2 nor M3 can be awarded  Do not penalise careless use of solution or liquid for reaction mixture			

Question number	Expected Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
3 (b)	Any two from	and sixon off		
	bubbles (of gas) / fizzing / effervescence Ignore carbon dioxide	gas given off		
	solid / lead(II) carbonate disappears	dissolves / less solid		
	solution formed / colourless liquid Ignore incorrect starting colours		any specific colour	2
	Ignore heat produced and temperature change			
			Total	8

(subtract 1 mark for each error)  correct straight line of best fit (need not pass through origin) (must be drawn with the aid of a rule)  line as evidence of correct plotting when points cannot be seen  (ii) anomalous point at (0.26, 0.64) circled	Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
reacted  (b) mass of crucible (and lid) + MgO — mass of crucible (and lid) at end — mass of crucible (		come into contact with the magnesium / solid Ignore references to visual checks of reaction	magnesium to burn / react to make sure that the (all) magnesium has		1
crucible (and lid)  lids must be in both or neither  ignore any references to the table of results on page 8  (c) (i) all points plotted correctly to nearest gridline (subtract 1 mark for each error)  correct straight line of best fit (need not pass through origin) (must be drawn with the aid of a rule)  (ii) anomalous point at (0.26, 0.64) circled					
(c) (i) all points plotted correctly to nearest gridline (subtract 1 mark for each error)  correct straight line of best fit (need not pass through origin) (must be drawn with the aid of a rule)  (ii) anomalous point at (0.26, 0.64) circled	(b)	crucible (and lid) lids must be in both or neither ignore any references to the table of results on	lid) at end — mass of		1
anomalous point at (0.26, 0.64) circled	(c) (i)	all points plotted correctly to nearest gridline (subtract 1 mark for each error)  correct straight line of best fit (need not pass through origin)	correct plotting when		1 1
Units not needed, ignore incorrect units		csq on candidate's graph		<u> </u>	1 8

Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
5 (a)(i)	(damp / moist) litmus paper			1
	bleaches / turns white	decolourised / loses its colour		1
	OR			
	(damp / moist) starch-iodide paper			
	turns blue / black (allow observation mark only for starch-iodi <u>n</u> e paper)			
	OR			
	(bubble through) (potassium) iodide solution	orange / orange-brown / red-	yellow / red	
	(solution ) turns brown (ignore the starting colour)	brown		1
(ii)	hydrogen	H <sub>2</sub> / H <sup>2</sup> / H2 / h <sub>2</sub> / h <sup>2</sup> / h2	H / 2H / h / 2h	
(b)	(solution is) alkali(ne) / hydroxide ions (present) / OH <sup>-</sup>	sodium hydroxide / NaOH (is present)	any other named ion or substance	1
	ignore references to sodium ions			

Question number			Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
	(c)	(i)	(10/2) = 5			1
		(ii)	(5 x 24)			1
			= 120 dm <sup>3</sup> (units required)	12000 cm <sup>3</sup>		1
			mark part (ii) consequentially on part (i) award second mark only for use of 22.4 Final answer must be to 2 or more sig fig			
					Total	7

Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
6 (a)	Cu(OH) <sub>2</sub> penalise incorrect use of cases and subscript ignore names	Formula showing correct charges on the ions		1
(b)	to remove carbonate (ions) / to avoid precipitating any other (named) insoluble (barium) compounds / to remove ions that would form (white) precipitates	to remove compounds that would form (white) precipitates		1
(c)	CuSO <sub>4</sub> .5H <sub>2</sub> O / CuSO <sub>4</sub> 5H <sub>2</sub> O (i.e. no dot)	formula showing correct charges on the ions		1
(d)	(use a clean) wire / glass rod / silica rod ignore references to hydrochloric acid	any method of introducing the solid / solution into the flame. e.g. (wet) wooden spill / tip or sprinkle in	copper rod / any metal that will burn or melt in a flame (eg magnesium, aluminium)	1
	(to put) solid in <u>non-luminous / Bunsen</u> flame	Bunsen/non- luminous anywhere		1
	No marks if solid is in container eg test tube / tray / crucible	in answer Burner in place of flame Blue for non- luminous		
_			Total	5

Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
7 (a)	it /gasoline is used (as a fuel) for cars	there are more cars than ships	Any other wrong use, eg domestic heating,	1
	ignore references to uses of fuel oil and gasoline burning better		aeroplanes, ships, etc	
(b) (i)	$C_4H_8$	2C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub>		1
(ii)	Catalyst - silica / silicon dioxide / silicon(IV) oxide / alumina / aluminium oxide	zeolite(s) / aluminosilicates		1
	Temperature – 600 – 700(°C)	A		1
	If more than catalyst given, all must be correct	Any temperature or any range within 600-700(°C)		
		Equivalent temperatures in Kelvin		

Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
7 (c) (i)	Cracking – any two from:		reusable resource	2
			Total	8

Question number	Answer	Accept	Reject	Marks
8 (a)	(15.0 ÷1000) × 0.0010			1
	$= 1.5(0) \times 10^{-5}$	1.5 x 10 <sup>-2</sup> for 1 mark		1
(b)	answer to (a)			1
(c)	answer to (b) x 1000			1
	25.0			
		answer to (b) $\div$ 25 for		1
	correct evaluation (= 0.0006(0))	1 mark		
(d)	$M_{\rm r}$ of $SO_2 = 64$			1
	answer to (c) x $M_r$ of SO <sub>2</sub> (= 0.038(4)) Final answer must be to 2 or more sig fig			1
(e)	The wine is drinkable	consequential on (d)		1
	Ignore any explanations	(a)		
			Total	8

**PAPER TOTAL: 60 MARKS** 

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