Mark Scheme (Results)

## Summer 2013

## GCE Chemistry 6CH08/01 Chemistry Laboratory Skills II Alternative

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## General Guidance on Marking

All candidates must receive the same treatment.
Examiners should look for qualities to reward rather than faults to penalise. This does NOT mean giving credit for incorrect or inadequate answers, but it does mean allowing candidates to be rewarded for answers showing correct application of principles and knowledge.

Examiners should therefore read carefully and consider every response: even if it is not what is expected it may be worthy of credit.

Candidates must make their meaning clear to the examiner to gain the mark. Make sure that the answer makes sense. Do not give credit for correct words/phrases which are put together in a meaningless manner. Answers must be in the correct context.

Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the Team Leader must be consulted.

## Using the mark scheme

The mark scheme gives:

- an idea of the types of response expected
- how individual marks are to be awarded
- the total mark for each question
- examples of responses that should NOT receive credit.

1 / means that the responses are alternatives and either answer should receive full credit.
2 ( ) means that a phrase/word is not essential for the award of the mark, but helps the examiner to get the sense of the expected answer.
3 [ ] words inside square brackets are instructions or guidance for examiners.
4 Phrases/words in bold indicate that the meaning of the phrase or the actual word is essential to the answer.
$5 \quad \mathrm{ecf} / \mathrm{TE} / \mathrm{cq}$ (error carried forward) means that a wrong answer given in an earlier part of a question is used correctly in answer to a later part of the same question.

## Quality of Written Communication

Questions which involve the writing of continuous prose will expect candidates to:

- show clarity of expression
- construct and present coherent arguments
- demonstrate an effective use of grammar, punctuation and spelling.

Full marks will be awarded if the candidate has demonstrated the above abilities.
Questions where QWC is likely to be particularly important are indicated "QWC" in the mark scheme BUT this does not preclude others.

| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 ( a ) ( i )}$ | Green <br> IGNORE qualifications of green such as <br> light / dark / emerald <br> (1) | Blue-Green <br> Turquoise | $\mathbf{3}$ |
|  | Carbon dioxide <br> ALLOW CO |  |  |
| $\mathrm{CO}_{3}{ }^{2-}$   <br> ${\mathrm{ALLOW} \mathrm{HCO}_{3}-}^{-}$ (1)  |  |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(a)(ii) | $\begin{aligned} & {\left[\mathrm{NiCl}_{4}\right]^{2-}} \\ & \\ & \mathrm{ALLOW} \\ & -2 \text { for } 2- \\ & \mathrm{NiCl}_{4}^{2-}\left[\mathrm{Ni}_{2}(\mathrm{Cl})_{4}\right]^{2-} \\ & \left.\left[\mathrm{Ni}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{4}\right]^{2-} \\ & {\left[\mathrm{NiCl}_{6}\right]^{4-}} \\ & \end{aligned}$ |  | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 ( a ) ( \text { iii } )}$ | $\mathrm{Ni}(\mathrm{OH})_{2} / \mathrm{Ni}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{4}(\mathrm{OH})_{2} /$ <br> $\mathrm{Ni}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{4} /$ <br> $\left[\mathrm{Ni}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{4}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}\right] /$ <br> $\left[\mathrm{Ni}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{4}\right]$ |  | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 ( a ) ( i v ) ~}$ | Blue solution (forms) <br> ALLOW lavender blue solution and any <br> other shade of blue | Blue-green | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| OR | Precipitate dissolves to <br> give incorrect coloured <br> (Golution |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 ( b ) ( i )}$ | $24.2 / 1000 \times 0.01=2.42 \times 10^{-4} \quad$ (1) <br> $($ mol $)$ |  | $\mathbf{2}$ |
|  | Concentration of $\left[\mathrm{Ni}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{2+}$ ions <br> $=2.42 \times 10^{-4} \times 100=0.0242(\mathrm{~mol}$ <br> dm |  |  |
|  | ALLOW <br> TE on number of moles <br> Correct answer alone scores both <br> marks |  |  |
| IGNORE significant figures except 1 |  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 ( b ) ( i i )}$ | $0.1 / 24.2 \times 100=( \pm) 0.413 \%$ <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> $( \pm) 0.41 \%$$\pm$ | 4 or more SF | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 ( b ) ( i i i )}$ | (Mean) titre would be greater (1) |  | $\mathbf{2}$ |
|  | EDTA $^{(4-)}$ would also complex to / react <br> with $\mathrm{Cu}^{2+} /\left[\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{2+} / \mathrm{CuSO}_{4} /$ <br> copper ions $/ \mathrm{copper}$ sulphate (1) <br> Both marks are stand alone. | More needed to react <br> with unspecified <br> impurity |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 ( a )}$ | Smoky / sooty flame | White smoke | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | IGNORE reference to yellow flame |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 ( b ) ( i )}$ | It contains a phenol group / has OH <br> attached to benzene ring | Just OH group <br> Hydroxide group | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| ALLOW hydroxyl group attached to <br> benzene ring <br> ALLOW "is a phenol" <br> ALLOW drawn benzene ring with OH |  |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(b)(ii) | It could be an aldehyde or a ketone / contains a carbonyl group <br> ALLOW C=O | Either aldehyde or ketone on its own | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 ( b ) ( i i i )}$ | $\mathbf{X}$ is a ketone |  | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | ALLOW aromatic ketone <br> ALLOW R-CO-R <br> ALLOW not an aldehyde if both ketone <br> and aldehyde mentioned in b(ii) |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 ( c ) ( i )}$ | (hydrogen atoms / protons on) <br> benzene ring / phenyl group / arene <br> ring | Hydrogen atoms in <br> phenol | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(c)(ii) | To score any marks in this question the side chain must be: <br> (a) <br> OR <br> (b) <br> OR <br> (c) <br> Ketone on correct carbon Structure (a) Or structure (c) <br> ALLOW displayed or skeletal ALLOW $-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{COCH}_{3}$ <br> IGNORE presence or position of -OH on the benzene ring <br> triplet triplet <br> singlet <br> both triplets labelled <br> singlet labelled <br> ALLOW <br> If the side chain is (b) the triplet $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ next to the $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ correctly labelled scores one mark | Any other side chain scores zero for 2c(ii) | 3 |



| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(c)(iii) |  <br> IGNORE position of OH and side chain on the ring <br> ALLOW displayed or skeletal <br> ALLOW $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{4}(\mathrm{OH}) \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{COCH}_{3}$ <br> ALLOW TE if one of the following side chains is carried forward from $2 \mathrm{c}(\mathrm{ii})$ : <br> OR | TE for any other side chain |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(d) | Steam source with delivery tube to flask with the steam passing into the liquid in the flask <br> IGNORE incorrectly positioned safety vents in the steam generator <br> OR <br> Flask being heated and containing water (and raspberries) <br> Condenser with water jacket in correct position and with correct direction of water flow shown <br> Collection vessel <br> Minus 1 if apparatus does not work (e.g. sealed or leaky joints) <br> Correctly drawn reflux apparatus scores 1 <br> IGNORE fractionating columns <br> Collection vessel may be any shape of flask, test tube or cylinder | Steam delivered above the liquid in the flask <br> Unlabelled liquid in the flask | 3 |

Total for Question 2 = 12 Marks

| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 ( a ) ( i )}$ | Burette / <br> (graduated / volumetric) pipette (1) <br> Allows accurate /precise measurement <br> (1) | Dropping / teat pipette | 2 |
|  | OR <br> measuring cylinder <br> Allows you to do multiple experiments <br> quickly / accurate enough (to <br> determine orders) | (1) |  |
| IGNORE <br> Ease of use <br> Cylinder allows variety of different <br> volumes to be measured |  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 ( a ) ( i i )}$ | Pink / purple | (1) | Lilac |
|  | To colourless | (1) | Clear for colourless |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 ( a ) ( i i i )}$ | To keep the (overall) volume <br> constant/ $50 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ <br> OR <br> So the concentration of each reactant <br> is proportional to the volume used | Any other volume <br> quoted | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 ( a ) ( i v )}$ | (Monitor change in concentration of <br> $\mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{-}$using) colorimetry | Just observing the <br> intensity of the colour | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | OR <br> Electrical conductivity <br> pH meter <br> reducing agent e.g. $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$ |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 ( a ) ( v )}$ | 0 order wrt glucose <br> 1st order wrt sulfuric acid <br> 1st order wrt potassium <br> manganate(VII) <br> All 3 correct scores 2 marks <br> 2 correct scores 1 mark <br> 0 or 1 correct scores 0 marks $\quad$ (2) | $\mathbf{3}$ |  |
|  | Rate/r/R $=\mathrm{k}\left[\mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{-}\right]\left[\mathrm{H}^{+}\right]\left(\left[\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}\right]^{0}\right)$ <br> (1) | Rate equation for rate |  |
| ALLOW full formulae or names in rate <br> equation <br> If formulae given they must be correct | ALLOW "K" for " $\mathrm{k}^{\prime \prime}$ <br> ALLOW TE from incorrect orders for <br> last mark |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(b)(i) |  <br> Suitable linear scales <br> IGNORE units <br> Points plotted correctly <br> Straight line of best fit drawn |  | 3 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 ( b ) ( i i )}$ | Gradient $=-10300$ <br> ALLOW any value in the range <br> -9600 to -11000 <br> IGNORE units even if incorrect | Positive gradient | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers |  | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(b)(iii) | $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{A}}=(-)$ gradient from $\mathrm{b}(\mathrm{ii}) \times 8.31$ |  | Negative $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | 2 |
|  | $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{A}}=$ Value to at least 2 sf with units <br> (1) <br> Units must be correct |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Correct value:$\begin{aligned} \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{A}} & =-(-10300) \times 8.31 \\ & =85593 \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1} / 85.6 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Correct answer with no working scores both marks |  |  |  |
|  | Gradient | $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{A}} / \mathrm{kJmol}^{-1}$ |  |  |
|  | -9600 | 79.8 |  |  |
|  | -9700 | 80.6 |  |  |
|  | -9800 | 81.4 |  |  |
|  | -9900 | 82.3 |  |  |
|  | -10000 | 83.1 |  |  |
|  | -10100 | 83.9 |  |  |
|  | -10200 | 84.8 |  |  |
|  | -10300 | 85.6 |  |  |
|  | -10400 | 86.4 |  |  |
|  | -10500 | 87.3 |  |  |
|  | -10600 | 88.1 |  |  |
|  | -10700 | 88.9 |  |  |
|  | -10800 | 89.7 |  |  |
|  | -10900 | 90.6 |  |  |
|  | -11000 | 91.4 |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(a)(i) | Any three from: |  |  |
| Shake / mix (1) |  |  |  |
| Release pressure / open stopper (from <br> time to time) | Just "add the <br> dichloromethane" | 3 |  |
|  | Remove lower / dichloromethane layer <br> by opening tap / using teat pipette <br> OR <br> Decant the top layer / remove top <br> layer with teat pipette. To score this <br> mark it must be clear that the bottom <br> layer is the layer required | Just "separate the <br> liquids" | (1) |
| Repeat extraction with additional <br> solvent | (1) |  |  |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4(a)(ii) | Add named drying agent (anhydrous) calcium chloride / magnesium sulfate / sodium sulfate <br> ALLOW silica gel IGNORE desiccator <br> (Allow to stand) decant / filter (to separate drying agent) <br> Both marks are stand alone | Sulfuric acid KOH <br> NaOH <br> Heat with drying agent Dry with filter paper | 2 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4 ( b ) ( i )}$ | Carry out in fume cupboard / hood / <br> chamber / well ventilated lab <br> IGNORE gas / face masks <br> Wear (protective) gloves <br> IGNORE lab coat and eye protection |  | $\mathbf{2}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4 ( b ) ( i i )}$ | Distillation / evaporate under reduced <br> pressure / rotary evaporation | Just evaporate | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | ALLOW fractional distillation <br> IGNORE recrystallisation |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(c) | $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ is less harmful / not harmful / <br> less hazardous / not hazardous / <br> less irritant / not irritant / <br> non-flammable / <br> non-toxic / <br> evaporates easily / easily removed <br> IGNORE comments regarding ozone <br> layer or global warming | Just $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ safer/less risky | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4 ( d )}$ | $85 \mathrm{mg}=0.085 \mathrm{~g}$ | (1) |  |
| \% caffeine $=0.085 / 25 \times 100=0.34 \%$ |  |  |  |
| (1) |  |  |  |$\quad$| \% caffeine $>100 \%$ |
| :--- |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4 ( e )}$ | Recrystallization |  | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | ALLOW column chromatography |  |  |
| ALLOW sublimation | Distillation |  |  |

Total for Question 4 = 12 Marks
Total for Paper = 50 Marks

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