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Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2018

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In Human Biology (4HB0) Paper 02



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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

1 (a) (i) Blood Filtrate Urine V X X X; Urea V V V Y; Glucose V V X; Water V V V Y; Salts V V V Y; Salts V V V Y; One mark for each correct row. Allow blanks to count as crosses (ii) 3 of • less/no insulin produced; • more glucose in blood/blood glucose not controlled/not converted to/stored as glycogen; • less (glucose) reabsorbed; • glucose in urine; One mark for each correct row. (b) 3 of • more glucose in urine; One mark for each correct row. (b) 3 of • less (glucose) reabsorbed; • glucose in urine; One mark for each correct row. (c) (i) arrow up in vein; One mark for each correct row. (c) (i) arrow up in vein; Allow artery has more ions/salts (c) • vein has valve/artery no valve; • vein has large(er) lumen/artery small(er) lumen; Allow artery has thick(er) walls	Marks	Notes	Answer				Quest numb	
 less/no insulin produced; more glucose in blood/blood glucose not controlled/not converted to/stored as glycogen; less (glucose) reabsorbed; glucose in urine; One mark for each correct row. (b) 3 of One mark for each correct row. (b) Renal vein Renal artery deoxygenated/less oxygen One mark for each correct row. (b) Renal vein Renal artery deoxygen; oxygen One mark for each correct row. (c) iess urea; more urea less glucose; more glucose less ions/salts Iess carbon dioxide less ions/salts (c) (i) arrow up in vein; Allow artery has tissue/artery no valve; vein has large(er) lumen/artery small(er) lumen; Allow artery has thick(er) walls/vein	5	correct row. Allow blanks to	X; √; X; √;	X V V V		Urea Glucose Water	(i)	1 (a)
(b) Renal vein Renal artery deoxygenated/less oxygenated/more oxygen more carbon less carbon dioxide arrow up in vein; (c) (i) arrow up in vein; (ii) • vein has valve/artery no valve; • vein has large(er) lumen/artery small(er) lumen; • vein has less muscle/elastic tissue/artery has more Allow artery has thick(er) walls/vein	3		 less/no insulin produced; more glucose in blood/blood glucose not controlled/not converted to/stored as glycogen; less (glucose) reabsorbed; 			(ii)		
 (ii) vein has valve/artery no valve; vein has large(er) lumen/artery small(er) lumen; vein has less muscle/elastic tissue/artery has more 	3		ed/more on dioxide a cose	oxygenat oxygen less carbo more ure more gluo	ated/less pon ; pse;	Renal veir deoxygen; oxygen; more cart dioxide; less urea; less gluco		(b)
 vein has large(er) lumen/artery small(er) lumen; vein has less muscle/elastic tissue/artery has more Allow artery has thick(er) walls/vein 	1				n vein;	arrow up ii	(i)	(c)
	3 Total 15		 vein has large(er) lumen/artery small(er) lumen; vein has less muscle/elastic 			(ii)		

Questio numbe		Answer	Notes	Marks
2 (a) ((i)	A = urethra; B = bladder; C = colon/rectum;	Reject ureter Ignore anus	3
((ii)	P arrow to vagina; Q arrow to oviduct; R arrow to ovary;		3
(b) ((i)	'S' on testis;		1
	(ii) (iii)	 ³ of sperm duct/vas deferens cut; ends tied; sperms cannot pass out/pass to female; fertilisation not possible/ovum can't meet sperm; transmitted in body fluid; idea that it can still be transferred from male/to female; 	Allow clear description of location	3
				Total 12

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
3 (a) (i)	nucleus/chromosome;	Ignore DNA/nucleolus	1
(ii)	DNA/deoxyribonucleic acid;	Allow chromosome	1
(b) (i)	2 from: • DNA replicating;	Allow genetic material/chromosomes for DNA throughout	
	 (in preparation for) mitosis; twice as much DNA/chromosomes/DNA doubles/92 chromosomes; 	Allow increases from 2 to 4 arbitrary units	2
(ii)	 3 from: cell has divided/two cells are formed; chromosomes/DNA equally distributed; diploid/chromosome number restored/46 chromosomes; 	Ignore DNA/chromosomes / genetic material halves	3
(iii	 existing line decreases; to 1; then levels; 	Ignore lines drawn before end of existing line	3

(iv)	 2 of: meiosis; half/haploid number of chromosomes/haploid cells /23 chromosomes; four cells produced; 	2
		Total 12

er	Answer	Notes	Marks
(i)	stomach;		1
(ii)	provide optimum pH/to simulate conditions in stomach;	Allow pepsin works best in acidic conditions/pH2	1
(iii)	 pepsin digests/breaks down protein/egg white/substrate; into amino acids; smaller surface area of protein in A/larger in B; so process more rapid in tube B/slower in A; for enzyme to act on; 		4
(iv)	 2 from: pepsin/enzyme still present; pepsin is a protein/enzymes are proteins; not enough time for complete digestion (of protein/egg white) 	Allow incomplete digestion	2
(i)	 no (visible) change/protein/egg white still present/egg white not broken down; no pepsin/enzyme present; 		2
(ii)	 control; to prove that pepsin is responsible for the action/that HCl is not responsible/has an effect; 		2 Total 12
	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)	 (i) stomach; (ii) provide optimum pH/to simulate conditions in stomach; (iii) pepsin digests/breaks down protein/egg white/substrate; into amino acids; smaller surface area of protein in A/larger in B; so process more rapid in tube B/slower in A; for enzyme to act on; (iv) 2 from: pepsin/enzyme still present; pepsin is a protein/enzymes are proteins; not enough time for complete digestion (of protein/egg white) (i) no (visible) change/protein/egg white still present/egg white not broken down; no pepsin/enzyme present; (ii) control; to prove that pepsin is responsible for the action/that HCl is not 	 (i) stomach; (ii) provide optimum pH/to simulate conditions in stomach; (iii) pepsin digests/breaks down protein/egg white/substrate; into amino acids; smaller surface area of protein in A/larger in B; so process more rapid in tube B/slower in A; for enzyme to act on; (iv) 2 from: pepsin/enzyme still present; pepsin is a protein/enzymes are proteins; not enough time for complete digestion (of protein/egg white) (i) no (visible) change/protein/egg white not broken down; no pepsin/enzyme present; (ii) control; to prove that pepsin is responsible for the action/that HCl is not

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
5	mitochondria; water/H ₂ O; carbon dioxide/CO ₂ ; adenosine diphosphate/ADP; adenosine triphosphate/ATP; thermal/heat; anaerobic; liver; oxygen debt;	accept carbon dioxide/CO ₂ accept water/ H ₂ O	
			Total 9

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