

Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2016

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level in Biology (WBI03) Paper 01 - Practical Biology and Research Skills

Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications come from Pearson, the world's leading learning company. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information, please visit our website at www.edexcel.com.

Our website subject pages hold useful resources, support material and live feeds from our subject advisors giving you access to a portal of information. If you have any subject specific questions about this specification that require the help of a subject specialist, you may find our Ask The Expert email service helpful.

www.edexcel.com/contactus

Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: www.pearson.com/uk

January 2016
Publications Code IA043011*
All the material in this publication is copyright
© Pearson Education Ltd 2016

General Marking Guidance

- This mark scheme provides a list of acceptable answers for this paper. Candidates will receive credit for all correct responses but will be penalised if they give more than one answer where only one is required (e.g. putting an additional cross in a set of boxes). If a candidate produces more written answers than the required number (two instead of one, three instead of two etc), only the first answers will be accepted. Free responses are marked for the effective communication of the correct answer rather than for quality of language but it is possible that, on some occasions, the quality of English or poor presentation can impede communication and loose candidate marks. It is sometimes possible for a candidate to produce a written response that does not feature in the mark scheme but which is nevertheless correct. If this were to occur, an examiner would, of course, give full credit to that answer.
- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they
 can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks
 if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero
 marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Q01(a)(i)	breaking strength / eq ;	IGNORE "force" unqualified ACCEPT "force needed to break (the stem)" OR "breaking force"	1

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Q01(a)(ii)	 measure diameter with {callipers / vernier callipers / micrometer (screw gauge)}; 	ACCEPT {microscope stage micrometer / eq} if measuring a section IGNORE use of ruler	
	2. quote area of a circle formula ;	ACCEPT $\pi r^2 / \pi (d \div 2)^2 / \pi d^2 \div 4$	2

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Q01(a)(iii)	1. Ref to acclimatise / equilibrate / or described;	(kept): at same/ sensible temperature	
	2. suitable example of acclimatisation procedure described ;	{room/5-35°C} / (in (lake) water / at same humidity / in aerated water	
		NB any ref to retting or rotting / eq negates marks	2

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Q01(a)(iv)	1. temperature ;	IGNORE water bath	
	thermostatically controlled {room / chamber / incubator} / air conditioning;	ACCEPT {incubator/ eq} set at a stated temperature, unless unreasonable (NOT oven)	
	3. humidity;		
	4. air conditioning / description of how humidity is controlled;	e.g. beaker of water in sealed chamber	2

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Q01(a)(v)	1. risk of falling in lake with sensible precaution;	ACCEPT tie rope around waist and {post / tree trunk}, life jacket	
	2. risk of {contamination / poisoning / allergy / spines / stings} prevented by use of gloves / hand washing / mask;		
	3. ref breaking stem / spring on meter so use of goggles ;		3

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number Q01(b)(i)	A linear scale using half of graph paper; L suitable line of best fit; P correct plotting; S SDs plotted suitably;	Sample Graph **The street of the street of	Hark
		below	4

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Q01(b)(ii)	they are (directly) proportional / positive correlation / eq;	ACCEPT description of relationship e.g. "as area increases breaking force increases"	1

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Q01(b)(iii)	1. SDs / error bars do not overlap ;	IGNORE SDs small ACCEPT range / range bars	
	2. so {confidence is high / difference is significant / real / conclusion is valid} / eq;	NOT results or experiment valid	2

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Q01(c)	1. both show positive correlation / eq;	ACCEPT relationship same	
	2. bladderwort goes up to {63 /56} N, <i>Elodea</i> only 13.1 N;		
	3. (between 2 and 2.5 m 2 x 10^{-6}) both about the same breaking strength / bladderwort stronger ;		
	4. credit quantitative comparison ;	e.g. "bladderwort 1.1 N stronger than <i>Elodea</i> at 2 m ² x 10 ⁻⁶ " gains mps 3 and 4	3

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Q02(a)	{diseases / eq} caused by (contact) lenses;	e.g. "infections caused by wearing contact lenses"	1

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Q02(b)	1. table with suitable headings;	Two columns, "percentage of cases (of keratitis)" or "cases (of keratitis) %" and "group of pathogens" or "causative agent" or "pathogen"	
	2. showing correct percentages ;;	62.64 / 62.6 / 63	
		35.85 / 35.84 / 35.8 / 35.9 / 36	
		1.51 / 1.5 / 2	
		2 marks for all 3 correct, 1 mark for 2 correct.	
		If candidate draws bar chart or pie chart, award the marks for mp2 if the percentages shown clearly	3

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Q02(b)(ii)	1. all 6 elements present with no extras ;	i.e. names, date, article title, journal, volume number and pages do not award if "volume", "pages", "pp" are included IGNORE "by"	
	2. order correct;	as above, there should be a minimum of 4 elements to judge this	
	3. authors names abbreviated ;		
		e.g Moriyama, A.S., Hofling-Lima, A. L. OR Aline, S.M., Anna, L.H-L. ACCEPT just one initial in any case ACCEPT either author with "et al"	
		3 marks for Moriyama, A. S. and Hofling-Lima, A. L. (2008) Contact Lens-associated microbial keratitis, <i>Arquivos Brasileiros de Oftalmologia</i> , 71, 32-36	3

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Q02(c)	1. wash hands (before touching lenses);	ACCEPT in either order	
	2. replace lenses correctly ;		2

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Q02(d)	 saving money by keeping lenses longer; 	Must be reference to economics in all cases	
	2. creation of jobs ;		
	3. reduced burden on health care budget;		
	4. less money spent on cleaning fluids;		
	higher initial costs because of complicated procedure to make lenses;		
			3

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Q02(e)(i)	1. immobilised proteins reduce quality of lens;		
	2. some of the surface may not be treated so increased chance of infection;		
	3. new type of lens could cause {damage to / inflammation of} eye;		
	4. no single protein yet found which is suitable ;		3

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Q02(e)(ii)	1. immobilised protein ;		1

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Q02(e)(iii)	PEG, which reduces attract between the (lens) surface and proteins;	ACCEPT "immobilised protein, prevents build-up of biofilm" as ecf if not used in 2eii	
	2. Fimbrolides , which decrease bacterial adhesion / eq ;		2

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Q02(f)	1. reduction in waste ;		
	<pre>2. reduced use of {lenses / cleaning fluids};</pre>		
	leads to less {landfill / pollution / fossil fuel use};		
			2

www.dynamicpapers.com	

Pearson Education Limited. Registered company number 872828 with its registered office at 80 Strand, London WC2R ORL