### GCE Examinations Advanced Subsidiary / Advanced Level

## Statistics Module S1

# Paper E MARKING GUIDE

This guide is intended to be as helpful as possible to teachers by providing concise solutions and indicating how marks should be awarded. There are obviously alternative methods that would also gain full marks.

Method marks (M) are awarded for knowing and using a method.

Accuracy marks (A) can only be awarded when a correct method has been used.

(B) marks are independent of method marks.



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#### S1 Paper E – Marking Guide

1.	(a)

1.	(a)		Studio	Live	Total				
		Jazz	(13)	3	(16)				
		Blues	9	5	14				
		Total	22	(8)	(30)			A2	
	<i>(b)</i>	$\frac{5}{30} = \frac{1}{6}$						A1	
	(c)	$\frac{13}{22}$						M1 A1	(5)
2.	(a)	Discrete Un	iform	B1					
	<i>(b)</i>	R = 10Q + 4						A2	
	(c)	E(R) = (10 > Var(R) = 10	(3) + 4 = 34 $(2)^{2} \times 2 = 200$	M1 A1 M1 A1	(7)				
3.	(a)	$P(Z < \frac{45-42}{\sqrt{18}})$	$(2^{2}) = P(Z < 0)$	M2 A1					
	(b)	$P(\frac{32-42}{\sqrt{18}} < 2)$	$Z < \frac{38-42}{\sqrt{18}}$ )	M2					
		= P(Z < T)	(0.94) - P(Z)	M1 A1					
	(c)	$P(Z < \frac{x-42}{\sqrt{18}})$	$() = 0.95; \frac{x}{2}$	M1 A1					
		x = 42 + (1.6)	5449 × √18)	= 49.0				M1 A1	(11)
4.							M1		
		median = 15	$50^{\text{tn}} = 40 + 20$	$O(\frac{22}{74}) = 45.$	.9 [150.5 <sup>u</sup>	$\rightarrow 46$	.1]	M1 A1	
	<i>(b)</i>	middle 80%						B1	
		$P_{10} = 30^{\text{th}} = 10^{10}$	20					M1	
		$P_{90} = 270^{\text{th}} =$	= 200 + 100(	M1					
		∴ limits are	17 and 256	A2					
	(c)	e.g. data v.		DA					
			affect media better, most	B2 B1	(11)				
	( )								
5.	(a)	У	0	1 2	3	4			
		$\mathbf{P}(Y=y)$	0.05	0.1 0.2	0.4	0.25		M1 A1	
	(b)	$(b) \qquad 0.1 + 0.2 = 0.3$						M1 A1	
	(c)	$\sum y \mathbf{P}(y) = 0$	+ 0.1 + 0.4 +	M1 A1					
	(d)	$(2 \times 2.7) + 4$	l = 9.4	M1 A1					
	(e)	$E(Y^2) = \sum y^2$ Var(Y) = 8.5	• /	M1 A1 M1 A1	(12)				
		var(1) = 8.3	$y = (2.7)^{2} = 1$	.21	MI AI	(12)			

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6.	(a)	$0.45 \times 0.6 = 0.27$	M1 A1		
	<i>(b)</i>	$1 - (0.45 \times 0.4 \times 0.6) = 1 - 0.108 = 0.892$	M2 A1		
	(c)	$P(\text{passed } 1^{\text{st}} \text{ time }   \text{ passed}) = \frac{P(\text{passed } 1^{\text{st}} \text{ time } \cap \text{ passed})}{P(\text{passed})}$ $= \frac{0.55}{0.892} = 0.617 \text{ (3sf)}$	M2 A1		
	(d)	200 1 <sup>st</sup> time, 120 2 <sup>nd</sup> time, 80 3 <sup>rd</sup> time no. expected to pass = $(200 \times 0.55) + (120 \times 0.6) + (80 \times 0.4)$ = 110 + 72 + 32 = 214	A1 M2 A1	(12)	
7.	(a)	n = 120 $110$ $100$ $100$ $90$ $80$ $70$ $15$ $17$ $19$ $21$ $23$ $25$ $h$	Β4		
	<i>(b)</i>	$S_{hn} = 17204 - \frac{180 \times 875}{9} = -296$ $S_{hh} = 3660 - \frac{180^2}{9} = 60$ $b = \frac{-296}{60} = -4.9333$ $a = \frac{875}{9} - [-4.9333 \times \frac{180}{9}] = 195.888$ h = 195.9 - 4.93h	M1 M1 M1 A1 M1 A1 A1		
	(c)	no. of clinches decreases by 4.93 per hour awake	B1		
	(d)	B2			
	(e)	195.9 - 4.93h = 213.4 - 5.87h 0.94h = 17.5; h = 18.6 hours	M1 M1 A1	(17)	
			Total	(75)	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Total
probability	discrete uniform dist.	normal dist.	interpol'n, inter- percentile range	discrete r. v.	probability	scatter diagram, regression	
5	7	11	11	12	12	17	75
	probability	probability discrete uniform dist.	probability discrete normal dist. dist.	probability discrete uniform dist. dist. dist. inter- percentile range	probability discrete uniform dist. normal interpol'n, inter- dist. dist. gercentile range discrete r. v.	probability discrete uniform dist. dist. interpol'n, discrete percentile range r. v. probability	probability discrete uniform dist. normal dist. interpol'n, inter-percentile range discrete r. v. probability regression

#### Performance Record – S1 Paper E