FOR EDEXCEL

## GCE Examinations Advanced Subsidiary

# **Core Mathematics C4**

Paper B

### Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

### Instructions and Information

Candidates may use any calculator EXCEPT those with the facility for symbolic algebra, differentiation and/or integration.

Full marks may be obtained for answers to ALL questions.

Mathematical formulae and statistical tables are available.

This paper has eight questions.

#### Advice to Candidates

You must show sufficient working to make your methods clear to an examiner. Answers without working may gain no credit.



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1.	Use integration by parts to find	
	$\int x^2 \sin x  \mathrm{d}x.$	6)
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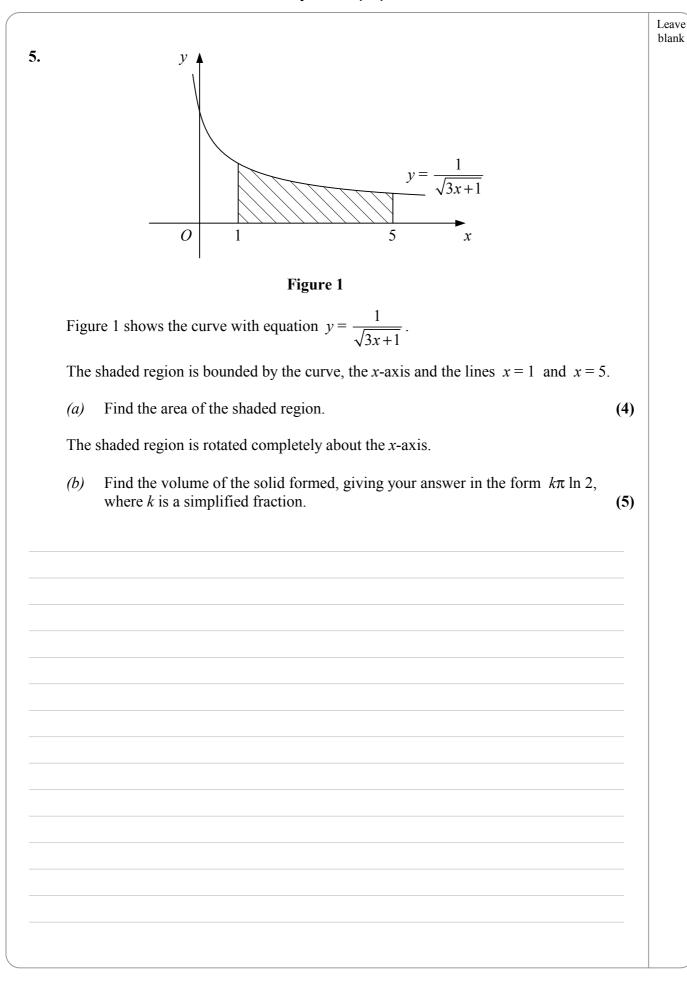
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2. Given that $y = -2$ when $x = 1$ , solve the differential equation		
$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} = y^2 \sqrt{x} \; ,$		
giving your answer in the form $y = f(x)$ .	(7)	

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3.	A curve has the equation	
	$4x^2 - 2xy - y^2 + 11 = 0.$	
	Find an equation for the normal to the curve at the point with coordinates $(-1, -3)$ . (8)	

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Leave blank Expand  $(1 + ax)^{-3}$ , |ax| < 1, in ascending powers of x up to and including the term in  $x^3$ . Give each coefficient as simply as possible in terms of the 4. *(a)* constant a. (3) Given that the coefficient of  $x^2$  in the expansion of  $\frac{6-x}{(1+ax)^3}$ , |ax| < 1, is 3, find the two possible values of *a*. *(b)* (4) Given also that a < 0, show that the coefficient of  $x^3$  in the expansion of  $\frac{6-x}{(1+ax)^3}$  is  $\frac{14}{9}$ . (c) (2)

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6.

$$f(x) = \frac{15 - 17x}{(2 + x)(1 - 3x)^2}, \quad x \neq -2, \quad x \neq \frac{1}{3}.$$

(a) Find the values of the constants A, B and C such that

$$f(x) = \frac{A}{2+x} + \frac{B}{1-3x} + \frac{C}{(1-3x)^2}.$$
 (4)

(b) Find the value of

 $\int_{-1}^0 f(x) dx,$ 

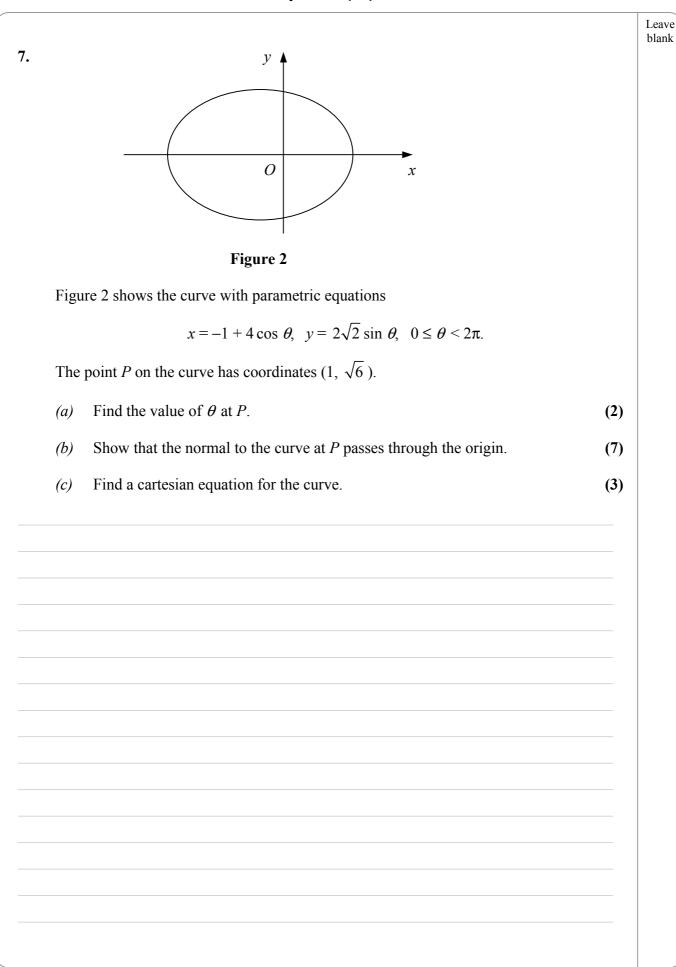
giving your answer in the form  $p + \ln q$ , where p and q are integers.

(7)

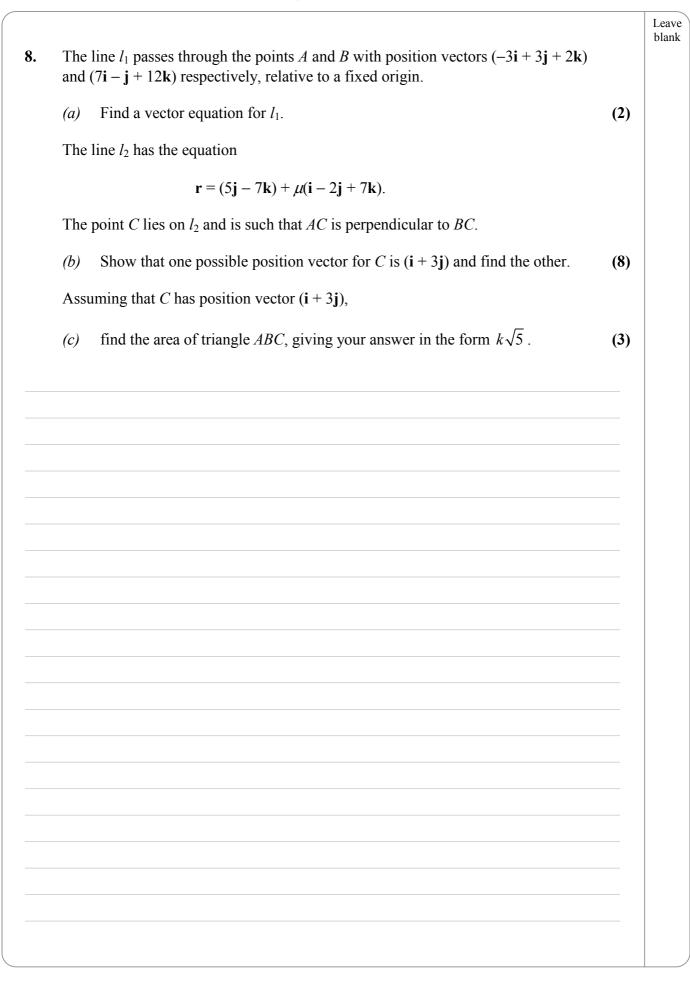
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