UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

9707 BUSINESS STUDIES

9707/21 Paper 2 (Data Response), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE International Examinations

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	Page 2		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
			GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2010	9707	21
1	Big Bag (a) Ex				
	(i)	Exc	hange rates		[3]
	Content: The value/price of one currency in terms of another. E.g. £1=\$1.7. Importa firms involved in imports/exports. Influences prices of raw materials and dema finished products.				
			el 2: Good explanation. el 1: Partial explanation/understanding.		(2–3 marks) (1 mark)
	(ii) Cost of goods sold.			[3]	
			tent: Part of P&L account. Direct costs associated w traded. = opening stocks + purchases – closing stocks		the goods that
			el 2: Good explanation. el 1: Partial explanation/understanding.		(2–3 marks) (1 mark)
	(b) (i)	Calo	culate the forecast gross profit margin for 2011.		[3]
			= Sales – cost of goods sold (COGS) = \$150m – \$120 / = \$30m/\$150m ×100 = 20%	m = \$30m	
		Corr	rect answer rect method but simple mistakes nula or identifies all the data but flawed calculation will	earn	(3 marks) (2 marks) (1 mark)
	(ii)			wer to part (i), [3]	
		Falli	ng significantly. Falling sales value, COGS rising. Any	reasonable ans	wer (ARA).

Knowledge and Application		
Level 2: Shows understanding of GPM in context.	(2–3 marks)	
Level 1: Simple statements.	(1 mark)	

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(c) Analyse how the Government might influence the activities of BB.

[8]

Environmental policies may mean targets and constraints for industries. Green taxes will affect consumers' behaviour and change buying decisions (two sets of consumers here, supermarkets and their customers). Economic policies can change spending patterns (interest rates, taxes etc). Legal impositions.

Grants etc.

ARA.

Knowledge and Application	Analysis	
Level 2: Shows understanding of influence of government in context of the business. (3–4 marks)	Level 2: Good analysis of influences in context. (3–4 marks)	
Level 1: Shows understanding of government influences. (1–2 marks)	Level 1: Analysis of influences. (1–2 marks)	

(d) Evaluate how BB might respond to changes in the market for its products. [10]

Content could include:

The market:

- Declining
- Government pressures
- Consumers (supermarkets and their customers) more aware of waste issues.

Possible responses:

- Extension strategies (alternative uses?)
- More environmentally-friendly bags
- Reduce costs/increase efficiencies
- Investment in research, equipment
- New products/diversification
- New raw materials

ARA

Evaluation likely to come through prioritising difficulties.

Knowledge and Application	Analysis and Evaluation
Level 2: Shows understanding of market changes/possible responses in context of the business. (3–4 marks)	Level 2: Evaluation of responses in context. (3–6 marks)
Level 1: Shows understanding of market changes/possible responses. (1–2 marks)	Level 1: Analysis of responses. (1–2 marks)

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Pa	Page 4		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
			GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2010	9707	21
			ollege		
(a)	ΞX	Jiain	the following terms:		
	(i)	priva	ate sector		[3]
		trade	tent: That section of business owned by private indiviers etc) or via shares (e.g. ltd). Usually has profit as ic sector (owned by government/state).		
			el 2: Good explanation. el 1: Partial explanation/understanding.		(2–3 marks) (1 mark)
	(ii)	dele	gation		[3]
			tent: Passing authority down a business hierarchy. Res gator.	sponsibility rema	ains with the
			el 2: Good explanation. el 1: Partial explanation/understanding.		(2–3 marks) (1 mark)
(b)	(i)	Calc	culate the value of X in the cash flow forecast.		[3]
		= _4 = 14	opening balance + income – expenses. + 30 – 12 arks)		
		Corr	ect answer ect method but simple mistakes nula or identifies all the data but flawed calculation will	earn	(3 marks) (2 marks) (1 mark)
	(ii)		ng Table 2 and your answer to part (i), briefly cast might change if lower cash inflow is predicted		is cash flow [3]
			shows cash surplus. ing balance would be less, but still unlikely to continue	to need source	of finance.

Knowledge and Application	
Level 2: Shows understanding of cash flow in the context of the business.	(2–3 marks)
Level 1: Simple statements.	(1 mark)

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(c) Analyse the methods of market research that NC might have used to identify the likely demand for their facilities. [8]

Secondary research/desk research: Research similar businesses. Get idea of "population" size. Who to contact.

Primary research/field research: Customer needs. Prices they might pay. Facilities they need.

ARA.

Knowledge and Application	Analysis	
Level 2: Shows understanding of market research/methods in the context of the business. (3–4 marks)	Level 2: Good analysis of methods in context. (3–4 marks)	
Level 1: Shows understanding of market research/methods. (1–2 marks)	Level 1: Limited analysis of methods. (1–2 marks)	

(d) Discuss the factors that NC needs to consider when recruiting and selecting an Office Manager. [10]

Increased costs, reduced incomes means low wages? Unusual working hours (full-time in hols, part-time in term time). Who might this suit? Lots of responsibility. Unusual job. What qualities/skills (job description, person specification) How best to recruit/select?

ARA.

Evaluation likely to come from recognising the key factors.

Knowledge and Application	Analysis and Evaluation	
Level 2: Shows understanding of recruitment/factors in the context of the business. (3–4 marks)	Level 2: Evaluation of factors in context. (3–6 marks)	
Level 1: Shows understanding of recruitment/factors. (1–2 marks)	Level 1: Analysis of factors. (1–2 marks)	