UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/22

Paper 2 (AS Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Syllabus

ı agc	_	mark deficitie: reactions version	Cynabas	i apci	
		GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	9701	22	
1 (a) K	= [C	CH ₃ CH ₂ R][H ₂ 0] H ₃ CH ₂ H][ROH]		(1)	
no	units			(1)	[2]
(b) (i)	n(Na	$aOH) = \frac{22.5 \times 2.00}{1000} = 0.045$		(1)	
(ii)	n(Na	aOH) = n(HCl) = 0.005		(1)	
(iii)	CH ₃	$CO_2H + NaOH \rightarrow CH_3CO_2Na + H_2O$		(1)	
(iv)	•	aOH) = 0.045 - 0.005 = 0.04 v ecf on (i) and/or (ii)		(1)	[4]
(c) (i)		aOH) and $n(CH_3CO_2H) = 0.04$ H ₃ CO ₂ R) and $n(H_2O) = 0.06$		(1) (1)	
(ii)	K _c =	$\frac{0.06 \times 0.06}{0.04 \times 0.04} = 2.25$			
		v ecf on wrong values in (b)(i) v ecf on wrong expression in (a)		(1)	[3]

Mark Scheme: Teachers' version

(d) E_a for reaction with ester is high or E_a for reaction with acid is low or reaction with ester is slow or

Page 2

reaction with acid is fast (1) [1]

(e) equilibrium moves to RHS/more ester would be formed to maintain value of K_c or to restore system to equilibrium (1) [2]

[Total: 12]

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2 (a) $CH_2=CH_2 + HF \rightarrow CH_3CH_2F$

4 C-H 5 C-H 2050 bonds 1640 bonds broken 1 C=C 610 made 1 C-C 350 /kJ mol⁻¹ 1 H-F /kJ mol⁻¹ 562 1 C-F 2812 (2400 + E)

breaking reactant bonds requires

 $4 \times 410 + 610 + 562 = 2812 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ (1)

making product bonds gives

$$5 \times 410 + 350 + E = (2400 + E) \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$$
 (1)

$$\Delta H_{\text{reaction}}^{\text{e}} = -(2400 + E) + 2812 = -73 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$$
 (1)

 $(2400 + E) = 2812 + 73 = 2885 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$

$$E = 2885 - 2400 = 485 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$$
 (1)

allow ecf on wrong bond energy values and/or incorrect arithmetic

[4]

(b) any two from

non-toxic unreactive volatile non-flamma

non-flammable

easily liquefied (1 + 1) [2]

(c) in CCl_2F_2

C-C*l* bond energy is 340 kJ mol⁻1 and is weaker than C-F or C-H bonds (1) C-C*l* bond is broken by uvl **or**

Ct free radicals are formed

(1) [2]

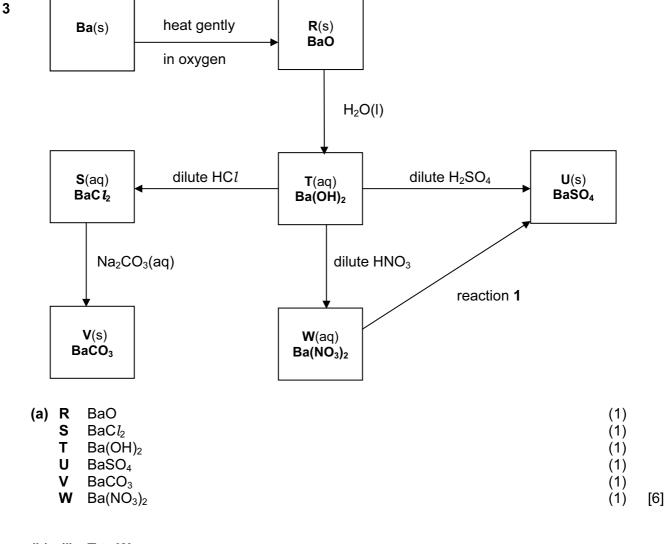
(d) (i) the trapping of reflected heat from the Earth in the lower atmosphere producing global warming

(ii) CO₂/carbon dioxide (1) [3]

(e) octahedral (1) [1]

[Total: 12]

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(b) (i) T to W

$$Ba(OH)_2 + 2HNO_3 \rightarrow Ba(NO_3)_2 + 2H_2O$$
 (1)

heat on
$$\mathbf{V}$$

BaCO₃ \rightarrow BaO + CO₂ (1)

(ii) T to V
$$CO_2$$
 (1) $Ba(OH)_2 + CO_2 \rightarrow BaCO_3 + H_2O$ (1) [4]

(c)
$$Na_2SO_4(aq)/K_2SO_4(aq)$$
 or any soluble sulfate (1) [1]

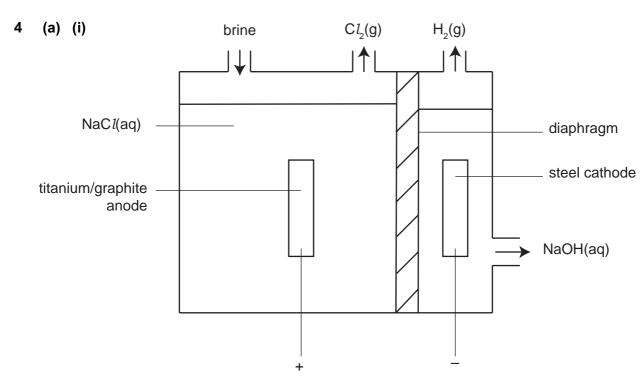
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(d) (i)
$$Ba:O = \underbrace{81.1}_{137} : \underbrace{18.9}_{16}$$
 (1)
= 0.59 : 1.18
= 1 : 2
gives BaO_2 (1)

(ii) $BaSO_4$ (1)

(iii)
$$BaO_2 + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow BaSO_4 + H_2O_2$$
 (1) [4]

[Total: 15]



(ii) anode
$$2Cl^{-}(aq) \to Cl_{2}(g) + 2e^{-}$$
 (1)
cathode $2H^{+}(aq) + 2e^{-} \to H_{2}(g)$ or $2H_{2}O(l) + 2e^{-} \to H_{2}(g) + 2OH^{-}(aq)$ (1) [2]

[Total: 7]

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5 (a) CH₂OCO(CH₂)₁₆CH₃ | CHOCO(CH₂)₁₆CH₃ | CH₂OCO(CH₂)₁₆CH₃

all three alcohol groups must be esterified

(1) [1]

(b) dilute HC*l* or dilute H₂SO₄ or dilute mineral acid or NaOH(aq) followed by dilute acid

(1) [1]

(c) $CH_3(CH_2)_7$ H

(1) [1]

(d) (i) fatty acid that contains more than one C=C bond

(CH₂)₇CO₂H

(1)

(ii) hydrogen nickel/Raney nickel/platinum/palladium

(1) (1) [3]

(e) (i) $CH_3(CH_2)_7CHO$ $OHC(CH_2)_7CX$ (1) (1)

(ii) 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine yellow/orange/red precipitate

(1) (1)

(iii) Tollens' reagent silver mirror/

grey precipitate

or Fehling's/Benedict's solutionor brick red ppt.

(1) (1) [

[6]

(f) (i) two

(1)

(ii) ester

(1) [2]

[Total: 14]