

Cambridge International AS & A Level

BUSINESS		9609/21
Paper 2 Data Respo	nse	May/June 2020
MARK SCHEME		
Maximum Mark: 60		
	Published	

Students did not sit exam papers in the June 2020 series due to the Covid-19 global pandemic.

This mark scheme is published to support teachers and students and should be read together with the question paper. It shows the requirements of the exam. The answer column of the mark scheme shows the proposed basis on which Examiners would award marks for this exam. Where appropriate, this column also provides the most likely acceptable alternative responses expected from students. Examiners usually review the mark scheme after they have seen student responses and update the mark scheme if appropriate. In the June series, Examiners were unable to consider the acceptability of alternative responses, as there were no student responses to consider.

Mark schemes should usually be read together with the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers. However, because students did not sit exam papers, there is no Principal Examiner Report for Teachers for the June 2020 series.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the June 2020 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™ and Cambridge International A & AS Level components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
 is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
 referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these
 features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The
 meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Question	Answer				
1(a)(i)	Define the term 'industrial market' (line 1).				
	Knowledge and Application	Marks			
	A correct definition	2			
	A partial, vague or unfocused definition 1				
	No creditable content	0			
	Answers could include: Consists of businesses that sell to other businesses (B2B). One beconsumer and another business the supplier. Examples.	usiness is the			
1(a)(ii)	Explain the term 'price elasticity of demand' (line 24).		3		
	Knowledge and Application	Marks			
	Good explanation	2–3			
	Partial explanation/understanding	1			
	No creditable content	0			
	Answers could include: Measures the responsiveness of demand to a change in the price of a product. Can be elastic or inelastic. Formula or worked example.				
1(b)(i)	Refer to Table 1.1. Calculate the total revenue received by UF	in 2019.	3		
	Correct answer. Right method but mistakes. Attempt (e.g. formula or identifies data).	(3 marks) (2 marks) (1 mark)			
	Answer \$3 150 000 + \$1 600 000 = \$4 750 000 (\$ not required)				
	Formula $TR = P \times Q (1)$				
	Working \$900 × 3500 = \$3 150 000 (1) \$2000 × 800 = \$1 600 000 (1)				

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Question		Answer					
1(b)(ii)	Explain o	ne source of finance available to UF for purchasing	new machinery.	3			
	Level	Knowledge and Application	Marks				
	APAP	Explanation of a source of finance in context	3				
	AP	Identification of source of finance in context	2				
	K	Identification of a source of finance	1				
	0	No creditable content	0				
	Any se share Context like	nd content is likely to come from: ource of finance either external or internal for 1 mark but capital, leasing, bank loan, hire purchase sely to reflect UF is a plc so share capital or, because fin term asset – machinery - bank loan rather than overdraf asse.	ance is required				

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Question	Answer						
1(c)	Recommend which of the two options in Table 1.2 UF should choose to increase sales. Justify your recommendation.						
	Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Marks	Analysis and Evaluation (7 marks)	Marks			
			Justified evaluation based on arguments in context	7			
			Developed evaluation based on arguments in context	6			
			An evaluative statement based on arguments in context	5			
	Shows understanding of the impact of each option on sales in context	4	Arguments (two sided) based on of each option in context	4			
	Shows understanding of the impact of one option on sales in context	3	Argument (one sided) based on the advantages or disadvantages of one option in context	3			
	Identifies two ways to increase sales	2	One piece of limited analysis of the impact of two options on sales	2			
	Identifies one way to increase sales	1	One piece of limited analysis of one way to increase sales	1			
	No (No creditable content 0					
	quality be compromised?Price-inelastic demand will fall so lower dividends for	I reduce sharehole could tak	complained about high prices, but revenue. If costs stay the same proders, possible redundancies if reveke business away from other firms and start a price war.	ofits will nue falls.			
	 but could be expensive. Employees unhappy if mo improve performance with their monthly pay, but wou. If employees may resent to may look for jobs with comknowledge elsewhere. 	nthly sala PRP wh ald targets he trainin npetitors to scheme	g or be unhappy with pay scheme taking their skills, experience and will increase costs so decrease pro	to 15% in so they			

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Answer					
Analyse two ways, other than the two options in Table 1.2, UF can improve customer relations.					
Level	Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Marks	Analysis (4 marks)	Marks	
2	Shows understanding of two methods to improve customer relationships in context	4	Developed analysis of two methods to improve customer relationships in context	4	
	Shows understanding of one method to improve customer relationships in context	3	Developed analysis of one method to improve customer relationships in context	3	
1	Shows knowledge of two methods to improve customer relationships	2	Limited analysis of two methods to improve customer relationships	2	
	Shows knowledge of one method to improve customer relationships	1	Limited analysis of one method to improve customer relationships	1	
No creditable content 0					
Could choose any two of the 4Cs: Cost, Convenience, Communication, Customer solution Contextual analysis likely to come from: Business to business so must be convenient to market and size appropriate to premises. Are just two sizes appropriate for all premises? Maybe need another size?					
	Could cl solution Context Bus prei Are Nev	Level Knowledge and Application (4 marks) 2 Shows understanding of two methods to improve customer relationships in context Shows understanding of one method to improve customer relationships in context 1 Shows knowledge of two methods to improve customer relationships Shows knowledge of one method to improve customer relationships Shows knowledge of one method to improve customer relationships No creditation Could choose any two of the 4Cs: one of the solution Contextual analysis likely to come of the solution Contextual analysis likely to come of the solution Are just two sizes appropriate the New product?	Analyse two ways, other than the two op customer relations. Level Knowledge and Application (4 marks) 2 Shows understanding of two methods to improve customer relationships in context Shows understanding of one method to improve customer relationships in context 1 Shows knowledge of two methods to improve customer relationships Shows knowledge of two methods to improve customer relationships Shows knowledge of one method to improve customer relationships Shows knowledge of one method to improve customer relationships No creditable cor Could choose any two of the 4Cs: Cost, Corsolution Contextual analysis likely to come from: Business to business so must be converged in the premises Are just two sizes appropriate for all premises New product?	Analyse two ways, other than the two options in Table 1.2, UF can in customer relations. Level Knowledge and Application (4 marks) Marks Analysis (4 marks)	Analyse two ways, other than the two options in Table 1.2, UF can improve customer relations. Level Knowledge and Application (4 marks) Marks (4 marks) Marks (2 methods to improve customer relationships in context

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Question	Answer					
2(a)(i)	Define the term 'income statement' (line 8).		2			
	Knowledge and Application	Marks				
	A correct definition	2				
	A partial, vague or unfocused definition	1				
	No creditable content 0					
	A financial statement that reports the revenue, cost of sales, grosprofit etc. For full marks there should be some reference to revenue, cost of					
2(a)(ii)	Explain the term 'viral marketing' (line 20).		3			
	Knowledge and Application	Marks				
	Good explanation	2–3				
	Partial explanation/understanding	1				
	No creditable content	0				
	Promoting a product using social networks. The name refers to he spread information about a product to other people in their social basis of viral marketing is in the spread of information by word-of-mostly using internet-based applications such as email, social net web forums etc. Relatively low cost.	networks. The mouth, nowadays				
2(b)(i)	Refer to table 2.1. Calculate the gross profit margin.		3			
I	Correct answer. Right method but mistakes. Attempt (e.g. formula or identifies data).	(3 marks) (2 marks) (1 mark)				
	Answer = 392 000 / 980 000 X 100 = 40%					
	392 000/980 000 = 0.4 (2)					
	980 000 – 588 000 = 392 000 (1) Revenue – cost of sales / revenue × 100 (1)					

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Question		Answer		Marks	
2(b)(ii)	Explain one reason why HH needs accurate cost data.				
	Level	Knowledge and Application	Marks		
	APAP	Explains a benefit of accurate cost data to HH	3		
	AP	Identifies a benefit of accurate cost data to HH	2		
	K	Identifies a benefit of accurate cost data	1		
	0	No creditable content	0		
	 Set a Set ok Effect Context n Provid Exper Inform Inform Ensur Ensur 	and content is likely to come from: price that provides a profit ojectives ive management of the business may include: de partners with financial information nsive product so need an accurate budget n expansion of the business / set up website n finance / budget for viral marketing campaign the business can pay suppliers for expensive materials the business can pay wages of production workers (40%) gross profit margin			

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Question			Answe	er		Marks
2(c)	Analyse one advantage and one disadvantage to HH of using job production.					
	Level	Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Marks	Analysis (4 marks)	Marks	
		Shows understanding of one advantage and one disadvantage of using job production in context	4	Developed analysis of one advantage and one disadvantage of using job production in context	4	
	2	Shows understanding of one advantage or one disadvantage of using job production in context	3	Developed analysis of one advantage and one disadvantage of using job production	3	
	1	Shows knowledge of one advantage and one disadvantage of using job production	2	Limited analysis of one advantage and one disadvantage of using job production	2	
		Shows knowledge of one advantage or one disadvantage of using job production	1	Limited analysis of one advantage or one disadvantage of using job production	1	
	No creditable content 0					
	 Lux Cus Flex Har Em Hig The prod Suc Context Hig suit 	xible and possible to make of nnah and Kwom can easily so ployee satisfaction – only 4 of the gross profit margin of 40% to impact on HH reputation are ducts excess of the method in encounties and disadvantages likely to other thable for the new online rang	e and ma changes of supervise employed and brand uraging H come fror ner produ e of bags	es who can work as a team as able to produce high qualit HH to expand n: ction methods which might no	ty ot be	

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Question	Answer					
2(d)	Evaluate the likely success of the marketing mix for the new product.					
	Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Marks Analysis and Evaluation (7 marks)		Marks		
			Justified judgement of the marketing mix in context	7		
			Developed evaluation of the marketing mix in context	6		
			Evaluation of the marketing mix in context	5		
	Shows understanding of more than one element of the marketing mix in context	4	Developed analysis of more than one element of the marketing mix in context	4		
	Shows understanding of one element of the marketing mix in context	3	Developed analysis of one element of the marketing mix in context	3		
	Shows understanding of more than one element of the marketing mix	2	Limited analysis of more than one element of the marketing mix	2		
	Shows understanding of one element of the marketing mix	1	Limited analysis of one element of the marketing mix	1		
	No	0				
	 online market and not cus penetration pricing. Product - which designs to custom made? Flow or be training in new processes in the garden is not likely Promotion - via a viral maintends to use a marketing 	to choose? atch products required. to be suitarketing cauge agency. but what	impaign, likely to be expensive as How effective and what budget? about selling to shops as well? It	ssibly / as e so staff a building s business		

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