

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

COMPUTER SCIENCE 9608/41

Paper 4 Written Paper

October/November 2017

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 75

Published

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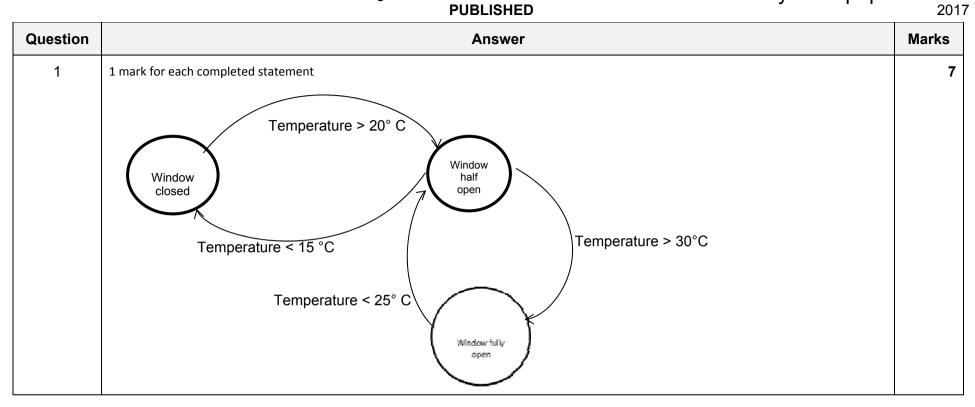
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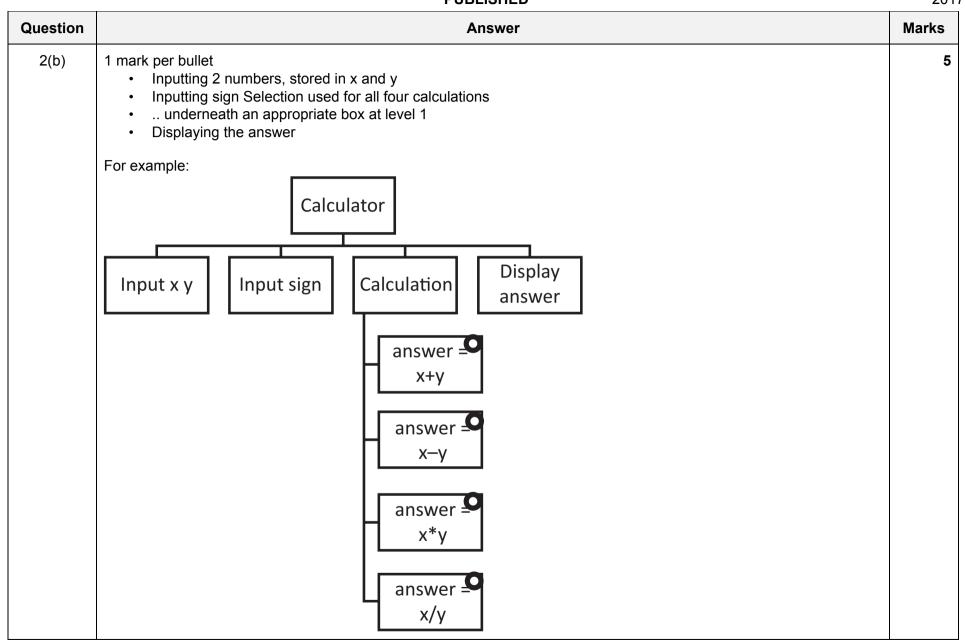
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Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)(i)	Asterisk (*) in the corner/top of the box(es)	1
2(a)(ii)	Circle (o) in the corner/top of box(es)	1

© UCLES 2017 Page 2 of 15



© UCLES 2017 Page 3 of 15

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	1 mark per clause	5
	• person(mimi).	
	• food(lettuce).	
	• likes(mimi, chocolate).	
	• dislikes(mimi, sushi).	
	• dislikes(mimi, lettuce).	
3(b)	1 mark per answer	2
	chocolate, pizza	
3(c)	1 mark per bullet	6
	• might_like(B,A)	
	• Person(B)	
	• Food(A)	
	• AND	
	• AND NOT	
	Dislikes predicate	
	For example:	
	might_like(B, A).	
	IF person(B) AND food(A)	
	AND NOT(dislikes(B, A)).	

© UCLES 2017 Page 4 of 15

Question				Answer		Marks
4(a)	Label	Op code	Operand	Comment	Marks	1
	START:	LDM	#63	// load ASCII value for '?'		
		OUT		// OUTPUT '?'	1	
		IN		// input GUESS	1	
		СМР	LETTERTOGUESS	// compare with stored letter	1	
		JPE	GUESSED	// if correct guess, go to GUESSED	1	
		LDD	ATTEMPTS	// increment ATTEMPTS	1	
		INC	ACC		1	
		STO	ATTEMPTS		1	
		CMP	#9	// is ATTEMPTS = 9 ?	1	
		JPE	ENDP	// if out of guesses, go to ENDP	1	
		JMP	START	// go back to beginning of loop	1	
	GUESSED:	LDM	#42	// load ASCII for '*'		
		OUT		// OUTPUT '*'	1	
	ENDP:	END		// end program		
	ATTEMPTS:		0			
	LETTERTOGUESS:		'a'			

© UCLES 2017 Page 5 of 15

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Question				Answer		Mark
4(b)	Label	Opcode	Operand	Comment	Mark	
	START:	LDR	#0	// initialise the Index Register	1	
	LOOP:	LDX	NUMBERS	// load the value from NUMBERS	1 (LOOP) + 1(LDX NUMBERS)	
		LSL	#2	// multiply by 4	1 (LSL) + 1 (#2)	
		STX	NUMBERS	// store the new value in NUMBERS	1	
		INC	IX	// increment the Index Register	1	
		LDD	COUNT			
		INC	ACC	// increment COUNT	1	
		STO	COUNT			
		CMP	#5	// is COUNT = 5 ?	1	
		JPN	LOOP	// repeat for next number	1	
	ENDP:	END				
	COUNT:		0			
	NUMBERS:	2	22			
		:	13			
			5			
		,	46			
		:	12			

© UCLES 2017 Page 6 of 15

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)(i)	PERT / GANTT	1
5(a)(ii)	1 mark per bullet to max 3 For example: Calculate total minimum time required for project Identify milestones Task dependencies Provides the critical path analysis Identify which tasks need to be prioritised Determine when to begin specific tasks/stages Identify slack time Identify when resources need allocating Identify tasks that can be completed in parallel	3
5(b)(i)	Integration	1
5(b)(ii)	Beta / acceptance	1

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	 1 mark per bullet to max 6 Declaring a class with the name animal Declaring variables for across, down and score (all Integers) as private/protected Correct constructor header and ending Randomly generating an across between 0–39 inc. in constructor Randomly generating a down between 0–39 inc. in constructor 	6
	 Initialising Score to zero in constructor Correct get for Across Correct set for Across 	

© UCLES 2017 Page 7 of 15

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	Example: VB	
	Class Animal	
	Private Across As Integer	
	Private Down As Integer	
	Private Score As Integer	
	Function GetAcross()	
	Return Across	
	End Function	
	Sub SetAcross(Value As Integer)	
	Across = Value	
	End Sub	
	Sub New()	
	Randomize()	
	Across = randomnumber.Next $(0, 40)$	
	Down = randomnumber.Next(0, 40)	
	Score = 0	
	End Sub	
	End Class	

© UCLES 2017 Page 8 of 15

	PUBLISHED	201
Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	or	
	Class Animal	
	Private Across As Integer	
	Property Across As Integer	
	Get	
	Return Across	
	End Get	
	Set(Value As Integer)	
	Across = Value	
	End Set	
	End Property	
	Private Down As Integer	
	Private Score As Integer	
	Sub New()	
	Randomize()	
	Across = randomnumber.Next(0, 40)	
	Down = randomnumber.Next(0, 40)	
	_Score = 0	
	End Sub	
	End Class	
	Example: Python	
	class Animal :	
	<pre>definit (self) :</pre>	
	x = random.randint(0,39)	
	y = random.randint(0,39)	
	self.Across = x	
	self.Down = y	
	self.Score = 0	
	def SetAcross(A) :	
	self.Across = A	
	<pre>def GetAcross() :</pre>	
	return self.Across	

© UCLES 2017 Page 9 of 15

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	Example: Pascal	
	type	
	Animal = class	
	private	
	Across: integer;	
	Down: integer;	
	score: integer;	
	public	
	constructor init;	
	procedure SetAcross(AcrossV: integer);	
	<pre>function GetAcross(): integer;</pre>	
	end;	
	<pre>constructor Animal.init(); SetAcross(random(40));</pre>	
	SetDown (random(40));	
	SetScore (0);	
	end;	
	procedure Animal.SetAcross(AcrossV: integer);	
	begin	
	Across := AcrossV;	
	end;	
	function Animal.GetAcross(): integer;	
	begin	
	GetAcross := Across;	
	end;	

© UCLES 2017 Page 10 of 15

Question	Answer	Marks
6(b)	mark per bullet to max 5 constructor method heading and ending Initialise all 40 by 40 elements of Grid as " or equivalent Loop 5 times Creates a new instance of animal inside loop and adds it to array AnimalList	5
	Call generate food and initialise StepCounter to 0	
	Example Python	
	<pre>definit (self) : self.grid = [[' ' for i in range(40)] for j in range(40)] self.AnimalList = [] self.StepCounter = 0 for i in range(5) : newAnimal = Animal () self.AnimalList.append(newAnimal) self.GenerateFood()</pre>	
	Example VB	
	<pre>Sub New() For x = 0 To 39 For y = 0 To 39 grid(x, y) = "" Next Next</pre>	
	For z = 0 To 4 AnimalList(z) = New Animal Next	
	Call GenerateFood() End Sub	

© UCLES 2017 Page 11 of 15

Question	Answer	Marks
6(b)	Example Pascal	
	<pre>constructor Desert.init(); for x := 0 to 39 do begin for y := 0 to 39 do begin grid(x,y) = ""; end end for x := 0 to 4 do begin AnimalList(x) = object (Animal); end GenerateFood(); end;</pre>	
6(c)(i)	 1 mark per bullet: Function header and ending taking one value as parameter Check if coordinate = 0 (on lower bound) generate random number (0 or 1) Check if coordinate = 39 (on upper bound) generate random number (-1 or 0) Generate random number (e.g1, 0, 1) Return the generated value 	max 4

© UCLES 2017 Page 12 of 15

	PUBLISHED	2017
Question	Answer	Marks
6(c)(i)	Example VB	
	Function GenerateDirection(ByRef coord As Integer) Dim lowerbound As Integer = -1 Dim upperbound As Integer = 1	
	<pre>If coord = 0 Then lowerbound = 0 ElseIf coord = 39 Then upperbound = 0 End If</pre>	
	<pre>GenerateDirection = randomnumber.Next(lowerbound, upperbound)</pre>	
	End Function	
	Example Python	
	<pre>def GenerateDirection(Coord) : lowerBound = -1 upperBound = 1 if Coord == 0 : lowerBound = 0 elif Coord == 39 : upperBound = 0 return random.randint(lowerBound, upperBound)</pre>	

© UCLES 2017 Page 13 of 15

Question	Answer	Marks
•		Walks
6(c)(i)	Example Pascal	
	function GenerateDirection(coord : Integer): Integer;	
	<pre>begin lowerbound = -1;</pre>	
	upperbound = 1;	
	if coord = 0 then	
	<pre>lowerbound = 0; else if coord = 39 then</pre>	
	upperbound = 0;	
	<pre>GenerateDirection = random(39);</pre>	
	end;	
6(c)(ii)	1 mark per bullet to max 4	4
	Procedure move header, no parameters	
	Calling GenerateDirection twice sending across and down as separate parameters	
	Add return value to Across Add return value to Down	
	 Add return value to Down Check if the grid, at the (new) coordinates == "F" 	
	if true, Call EatFood	
	in true, dan Lati dad	
	Example python	
	<pre>def Move(self) :</pre>	
	<pre>self.Across += GenerateChangeInCoordinate(self.Across)</pre>	
	<pre>self.Down += GenerateChangeInCoordinate(self.Down) if grid[self.Across][self.Down] == 'F' :</pre>	
	self.EatFood()	
	return	

© UCLES 2017 Page 14 of 15

Question	Answer	Marks
6(c)(ii)	Example VB	
	<pre>Sub Move(ByRef thisAnimal As Animal) thisAnimal.across += GenerateChangeInCoordinate (thisAnimal.across) thisAnimal.down += GenerateChangeInCoordinate (thisAnimal.down) If thegridgrid(thisAnimal.across, thisAnimal.down) = "F" Then Call EatFood() End If End Sub</pre>	
	Example Pascal	
	<pre>procedure Move(thisAnimal : Animal); begin thisAnimal.across = this.Animal.across + GenerateChangeInCoordinate (thisAnimal.across); thisAnimal.down = thisAnimal.down + GenerateChangeInCoordinate (thisAnimal.down); if (thisgrid.grid(thisAnimal.across, thisAnimal.down) = "F") then EatFood(); End;</pre>	
6(d)	mark per bullet to max 3 Pre-compiled Collection of Code/modules/routines Each module performs a specific purpose/task Each module can be linked/imported into the program	2

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