CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

9608 COMPUTER SCIENCE

9608/23

Paper 2 (Written Paper), maximum raw mark 75

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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1 (a)

Identifier	Data Type	Description
HorseName	STRING	Name of the horse
NumberOfPreviousWins	INTEGER	Number of previous wins
RacePenaltyWeight	INTEGER / REAL / SINGLE	Penalty weight

[1]

(b) (i) Stepwise refinement // top-down design

[1]

(ii) INPUT HorseName

INPUT NumberOfPreviousWins

RacePenaltyWeight ← 0

IF NumberOfPreviousWins = 1 OR NumberOfPreviousWins = 2
 THEN

RacePenaltyWeight

4

ENDIF

IF NumberOfPreviousWins > 2

THEN

RacePenaltyWeight

8

ENDIF

OUTPUT HorseName, RacePenaltyWeight

Mark as follows:

(OUTPUT) + INPUT x 2 (1 mark)
Two/three conditions in evidence correctly formed (1 mark)
(penalise Assignment used for equals)

Condition for penalty weight = 0 + assignment = 0 (1 mark)
Other conditions X 2 + Assignment of 4 and 8 (1 mark)

Final output of horse name + penalty weight (1 mark)

[5]

[1]

2 (a) (i) 7

(ii) 2 9

[2]

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(b) (i)

Input value		Output		Commont	
Amount	Fifty Dollar	Twenty Dollar	Ten Dollar	- Comment	
70	1	1	0	Least possible number of notes	
85	(0	0	0)	Error message	
130	2	1	1	Least possible number of notes	
600	(0	0	0)	Error message	

Penalise any number entries on the 85 and 600 rows

[3]

```
(ii) INPUT Amount
    IF Amount > 500
        THEN
            OUTPUT "Refused - amount too large"
        ELSE
    IF (Amount MOD 10) <> 0 / >0
                OUTPUT "Refused - not a multiple of $10"
            ELSE
                FiftyDollar ← Amount DIV 50
                Temp ← Amount MOD 50 //
         (Amount - 50 * FiftyDollar)
                TwentyDollar \( \text{Temp DIV 20 //} \)
                 (Amount MOD 50) DIV 20
                \texttt{Temp} \; \leftarrow \; \textbf{Temp} \; \; \textbf{MOD} \; \; \textbf{20}
                TenDollar - Temp DIV 10
            ENDIF
```

ENDIF [max 5]

3 (i)

А	Width	in any order
В	Length	
С	JobID	
D	CustomerName	in any order
Е	JobCost	

[5]

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(ii) PROCEDURE CalculateJobCost (BYREF JobCost : INTEGER/CURRENCY/REAL, BYVALUE Length : INTEGER, BYVALUE Width : INTEGER) mark as follows: identifier + data type × 3 (3 marks) jobcost (only) BYREF (1 mark) length, width (only) BYVALUE/BYREF [5] (1 mark) (a) (i) ERROR [1] [1] (ii) parityerrorcheck [2] (iii) Binary Coded Decimal // Binary ▼ Coded ▼ Decimal (b) (i) OPENFILE "DISPENSERS" FOR WRITE (1 mark) REPEAT (1 mark) OUTPUT "Enter dispenser code (XXXXX to end)" INPUT DispenserCode IF DispenserCode <> "XXXXX" OUTPUT "Enter bank code ..." INPUT BankCode LineString ← CONCAT (**DispenserCode**, "▼", BankCode) (1 mark) // now write the new line to the file WRITEFILE ("DISPENSERS"), LineString (1 mark) ENDIF UNTIL DispenserCode = "XXXXX" (1 mark) CLOSE ("DISPENSERS") // CLOSEFILE (1 mark) OUTPUT "DISPENSERS file now created" [6] (ii) • Bank code/ Dispenser code is digit characters only Bank code is exactly 3 digits // Dispenser code is exactly 5 digits Range check on Bank code between 1 and 999 // range check on dispenser code between 1 and 99999 Note: If no reference made to either Bank code or Dispenser code MAX 1 [max 2]

- (iii) data of the existing 15 dispensers will be lost/overwritten [1]
- (iv) Append // Illustrated with program code statement [1]

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(c) Mark as follows:

Variables declared/commented (at least X2) (1 mark) Input of 'ThisBank' with prompt (1 mark) (1 mark) File open statement File mode is 'Input' (1 mark) File close Loop (Not a FOR loop) (1 mark) Until all records considered Isolate LineBankCode (1 mark) Isolate LineDispenserCode Count initialised (1 mark) Count incremented (1 mark) Output – List of dispenser codes (1 mark) [max 10] Output – dispenser count (1 mark)

Visual Basic ...

```
Dim DispenserRecord As String
Dim DispenserCode As String : Dim Bank As String
Dim DispenserCount As Integer
Dim ThisBank As String
FileOpen(1, "C:\DISPENSERS.txt", OpenMode.Input)
Console.WriteLine()
Console.Write("Which bank ..(Three digit code)? ")
ThisBank = Console.ReadLine
DispenserCount = 0
   DispenserRecord = LineInput(1)
   DispenserCode = Left(DispenserRecord, 5)
   Bank = Mid(DispenserRecord, 7, 3)
   If Bank = ThisBank Then
   DispenserCount = DispenserCount + 1
   Console.WriteLine(DispenserCode)
   End If
Loop Until EOF(1)
FileClose(1)
Console.WriteLine()
Console.WriteLine("There are " & DispenserCount & " dispensers
for this bank")
```

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Python ...

```
StringString
# DispenserLine
# DispenserCode
# Bank
                         - String
# DispenserCount
                       - Integer
# ThisBank
                         - String
MyFile = open("c:\DISPENSERS.txt", "r")
ThisBank = input ("Which bank .. (Three digit code)? ")
DispenserCount = 0
while 1:
   DispenserLine = MyFile.readline()
   if not DispenserLine:
      break
   DispenserCode = DispenserLine[0:5]
   # slices chars 0,1,2,3,4
   Bank = DispenserLine[6:9] # slices chars 6,7,8
   if Bank == ThisBank:
      DispenserCount = DispenserCount + 1
      print(DispenserCode)
MyFile.close()
print
print("There are " + str(DispenserCount)
" dispensers for this bank")
Pascal ...
var DispenserRecord : String ;
var DispenserCode : String ;
var Bank
var DispenserCount
var ThisBank
: Integer;
: String;
var Bank
                     : String ;
var TheFile
                      : Text ;
begin
assign(TheFile, 'K:\DISPENSERS.txt');
reset(TheFile) ;
WriteLn() ;
Write('Which bank .. (Three digit code)? ');
Readln(ThisBank) ;
DispenserCount := 0 ;
repeat
       readln(TheFile, DispenserRecord) ;
   DispenserCode := Copy(DispenserRecord, 1, 5);
   Bank := copy(DispenserRecord, 7, 3);
   If Bank = ThisBank Then
      begin
       DispenserCount := DispenserCount + 1 ;
```

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```
Writeln(DispenserCode)
           end ;
           until EOF(TheFile) ;
           close(TheFile) ;
       writeLn();
       writeLn('Dispenser count: ', DispenserCount);
       readln ;
       end.
5
   (a) (i) •
               Set of data items have a common name
                                                              (1 mark)
               Items are referenced using a subscript/index
                                                              (1 mark)
               Accept: all data items are of the same data type
                                                              (1 mark)
                                                                                   [max 2]
       (ii) 24
                                                                                         [1]
      (iii) •
               The total number of amplifiers 'produced' by workers 1, 2 and 3/three workers
               on day 2_
                                                                              (1 mark)
                                                                                        [2]
```

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(b)

				N	orkerI	'otal
WorkerNum	DayNum	WorkerAverage	OUTPUT	1	2	
1				0		
2					0	
3						0
1	1			10	1	<u> </u>
	2			21		
	3			31		
iggle	4			45		
2	1				20	
	2				36	
	3				60	
	4				80	
3	1					9
	2					20
	3					33
	4					50
1		2.25				
2		2				
3		1.25	INVESTIGATE 3	<u>ל</u>		

[1]

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```
(c) (i) WorkerNum : INTEGER
DayNum : INTEGER
                                                           (1 mark)
                                                           (1 mark)
       WorkerTotal : ARRAY OF INTEGER
                      (1 mark) (1 mark)
       WorkerAverage
                           : REAL
                                                           (1 mark)
                                                                        [max 4]
   (ii) PROCEDURE AnalyseProductionData(NumDays: INTEGER, NumWorkers:
       INTEGER)
       FOR WorkerNum ← 1 TO 3
         WorkerTotal [WorkerNum] ← 0
       ENDFOR
       FOR WorkerNum ← 1 TO
         FOR DayNum ← 1 TO 4
           WorkerTotal[WorkerNum] ← WorkerTotal[WorkerNum] +
                                          ProductionData[WorkerNum, DayNum]
         ENDFOR
       ENDFOR
       FOR WorkerNum ← 1 TO 3
         WorkerAverage = WorkerTotal[WorkerNum] /
       DailyHoursWorked[WorkerNum]
         IF WorkerAverage < 2</pre>
             OUTPUT "Investigate" WorkerNum
         ENDIF
       ENDFOR
       ENDPROCEDURE
       Mark as follows:
       All '3's changed to NumWorkers
       All '4's changed to NumDays
                                                                            [3]
       WorkerAverage '4' changed to NumDays
```

(iii) (CALL) AnalyseProductionData(7, 13)