















5. The curve  $C$  has equation

$$y = x\sqrt{x^3 + 1}, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 2.$$

(a) Complete the table below, giving the values of  $y$  to 3 decimal places at  $x = 1$  and  $x = 1.5$ .

$x$	0	0.5	1	1.5	2
$y$	0	0.530			6

(2)

(b) Use the trapezium rule, with all the  $y$  values from your table, to find an approximation for the value of  $\int_0^2 x\sqrt{x^3 + 1} dx$ , giving your answer to 3 significant figures.

(4)

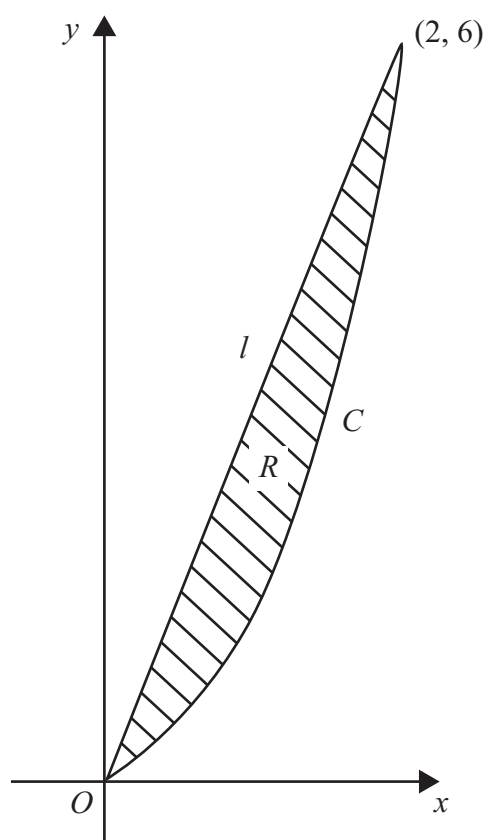


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows the curve  $C$  with equation  $y = x\sqrt{x^3 + 1}$ ,  $0 \leq x \leq 2$ , and the straight line segment  $l$ , which joins the origin and the point  $(2, 6)$ . The finite region  $R$  is bounded by  $C$  and  $l$ .

(c) Use your answer to part (b) to find an approximation for the area of  $R$ , giving your answer to 3 significant figures.

(3)





























9. (a) Sketch, for  $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$ , the graph of  $y = \sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$ . (2)

(b) Write down the exact coordinates of the points where the graph meets the coordinate axes. (3)

(c) Solve, for  $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$ , the equation

$$\sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{6}\right) = 0.65,$$

giving your answers in radians to 2 decimal places. (5)

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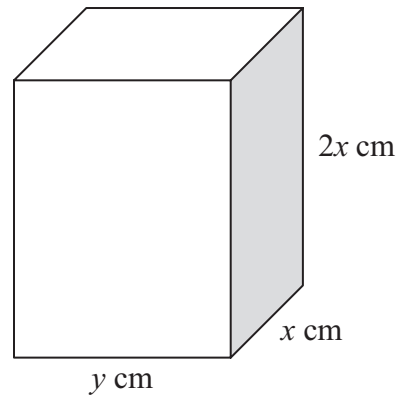
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10.



**Figure 4**

Figure 4 shows a solid brick in the shape of a cuboid measuring  $2x$  cm by  $x$  cm by  $y$  cm.

The total surface area of the brick is  $600 \text{ cm}^2$ .

(a) Show that the volume,  $V \text{ cm}^3$ , of the brick is given by

$$V = 200x - \frac{4x^3}{3}.$$

**(4)**

Given that  $x$  can vary,

(b) use calculus to find the maximum value of  $V$ , giving your answer to the nearest  $\text{cm}^3$ .

**(5)**

(c) Justify that the value of  $V$  you have found is a maximum.

**(2)**

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