



## Cambridge O Level

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**BIOLOGY**

**5090/32**

Paper 3 Practical Test

**October/November 2020**

**MARK SCHEME**

Maximum Mark: 40

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<p><b>Published</b></p>
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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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This document consists of **8** printed pages.

**Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:**

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

## GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

## GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

## Science-Specific Marking Principles

- 1 Examiners should consider the context and scientific use of any keywords when awarding marks. Although keywords may be present, marks should not be awarded if the keywords are used incorrectly.
- 2 The examiner should not choose between contradictory statements given in the same question part, and credit should not be awarded for any correct statement that is contradicted within the same question part. Wrong science that is irrelevant to the question should be ignored.
- 3 Although spellings do not have to be correct, spellings of syllabus terms must allow for clear and unambiguous separation from other syllabus terms with which they may be confused (e.g. ethane / ethene, glucagon / glycogen, refraction / reflection).
- 4 The error carried forward (ecf) principle should be applied, where appropriate. If an incorrect answer is subsequently used in a scientifically correct way, the candidate should be awarded these subsequent marking points. Further guidance will be included in the mark scheme where necessary and any exceptions to this general principle will be noted.
- 5 'List rule' guidance  
  
For questions that require ***n*** responses (e.g. State **two** reasons ...):
  - The response should be read as continuous prose, even when numbered answer spaces are provided.
  - Any response marked *ignore* in the mark scheme should not count towards ***n***.
  - Incorrect responses should not be awarded credit but will still count towards ***n***.
  - Read the entire response to check for any responses that contradict those that would otherwise be credited. Credit should **not** be awarded for any responses that are contradicted within the rest of the response. Where two responses contradict one another, this should be treated as a single incorrect response.
  - Non-contradictory responses after the first ***n*** responses may be ignored even if they include incorrect science.

**6** Calculation specific guidance

Correct answers to calculations should be given full credit even if there is no working or incorrect working, **unless** the question states 'show your working'.

For questions in which the number of significant figures required is not stated, credit should be awarded for correct answers when rounded by the examiner to the number of significant figures given in the mark scheme. This may not apply to measured values.

For answers given in standard form (e.g.  $a \times 10^n$ ) in which the convention of restricting the value of the coefficient ( $a$ ) to a value between 1 and 10 is not followed, credit may still be awarded if the answer can be converted to the answer given in the mark scheme.

Unless a separate mark is given for a unit, a missing or incorrect unit will normally mean that the final calculation mark is not awarded. Exceptions to this general principle will be noted in the mark scheme.

**7** Guidance for chemical equations

Multiples / fractions of coefficients used in chemical equations are acceptable unless stated otherwise in the mark scheme.

State symbols given in an equation should be ignored unless asked for in the question or stated otherwise in the mark scheme.

Mark schemes will use these abbreviations:

; separates marking points

/ alternatives

() contents of brackets are not required but should be implied

**R** reject

**A** accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or guidance for examiners)

**lg** ignore (for incorrect but irrelevant responses)

**AW** alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)

**AVP** alternative valid point (where a greater than usual variety of responses is expected)

**ORA** or reverse argument

**underline** actual word underlined must be used by candidate

**+** statements on both sides of the **+** are needed for that mark

Question	Answer			Marks	Guidance
1(a)(i)	<i>feature</i>	<i>in light</i>	<i>in dark</i>	3	one mark per feature
	<i>leaf colour</i>	green / dark / more chlorophyll	yellow / white / pale / less chlorophyll ;		
	<i>leaf size</i>	large / similar size to dark	small / similar size to light / not expanded / not emerged ;		
	<i>stem length</i>	short(er)	long(er) / tall(er) ;		
1(a)(ii)	5 values entered in light column ;  5 values entered in dark column ;  light mean correct + dark mean correct ;  dark mean greater than light mean ;			4	
1(b)	(more likely) to reach / find <u>light</u> / <b>AW</b> ;			1	<b>A</b> sunlight <b>R</b> Sun <b>Ig</b> photosynthesis
1(c)(i)	1. time on x-axis + both axes fully labelled with units ;  2. linear scales + values at origin + occupying at least half the grid ;  3. six points plotted correctly ;  4. ruled lines between points + no extrapolation ;			4	
1(c)(ii)	48 ± 1 + <u>cm</u> ;  working shown ;			2	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1(c)(iii)	(rate / growth) slow to day 10 + increased / fast between days 10 and 60 ; (rate / growth) slowed / decreased between days 60 and 90 ; between days 90 and 110 / at 90 either rate = 0 or growth stopped ;	3	
1(c)(iv)	no fertiliser ; same method / same type of wheat seeds / same soil / same water supply ;	2	<b>A</b> any reference to controlled condition e.g. same temperature
1(c)(v)	number of leaves ; length / surface area / of leaves ; (dry) mass / weight / yield of seeds produced / plants ;	2	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2(a)(i)	volume recorded ;	1	
2(a)(ii)	known volume of milk in a graduated measuring cylinder / syringe ; volume left in cylinder / syringe subtracted from start volume ; <b>OR</b> use of measuring cylinder ; read at level of meniscus / read at eye level / read the level / scale on the measuring cylinder / <b>AW</b> ;	2	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2(a)(iii)	milk / protein / casein + coagulates / clumps together ; clear liquid ;	1	
2(b)	1. prepare fruit / remove skin / chop up / use juice / <b>AW</b> ; 2. add milk until <b>X</b> not visible / add same volume of milk as before <b>or</b> as in <b>2(a)(i)</b> ; 3. add fruit to milk ; 4. reference to waiting / observing milk plus fruit solution / <b>AW</b> ; 5. if milk clears / becomes colourless enzyme is effective <b>ORA</b> ; 6. control temperature / stated temperature for enzyme activity ;	4	<b>A</b> optimum temperature

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance								
3(a)	<div>one mark each correct row:</div> <table><tr><td><b>bone C</b></td><td><b>bone D</b></td></tr><tr><td>short(er) / small(er)</td><td>long(er) / large(r) ;</td></tr><tr><td>curved / bent / not straight</td><td>straight(er) ;</td></tr><tr><td>groove at bottom / base divided</td><td>no groove / single base not divided ;</td></tr></table>	<b>bone C</b>	<b>bone D</b>	short(er) / small(er)	long(er) / large(r) ;	curved / bent / not straight	straight(er) ;	groove at bottom / base divided	no groove / single base not divided ;	2	
<b>bone C</b>	<b>bone D</b>										
short(er) / small(er)	long(er) / large(r) ;										
curved / bent / not straight	straight(er) ;										
groove at bottom / base divided	no groove / single base not divided ;										

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3(b)	1. drawing at least 10cm long ; 2. clean outer drawn with a sharp pencil + continuous line + no shading ; 3. rounded shape of head + completely delimited ; 4. groove at base ; 5. curved shaft + circular structure indicated beneath neck of head ;	5	
3(c)(i)	$79 \pm 1$ ;	1	
3(c)(ii)	1. correct working shown ; 2. correct length consistent with measurement in (c)(i) ; 3. correct unit consistent with working beside final answer ;	3	