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Cambridge Ordinary Level

CHEMISTRY

5070/31

Paper 3 Practical Test

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MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 40

Published

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This document consists of **4** printed pages.

Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	<p>Titration Measurements (1) Both readings i.e. initial and final are present for each titration, readings are recorded to 1 dp, no reading is in excess of 50.0 and no initial reading is given as 50.0</p> <p>Titres (1) All the titres are calculated correctly i.e. no subtraction errors</p> <p>Accuracy (6) For the two best titres give: 3 marks for a titre within 0.2cm³ of the Supervisor's value 2 marks for a titre within 0.3cm³ of the Supervisor's value 1 mark for a titre within 0.4cm³ of the Supervisor's value</p> <p>Concordance (3) Give 3 marks if all the ticked values are within 0.2cm³ Give 2 marks if all the ticked values are within 0.3cm³ Give 1 marks if all the ticked values are within 0.4cm³</p> <p>Average (1) Give 1 mark if the candidate calculates a correct average of selected titres</p>	12
1(b)	<p>Pipette volume 25cm³ and assuming average volume of P used = 25.3cm³ Concentration of nitric acid in P in mol/dm³ = $(25.0 \times 0.153 \times 2) / 25.3$ (1) = 0.302 (1)</p>	2
1(c)	<p>Moles of nitric acid in 10cm³ of concentrated acid = $(b) / 2$ (1) = 0.302 / 2 = 0.151</p>	1
1(d)	<p>Concentration of concentrated nitric acid in mol/dm³ = $(c) \times 100$ (1) = 0.151 × 100 = 15.1</p>	1
1(e)	<p>Mass of nitric acid in 1dm³ of concentrated nitric acid in g = $(d) \times 63$ (1) = 15.1 × 63 = 951</p>	1

Question	Answer	Marks
<p>General points R is zinc sulfate S is iron(II) sulfate For gases: to gain credit for the name of the gas produced, the test must be at least partially correct. Solutions: colourless is not equivalent to clear and clear is not equivalent to colourless. No credit is given for conclusions based upon incorrect observations.</p>		
<p>2 R (test 1)</p>	<p>(a) white ppt (1) (b) (ppt) dissolves / soluble (in excess) (1) colourless solution (1)</p>	<p>21</p>
<p>2 R (test 2)</p>	<p>(a) white ppt (1) (b) (ppt) dissolves / soluble (in excess) (1) colourless solution (1) (c) no reaction (1)</p>	
<p>2 R (test 3)</p>	<p>(a) no reaction (1) (b) white ppt (1) (c) no reaction (1)</p>	
<p>2 S (test 1)</p>	<p>(a) green ppt (1) (b) insoluble in excess (1)</p>	
<p>2 S (test 2)</p>	<p>(a) green ppt (1) (b) insoluble in excess (1) (c) bubbles (1) gas relights a glowing splint (1) oxygen (1) red/brown (solid) (1)</p>	
<p>2 S (test 3)</p>	<p>(a) no reaction (1) (b) white ppt (1) (c) no reaction (1)</p>	

Question	Answer	Marks
Conclusions	R is zinc sulfate / ZnSO_4 / $\text{Zn}^{2+} \text{SO}_4^{2-}$ (1) Evidence: Tests 1 and 2 white ppt which dissolves in excess and Test 3 correct in (a), (b) and (c) S is iron(II) sulfate / FeSO_4 / $\text{Fe}^{2+} \text{SO}_4^{2-}$ (1) Evidence: Tests 1 and 2 green ppt insoluble in excess and Test 3 correct in (a), (b) and (c)	2