CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

## **5054 PHYSICS**

5054/32

Paper 3 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2014 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



			w.dynamicpapers	
	Page 2	Mark Scheme		Paper
		GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2014	5054	32
1		ed the height above the bench in two places (and alue)/aligned with horizontal surface in the laboratory		B1
	<b>(b)</b> <i>l</i> = 48.0	<u>+</u> 0.2 cm, and $h_2 > h_1$		M1
	all meas	surements to the nearest mm and unit seen somewhe	ere	A1
	• •	calculation to find $h$ and $x$ , using sensible values of $h$ oximately 60 cm and $h_1$ approximately 40 cm)	$_1, h_2$ and $l$	M1
	sensible	e <i>M</i> in the range 30g to 70g to 2 or 3 significant figure	es with unit	A1 <b>[5]</b>
2	(a) diagram with more than half the numbers shown as inverted and laterally inverted			B1
	image is real (focussed on a screen)/inverted/laterally inverted/dimmer than the object			B1
	<b>(b) (i)</b> spa	cing found by measuring across more than one divis	ion.	B1
	or r	numerically equal to <i>s</i> (ignore presence of unit) <i>m</i> found from $\frac{v}{u}$ single <i>s</i> in the middle.		
	and	v in the range 78.0 cm to 85.0 cm		M1
	<b>(iv)</b> <i>f</i> in	the range 13.5 cm to 16.5 cm with unit.		A1 <b>[5]</b>
3	(a) V <sub>1</sub> in the	e range 0.90 V to 2.20 V to 0.1 V or better and unit		B1
	$I_1$ in the	range 30 mA to 85 mA to 0.01 A or better and unit		B1
	(b) correct of	calculation of power with unit		B1
	(c) $V_2$ less t	than $V_1$ and $I_2$ greater than $I_1$ with units		B1
	(d) correct of	calculation of power (ignore unit)		M0
	total res	s larger because: sistance decreases (and voltage is similar)/current ir r/parallel arrangement so power is dissipated in eac		A1 <b>[5]</b>

Pa	ge 3	www.dynamic Mark Scheme Syllabus		Paper		
-		GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2014	5054	32		
Tab	able					
(b)	table wit	h units for $\theta$ and $t$		B1		
(c)	at least 5	points with correct shaped curve		B1		
	at least one attempt at temperature measurement to better than $1^\circ\text{C}$			B1		
		$^3$ good values recorded and values taken up to 6 m lues are $\pm 1^\circ C$ from examiners best line)	inutes	B1 <b>[4]</b>		
<u>Gra</u>	<u>iph</u>					
(d)		elled with units and correct orientation c.f. from wrong unit in table but not no units)		B1		
		scale, not based on 3, 6, 7, etc. with plotted data both directions	occupying $\geq$ half the	B1		
	this mark	ts plotted correctly – check the two points furthest f c can only be scored if the scale is easy to follow nust be within ½ small square of the correct position		B1		
	best fit fine line and fine points or crosses (line thickness to be no greater than the thickest lines on the grid)			B1		
				[4]		
<u>Cal</u>	culations	2				
(e)	tangent	drawn to curve at t = 180 s		B1		
	use of a	triangle with a base > 180s that uses a tangent wh	ich is a straight line	B1		
	correct c	alculation (ignore significant figures and unit)		B1		
(f)	<i>M</i> in the	range 65g to 85g		B1		
(g)	correct s	ubstitution with sensible <i>m</i>		M1		
	correct c	alculation and consistent unit (W or J/min)		A1		
(h)	thermom	water/eye level with meniscus on measuring cyli leter not touching beaker/thermometer fully imi d results seen)		B1 <b>[7]</b>		