UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2009 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

5054 PHYSICS

5054/04

Paper 4 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2009 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



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General Points

Lists:

Correct responses gain a mark; incorrect (NOT) responses lose a mark. Lowest mark zero.

NB: Some comments can be ignored. These will be indicated in the marking scheme.

Observer:

When asked to draw in the position of an observer in an experiment:

- the eye should be on an approximately horizontal line with the reading
- may be •, E, x, or optics eye looking towards reading

Parallax error:

A common answer to practical errors is parallax error. Read the instructions carefully for each answer as the detail required in each response will vary.

- just stating 'parallax error' maybe acceptable in some instances; check mark scheme
- stating the measuring instrument may be required, e.g. in reading the thermometer
- correct explanations of parallax error are acceptable alternatives,
- e.g. the line of sight must be perpendicular to the scale
- incorrect explanations of parallax error are marked incorrect,
- e.g. the eye is perpendicular to the reading/meniscus

Error Carry Forward (e.c.f.):

This applies in all calculations so one mistake is not penalised in later parts of the question. It is indicated by e.c.f. in mark scheme.

There is usually no e.c.f. within a single calculation.

Significant Figures (s.f.):

In calculations, candidates are penalised for incorrect s.f. when asked to give answers to a suitable number of s.f. When measuring or reading from a diagram candidates must give answers to a suitable number of s.f. A common error here is to give too few s.f. e.g. when a measurement is 13.0 cm and the candidate quotes 13 cm.

Graphs:

- Axes: labelled both quantity and unit labels and quantities to be on correct axes
- Scales: must fill at least ½ grid in both directions i.e. cannot be doubled must be 'sensible', i.e. not multiples of 3, 7 etc. should follow instructions, e.g. start from the origin should have at least three values marked
- Points: allow x, or ⊙ (dot maximum size 1 mm diameter i.e. ½ small square) must be accurately plotted to ± ½ small square not awarded if scale not sensible
- Line: attempt at single smooth line:

curves need not be perfect!

- straight lines must be drawn with a ruler
 - must be best fit i.e. equal number of points above and below line
 - must not be skewed, i.e. not points at start/end all above/below the line

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Awarding Marks

All marking points are called B, M, C or A marks.

- **B** marks are independent of other marking points.
- A marks are answer marks. If awarded all preceding C marks are automatically given.
- **C** marks are compensation marks. If the final answer (A mark) is not awarded the preceding C marks may be awarded for correct working seen.
- **M** marks must be awarded for any subsequent A marks to be awarded.
- e.c.f. error carry forward
- c.a.o. correct answer only

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1	(a)				orrect orrect	3	1 6	62 12	91 17	123 24	151 28					B1 B1	[2]
	(b)	sca poii bes poii	lles: m nts: fo at fit st nts: fo	nore r P p raigh r S p	than ½ lotted it line: lotted	accura for P f	line itely rom itely	ear, s ⁄, nea origi ⁄, nea	sensit at (for n, ne at (for	ole, m Iinea at	inimui r, sen	sible	scale)	marked, , e.c.f. (a) , e.c.f. (a))	B1 B1 B1 B1 B1 B1	[4] [2]
	(c)	ma	ss inc	reas	es by e	crease equal a /t∝n	mo	unts	in eq	ual tin	ne in v		s or val	lues quot	ed	C1 A2	[2]
	(d)	(i)			ns cor iven to	rect neare	st c	-	9.36	212.4	44 1 ⁻	17.48	84.6	64 (minim	um 2 s.f.)	B1 B1	[2]
		(ii)				ainer c s of wa		ed /	l or w	v not ı	uniforr	m / o	utside	of tray n	neasured /	B1	[1]
		(iii)	P (la S	rger	A) has	s steep	er li	ine th	nan S	(sma	ller A) / lo:	ss in m	nass P gr	eater than	B1	[1]
	(e)	(i)	chan	iges											re outside onditioning		[1]
		(ii)	no el same		all cor	ntainers	s / li	nks a	answe	er to c	onclu	sion				M0 A1	[1]
																[Total:	16]
2	(a)					-				-				ching pa om the sid	per / need de	B1	[1]
	(b)	136	8° ± 2°	•												B1	[1]
	(c)	5.8	N c.a	.0.	unit r	equired	ł									B1	[1]
	(d)		$\rightarrow 8.7$ $\rightarrow 5.8$			anywh equireo										M0 A1 [Tota	[1] I: 4]
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	Page 5)	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Paper	•				
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3) (i) ray drawn from incident ray through M_1 and M_2 to prism and correct path through prism								
		(ii)		ed through 180° / path inverted / reflects/sends ray baction / speed decreases	ack / total interr	al B1	[1]			
	• •	(b) answers refer to prism places two pins on incident ray with no use of alternative light source								
		ans	wer r	nay be stated or shown on diagram e.c.f. (a) (i) light pa vo more pins in line with pins/image/reflection (seen th	ath within prism	B1 B1	[2]			
						[Tota	al: 4]			
4	• •			/n on ammeter, from dot to scale reading 4.7 A $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ div /n on voltmeter, from dot to scale reading 11.6 V $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ d		B1 B1	[2]			
			bloc redu lid o stan	ralid points in either 1 or 2 list rule applies sensible answers, e.g. lator around block allow named insulator NOT water k has shiny surface / painted white / wrapped in foil ice draughts / use of box or container n box or container / air-tight container d block on insulator er completely into hole		B2	[2]			
	. ,	allo	w hea	block to heat up / reach same/maximum/steady tempe at to reach thermometer periment/temperature/it is more accurate	rature /	B1	[1]			
	• •			ay become too hot / burn someone / melt/damage leter / heat loss increased	heater / damag	ge B1	[1]			
						[Tota	[Total: 6]			