# UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2007 question paper

### **5054 PHYSICS**

5054/02

Paper 2 (Theory), maximum raw mark 75

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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1 unit penalty per question, expect 2 or more sig. figs and 1 where 2nd fig is zero. Fractions are treated as not showing final answer but can score C marks. Accept a fraction in Question 5.

#### **Section A**

1	(a)	accelerates or speed increases from rest/for 2-4s/for 8-20m then a constant/uniform speed or velocity	B1 B1	
	(b)	between 7 and 8 m	B1	
	(c)	distance 80 (+ 2) or s= d/t in any algebraic or numerical form 7.3 <b>or</b> 7.27 <b>or</b> 7.273 m/s	C1 A1	[5]
2	(a)	(i) molecules move faster or more kinetic energy (when hotter) (more) molecules have (enough) energy/speed and escape/leave surface/break bonds/overcome forces of attraction	B1 B1	
		(ii) large(r) area or wind or drier/dry atmosphere/draught or lower atmospheri pressure	<b>c</b> B1	
	(b)	40 seen or (E=) mL algebraic or numerical 92000 J	C1 A1	[5]
3	(a)	mention of lower and upper fixed points <b>or</b> 0(°C) and 100(°C) <b>or</b> ice point/stear point (marks made on) thermometer with ice/ <b>water</b> mixture	B1	
		and (steam above) boiling water (at atmospheric pressure) divided into 100 (equal) parts (accept 10 parts marked 10,20 etc.)	B1 B1	
	(b)	(i) 120°C or –10°C to 110°C	B1	
		(ii) each degree/scale marking/10°C/division is an equal distance/0.9- 1.1mm/cm/expansion or appropriate graph a straight line	– В1	
	(c)	10°C and 20°C marks clearly further up thermometer <b>and</b> roughly equal spacing	B1	[6]
4	(a)	reflections correct by eye	B1	
	(b)	all the ray reflects back (into the denser medium/glass) or reflection and no refraction/escape into air	B1	
	(c)	more calls <b>or</b> greater bandwidth <b>or</b> more/faster data(/sec)/information <b>or</b> bette quality <b>or</b> less power loss/energy loss/attenuation <b>or</b> greater distance (betwee repeaters) <b>or</b> harder to tap <b>or</b> less noise/interference		
	(d)	$f = v/\lambda$ in any form numerical or algebraic $3.3 \times 10^{14}$ Hz	C1 A1	[5]

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Syllabus Paper
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5	(a)						rrect through rrect through					B1 B1	
	(b)	(i)	imag	je size/d	object siz	ze	(accept imag	ge distanc	e/object dis	stance <b>or</b> v/u	ı)	B1	
		(ii)	0.55	-0.65	ecf dia	graı	m in (a) sizes	s or dista	nces			B1	
	(c)	ray	s com	pleted t	o retina l	but	would meet b	ehind reti	na			B1	[5]
6	(a)	one	loop	around	top or bo	otto	s in middle o m of coil least one lin					B1 B1 B1	
	(b)	(i)					aves/change n etc. 0.01s	s in direct	ion (and ba	ck again) in	1 sec	B1	
		(ii)	(curr or Le fields	ent in) o eft Hand s/poles	coil produ d Rule/cu (of coil) c	uces urrer oscil	ght <b>or</b> back as magnetic fie tin magnetic late/reverse t) oscillates/a	eld/pole(s) c field (give	es force)		B1 B1	B1 B2	[7]
7	(a)	(i)	6 Ω									B1	
		(ii)	1/R : 2 Ω	= 1/R <sub>1</sub> +	· 1/R <sub>2</sub> alg	gebr	aic or numeri	cal				C1 A1	
	(b)	I = 6 A		lgebraid f (ii)	or nume	erica	al					C1 A1	
	(c)	(I = 8 V	, ,	.) <b>or</b> pro	portional	lity i	dea/potential	divider ide	ea seen			C1 A1	[7]
8	(a)	diff	erent	number	of neutro	ons	mass numbe	er				B1	
	(b)	(nu	mber		ei/atoms		ivity/count (ra ss/substance		<b>ne</b> nucleus/	(narticles)		M1 A1	
	(c)	`	rk on	·			two suitable	•	ne nuoicus/	pai ii 0163 j		B1 B1	[5]

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#### Section B

9	(a)	(i)	A = B (assume opposite direction and co-linear)	B1	
		(ii)	B > A (assume opposite direction and co-linear) maximum of 1 mark if directions wrong	B1	[2]
	(b)	tow	rards <b>centre</b> of circle/corner	В1	[1]
	(c)	(i)	0 <b>and</b> 8–9 s	B1	
		(ii)	chemical (potential energy) (accept electrical if electrical car clear) to kinetic energy or K.E. increases thermal energy/heat/internal energy produced Max 2/3 if clear error	B1 B1 B1	
		(iii)	acceleration = $(v-u)/t$ or gradient (7.8 to) 8/5 (accept any corresponding period e.g. 8s 12.6–12.8, 6s 9.4–9.6) 1.6 m/s <sup>2</sup> (accept 1.56–1.60)	C1 C1 A1	
		(iv)	area under graph <b>or</b> average speed 4 (m/s) <b>or</b> $\frac{1}{2}$ 5 speed used in (iii) at 5 s $\frac{1}{2}$ x (7.8 to) 8 x 5 20 m ( <b>accept</b> 19.5–20; <b>ecf speed used in (iii)</b> at 5 s)	C1 C1 A1	[10]
	(d)	frict	eed of car/friction with road (accept slippery road or ice or water or oil on road)/ tion in engine/tyre condition or area or pressure/air resistance/wind speed or ection/mass or inertia of car or passengers/slope of road	B2	[2]
10	(a)		istance of cables ver/energy/heat loss <b>or</b> voltage drop <b>or</b> current low in cables/wires clear	B1 B1	[2]
	(b)	A s	(er) current in line <b>or</b> less voltage drop/power/heat/energy loss teps voltage up or increases voltage or reduces current teps voltage down or decreases voltage or increases current	B1 B1 B1	[3]
	(c)	(i)	two coils (no label needed)	M1	
			coils labelled/described primary/input and secondary/output or insulated or copper coils on complete (soft) iron (core) (accept from labelled diagram or description)	A1 B1	
		(ii)	alternating/changing <b>current</b> input (alternating) magnetic field (produced in core <b>or</b> coil) induced e.m.f./voltage/current (in secondary coil)	B1 B1 B1	[6]
	(d)	(i)	I = P/V algebraic or numerical 3 A	C1 A1	
		(ii)	E = VIt <b>or</b> Pt algebraic or numerical <b>or</b> 600 (s) used 414 000 (J) <b>or</b> 414kJ <b>or</b> 410 000 (J)	C1 A1	[4]

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Syllabus Paper

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	•		GCE O LEVEL – May/June 2007	5054	02	
11	_ve	e char	rge/electrons moves or rod gains electrons rge/electrons move from cloth to rod electrons scores 0/2 in (a) and (b)(i) +ve moves max 1	mark	C1 A1	
	(b) (i)	`	ctrons) move to right/to X/to opposite side (to rod) / ctrons or –ve) repelled (by rod) or like charges repel		B1 B1	
	(ii)	+ve	on left and –ve on right, inside or outside sphere		B1	
	(iii)		attracted to rod or unlike charges or +ve and -ve attraction of -ve on sphere (by rod) weaker (than attraction		B1 B1	[7]
	(c) (i)	conr	nection of sphere to earth/ground/0 V		B1	
	(ii)		re down to the ground/earth <b>or</b> electrons on right/at X relelled (by –ve on rod) <b>or</b> move from –ve to 0 potential	emoved	B1 B1	
	(iii)	only	+ve on sphere at left or clearly more positive on left th	an on right	B1	[4]
	e.g ink cor sim a c	. pred jet p nducto nple d orrect	iagram showing effect tly charged object clear		tning A1 A1	
	des	scripti	on of the function that the charge performs		A1	[-