

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge Ordinary Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER		CAND NUMB	I		

MATHEMATICS (SYLLABUS D)

4024/12

Paper 1 May/June 2015

2 hours

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Geometrical instruments

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown in the space below that question. Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

ELECTRONIC CALCULATORS MUST NOT BE USED IN THIS PAPER.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 80.



International Examinations

ELECTRONIC CALCULATORS MUST NOT BE USED IN THIS PAPER.

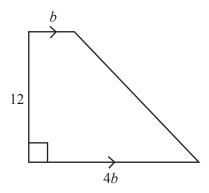
1	(a)	Evaluate	1.3 + 2.9	
1	(a)	Evaluate	0.2	•

Answer		[1]
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(b) Evaluate
$$2\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{5}$$
.

2 Write these numbers in order of size, starting with the smallest.

$$\frac{13}{20}$$
 0.7 $\frac{7}{12}$ 0.64 $\frac{5}{8}$



The diagram shows a trapezium with lengths in centimetres. The area of the trapezium is $120\,\mathrm{cm}^2$.

Find the value of *b*.

Answer	b =	 [2]
Answei	ν –	 14

4 A bag contains red counters, blue counters and yellow counters. There are 60 counters in the bag.

The probability that a counter taken at random from the bag is red is $\frac{2}{5}$.

The probability that a counter taken at random from the bag is blue is $\frac{5}{12}$.

How many yellow counters are in the bag?

5 Fariza trav	els from	London	to Astana.
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The time in Astana is 5 hours ahead of the time in London, so when it is 1000 in London the local time in Astana is 1500.

She flies from London to Moscow and then from Moscow to Astana. The flight leaves London at 1225 and takes 4 hours to reach Moscow.

Fariza waits $4\frac{1}{2}$ hours in Moscow for the flight to Astana.

She arrives in Astana at 0525 local time.

How long did the flight from Moscow to Astana take?

Answer hours minutes [2]

6 By writing each number correct to one significant figure, estimate the value of

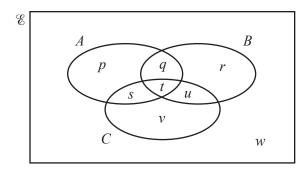
$$\frac{29.3^2}{2.04 \times 0.874}$$

7 y is inversely proportional to the square of x.

Given that y = 24 when x = 2, find y when x = 8.

Answer	v =	 Γ 2
111101101	,	 L-

8 The Venn diagram shows the sets A, B and C.



List the elements of

(a) $A \cup B$,

(b) $B' \cap C$.

Answer[1]

9	(a)	Write	0	.000 005 21	in	standard	form

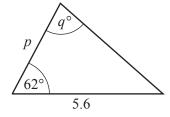
Answer	 [1]

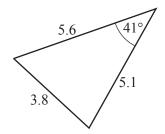
(b) Giving your answer in standard form, evaluate $(6 \times 10^7) \times (5 \times 10^{-3})$.

1,000,000	Γ.	1	
Answer	1.	I	

10 These two triangles are congruent.

The lengths are in centimetres, correct to the nearest 0.1 cm.

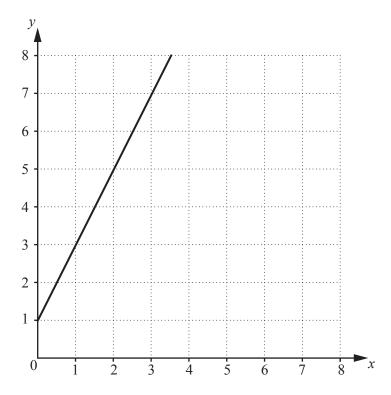




Find p and q.

Answer
$$p = \dots$$

$$q = \dots$$
 [2]



The diagram shows the line y = 2x + 1.

The point *P* has coordinates (a, b) where *a* and *b* are both positive integers. The values of *a* and *b* satisfy the inequalities a < 2, b < 7 and b > 2a + 1.

Write down all the possible coordinates of P.

12		ar has a pack of number cards. picks these five cards.
		$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	(a)	Write down the mode of the five numbers.
		<i>Answer</i> [1
	(b)	He takes another card from the pack.
		(i) If the mean of the six numbers is -1 , what number did he pick?
		<i>Answer</i> [1
		(ii) If the difference between the highest and lowest of the six numbers is 12, what are the two possible numbers he could have picked?
		<i>Answer</i> or
13	(a)	Express 60 as a product of its prime factors.
		Λ Γ1
	(b)	Answer
	(D)	Find the smallest possible integer m such that $60m$ is a square number.
		$Answer m = \dots [1]$
	(c)	The lowest number that is a multiple of both 60 and the integer n is 180.
		Find the smallest possible value of n .
		Answer $n = \dots [1]$

$C = 6 \mathrm{cm}$

(a) Construct triangle *ABC*. Line *BC* is drawn for you.

[2]

(b) Measure $B\hat{A}C$ in your triangle.

Answer [1]

15	$c = \sqrt{8a}$	34
13	c - vou	$\mathcal{I}U$

(a) Find c when a = 3 and b = -4.

(b) Rearrange the formula to make *b* the subject.

16 (a) Evaluate

(i)
$$2^0 + 2^3$$
,

(ii)
$$\left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$
.

(b) Simplify $(4x^2)^{-2}$.

- 17 The matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ represents the transformation T.
 - (a) Describe fully the transformation T. You may use the grid below to help you answer this question.



Answer	 	 	
			[2]

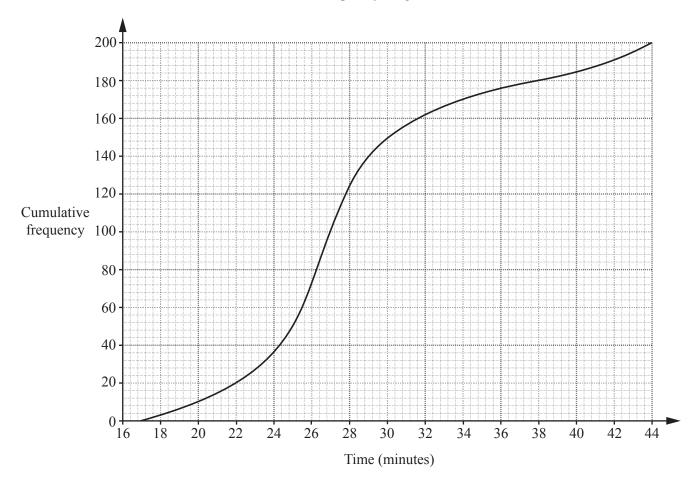
(b) The transformation T maps triangle A onto triangle B. The area of triangle B is $x ext{ cm}^2$.

Find, in terms of x, the area of triangle A.

Answer cm² [1]

18	(a)	Factorise completely $p^2q - pq$.	
	(b)	(i) Factorise $5x^2 + x - 4$.	Answer [1]
		(ii) Hence solve $5x^2 + x - 4 = 0$.	Answer [1]
			Answer $x =$
19 (a	(a)	Luis works in an office. For normal time he is paid \$8 per hour. For overtime he is paid the same rate as normal time p One month he works 140 hours normal time and 10 ho Work out how much he is paid for that month's work.	
			Answer \$ [2]
	(b)	Sara invests \$240 in an account that pays 3% per year She leaves the money in the account for 5 years.	simple interest.
		Work out how much money Sara has at the end of 5 ye	ars.
			Answer \$ [2]

20 The times taken for 200 people to complete a 5 km race were recorded. The results are summarised in the cumulative frequency diagram.



- (a) Use the diagram to estimate
 - (i) the median time,

Answer minutes [1]

(ii) the interquartile range of the times.

Answer minutes [2]

(b) It was found that the recording of the times was inaccurate. The correct times were all one minute more than recorded.

Write down the median and interquartile range of the correct times.

Answer Median = minutes Interquartile range = minutes [1]

21 (a) Express as a single matrix 3	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$	$\binom{3}{5}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$	
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Answer [2]

(b)
$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ p & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

The determinant of A is 2.

(i) Find *p*.

Answer $p = \dots [1]$

(ii) Find A^{-1} .

Answer [1]

22	The	he scale of a map is 1:25 000.						
	(a)	The scale can be written as $1 \text{ cm} : d \text{ km}$.						
		Find d .						
		$Answer \ d = \dots [1]$						
	(b)	The distance between two villages is 8km.						
		Find the distance, in centimetres, between the two villages on the map.						
		Answercm [1]						
	(c)	The distance between the peaks of two mountains is measured on the map as 76 mm.						
		Calculate the distance, in kilometres, between the two peaks.						
		<i>Answer</i> km [2]						

23 ((a)	Solve	the	inea	ualities.
,	/	COLVE	ULIU	11104	autition.

$$-4 \le 2x - 5 < 7$$

Answer [2]

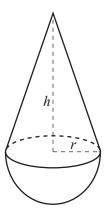
(b) Solve the simultaneous equations.

$$3x + 4y = 3$$
$$2x - y = 13$$

Answer
$$x = \dots$$

$$y =$$
 [3]

[Volume of a cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$, curved surface area of a cone = $\pi r l$] [Volume of a sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$, surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$]



The solid is formed from a hemisphere of radius r cm fixed to a cone of radius r cm and height h cm. The volume of the hemisphere is one third of the volume of the solid.

(a) Find h in terms of r.

Answer
$$h = \dots [2]$$

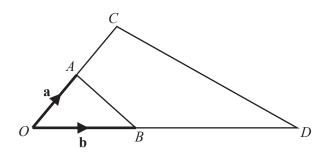
(b) The slant height of the cone can be written as $r\sqrt{k}$ cm, where k is an integer.

Find the value of k.

Answer
$$k = \dots$$
 [2]

(c) Find an expression, in terms of r and π , for the total surface area, in cm², of the solid.

Answer cm^2 [1]



In the diagram, A is the midpoint of OC and B is the point on OD where $OB = \frac{1}{3} OD$.

 $\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}$ and $\overrightarrow{OB} = \mathbf{b}$.

- (a) Express, as simply as possible, in terms of a and b
 - (i) \overrightarrow{AB} ,

(ii) \overrightarrow{CD} .

- **(b)** E is the point on CD where CE : ED = 1 : 2.
 - (i) Express \overrightarrow{BE} , as simply as possible, in terms of **a** and/or **b**.

(ii) What special type of quadrilateral is *ABEC*?

Answer [1]

26	(a)	The	e first four terms of a sequence, S, are 89, 83, 77, 71.		
		(i)	Find an expression for S_n , the n th term of this seque	ence.	
		(ii)	Find the smallest value of n for which $S_n < 0$.	Answer $S_n = \dots$	[2
				<i>Answer n</i> =	[1]
	(b)	The	<i>n</i> th term of a different sequence, T , is given by $T_n =$	$= n^2 - 4n .$	
		(i)	Find and simplify an expression for $T_{n+1} - T_n$.		
		(ii)	The difference between T_{p+1} and T_p is 75. Find the value of p .	Answer	[2
				Answer p =	[1

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