



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

CANDIDATE
NAME

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NUMBER

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SOCIOLOGY

2251/22

Paper 2

May/June 2013

1 hours 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No additional materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces provided.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

You may not need all the answer lines for your answer.

Answer any **three** questions.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

This document consists of **25** printed pages and **3** blank pages.



Sociology**Section A: The Family***For
Examiner's
Use*

- 1 In modern industrial societies the functions of the family are different to those performed in traditional societies.

(a) What is meant by the term *functions of the family*?

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..... [2]

(b) Describe **two** functions that are carried out by families in traditional societies.

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..... [4]

For
Examiner's
Use

[6]

(d) To what extent is there a variety of family types in modern industrial societies today?

For
Examiner's
Use

[8]

- 2 Families are found in almost every society. However, families can take many different forms including those based on arranged marriages and civil partnerships.

For
Examiner's
Use

(a) What is meant by the term *civil partnerships*?

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..... [2]

(b) Describe **two** reasons why arranged marriages are favoured in some societies.

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..... [4]

(c) Explain why arranged marriages are less likely to be found in modern industrial societies.

For
Examiner's
Use

[6]

For
Examiner's
Use

[8]

Section B: Education

For
Examiner's
Use

- 3 In modern industrial societies there is a greater range of schools than ever before, including faith schools.

(a) What is meant by the term *faith schools*?

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..... [2]

(b) Describe **two** types of school other than faith schools.

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..... [4]

For
Examiner's
Use

[6]

(d) How far does a range of school types help to promote equality in education?

For
Examiner's
Use

[8]

4 In a meritocratic society every pupil has equality of opportunity.

For
Examiner's
Use

(a) What is meant by the term *meritocratic society*?

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..... [2]

(b) Describe **two** ways in which pupils may be treated unequally within the education system.

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..... [4]

(c) Explain why pupils from middle class homes may find it easier to perform well at school.

For
Examiner's
Use

[6]

(d) How far is there equality of opportunity for all pupils within the education system in modern industrial societies?

For
Examiner's
Use

[8]

Section C: Crime, Deviance and Social Control*For
Examiner's
Use*

- 5** Official crime statistics and studies of the 'dark figure' of crime have shown an increase in crimes committed by females in recent years.

(a) What is meant by the term *dark figure*?

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..... [2]

(b) Describe **two** examples of crimes typically associated with females.

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(c) Explain why there has been an increase in crimes committed by females in recent years.

For
Examiner's
Use

[6]

(d) To what extent are females treated differently from males within the criminal justice system?

For
Examiner's
Use

[8]

- 6 In some societies young people are regarded as a separate group, with their own distinct youth cultures. Mods and Rockers are an early example of a youth culture.

For
Examiner's
Use

(a) What is meant by the term *youth culture*?

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(b) Describe briefly **two** examples of youth cultures, other than Mods and Rockers.

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(c) Explain why youth cultures have become a feature of modern industrial societies.

For
Examiner's
Use

..... [6

(d) To what extent is youth culture the main influence on the identities of young people in modern industrial societies?

For
Examiner's
Use

[8]

Section D: Media

For
Examiner's
Use

- 7 The media create many stereotypes which may lead to the creation of folk devils and moral panics.

(a) What is meant by the term *folk devils*?

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..... [2]

(b) Describe **two** examples of moral panics.

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(c) Explain why some groups are more likely than others to be stereotyped by the media.

For
Examiner's
Use

[6]

(d) How far is the behaviour of young women shaped by the media?

For
Examiner's
Use

[8]

8 The media are now divided into traditional and new media.

For
Examiner's
Use

(a) What is meant by the term *traditional media*?

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..... [2]

(b) Describe **two** examples of the new media.

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(c) Explain the differences between the traditional media and the new media.

For
Examiner's
Use

[6]

(d) To what extent do the new media increase opportunities for democratic participation in society?

For
Examiner's
Use

[8]

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