

**[Turn over**

- 1 Tick (✓) **one** box to complete the sentence.

Verification is used to make sure that a value entered

**A** has **not** changed during input.

☐

**B** is an integer.

☐

**C** is correct.

☐

**D** is **not** a string.

☐

[1]

- 2 A type of validation check is a length check. Another type of validation check is used to make sure that any date entered is in the dd/mm/yyyy style:  
dd means day, mm means month and yyyy means year.

(a) State the type of validation check used.

..... [1]

- (b) Give **one** example of normal test data and **one** example of abnormal test data you should use to make sure the check **in part (a)** is working properly.

State a reason for each of your choices of test data.

Normal .....

Reason .....

.....

Abnormal .....

Reason .....

.....

[4]

- (c) Describe how a length check could be used with the date entered.

.....

.....

.....

..... [2]

**(a)** Draw **one** line to link each pseudocode statement to the most appropriate pseudocode use.

## Pseudocode statement

## Pseudocode use

finding an average

totalling

using a procedure

..... [4]

**[Turn over**

- 4 An algorithm has been written in pseudocode to allow the names of 50 cities and their countries to be entered and stored in a two-dimensional (2D) array. The contents of the array are then output.

```

01 DECLARE City ARRAY[1:50, 1:2] OF BOOLEAN
02 DECLARE Count : INTEGER
03 DECLARE Out : INTEGER
04 Count ← 1
05 IF
06     OUTPUT "Enter the name of the city"
07     INPUT City[Count, 2]
08     OUTPUT "Enter the name of the country"
09     INPUT City[Count, 2]
10     Count ← Count + 1
11 UNTIL Count = 50
12 FOR Out ← 1 TO 1
13     OUTPUT "The city ", City[Out, 1], " is in ", City[Out, 2]
14 NEXT Out

```

- (a) Identify the **four** errors in the pseudocode and suggest corrections.

Error 1 .....

Correction .....

.....

Error 2 .....

Correction .....

.....

Error 3 .....

Correction .....

.....

Error 4 .....

Correction .....

.....

[4]

- (b) Describe the changes you should make to the corrected algorithm to allow the name of a country to be input and to display only the stored cities from that country.

You do **not** need to rewrite the algorithm.

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..... [5]

- 5 Explain how variables and constants should be used when creating and running a program.

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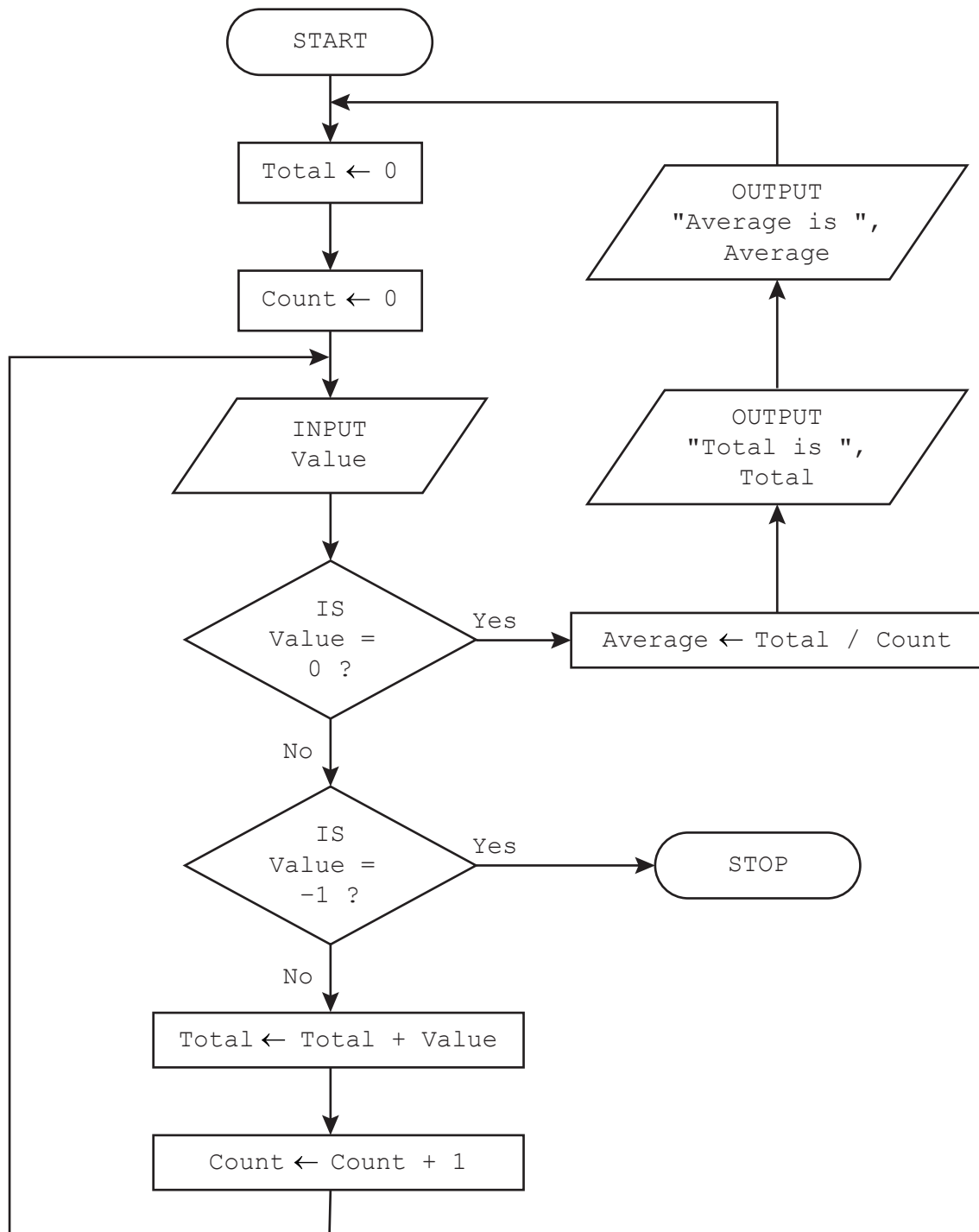
.....

.....

..... [3]

- 6 The flowchart represents an algorithm that performs a process on groups of values that are input. The algorithm will fail if the first value of any group is 0.

An input of  $-1$  will terminate the algorithm.



(a) Complete the trace table for the input data:

25, 35, 3, 0, 57, 20, 25, 18, 0, -1, 307, 40, 0

Value	Average	Total	Count	OUTPUT

[5]

(b) Describe the purpose of the algorithm.

.....

.....

.....

..... [2]

[5]

[4]



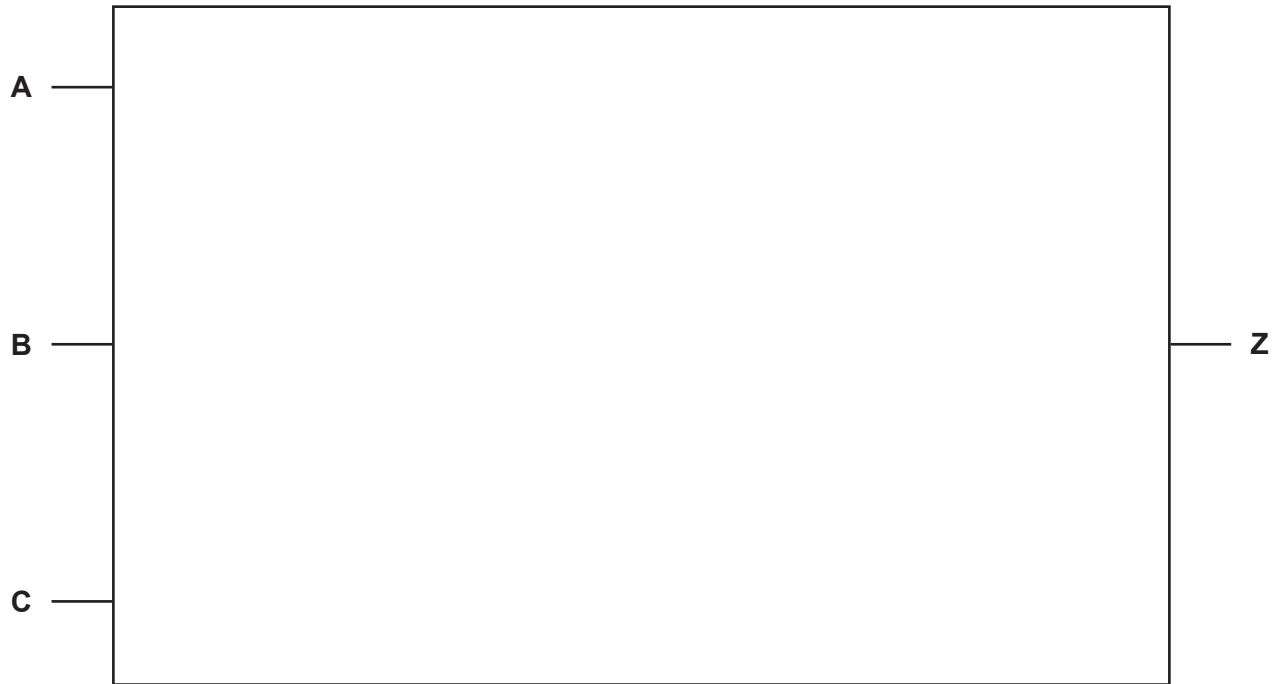
9 Consider the logic expression:

$$Z = (A \text{ NAND } B) \text{ OR NOT } (B \text{ XOR } C)$$

(a) Draw a logic circuit for this logic expression.

Each logic gate must have a maximum of **two** inputs.

Do **not** simplify this logic expression.



[4]

(b) Complete the truth table from the given logic expression.

A	B	C	Working space	Z
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

[4]

- 10** A database table called `Horses` stores details about the horses kept at a horse sanctuary.

Code	Breed	BreedOrigin	Gender	Age	Arrived
H002	Arabian	Saudi Arabia	M	5	28/09/2022
H004	Percheron	France	M	5	30/10/2022
H010	Friesian	Netherlands	M	6	15/11/2022
H011	Fjord	Norway	F	4	17/11/2022
H012	Clydesdale	Scotland	M	10	18/11/2022
H015	Arabian	Saudi Arabia	F	5	15/12/2022
H016	Arabian	Saudi Arabia	F	5	15/12/2022
H017	Clydesdale	Scotland	F	4	16/01/2023
H019	Percheron	France	M	3	16/01/2023
H025	Percheron	France	M	7	16/01/2023
H026	Clydesdale	Scotland	F	9	20/01/2023
H030	Clydesdale	Scotland	M	12	20/01/2023
H032	Fjord	Norway	M	3	24/03/2023
H033	Arabian	Saudi Arabia	F	15	27/04/2023
H034	Clydesdale	Scotland	F	4	14/06/2023
H035	Fjord	Norway	M	7	15/06/2023
H036	Friesian	Netherlands	F	15	20/07/2023
H037	Friesian	Netherlands	M	12	20/07/2023

- (a)** State the number of records in this database table.

..... [1]

- (b)** Give the name of the field that is most suitable to be the primary key.

State the reason for this choice.

Field .....

Reason .....

..... [2]

(c) The database only allows the data types:

- Boolean
- character
- date/time
- integer
- real
- text.

Complete the table to show the most appropriate data type for each field.  
Each data type must be different.

Field	Data type
Breed	
Gender	
Age	
Arrived	

[2]

(d) Complete the structured query language (SQL) to return the code and breed of all the horses whose breed originated in Scotland.

..... Code, Breed,

FROM .....

WHERE ..... = "Scotland";

[3]

- 11 A wood flooring company stores the names of up to 100 customers in a one-dimensional (1D) array `Customers[]`. A two-dimensional (2D) array `Quotations[]` stores details of each customer's quotation:

- length of room (one decimal place)
- width of room (one decimal place)
- area of wood required (rounded up to next whole number)
- choice of wood index (whole number)
- price of wood required in dollars (two decimal places).

The floor measurements (room length and room width) are taken in metres. All floors are rectangles and room measurements must be between 1.5 and 10.0 inclusive.

The index of any customer's data is the same in both arrays. For example, a customer named in index 4 of `Customers[]` corresponds to the data in index 4 of `Quotations[]`

The wood choices available are:

Index	Wood type	Price per square metre (\$)
1	Laminate	29.99
2	Pine	39.99
3	Oak	54.99

The data are stored in two 1D arrays named `WoodType[]` and `Price[]`. The index of the wood type and price in their arrays share the same index number.

Write a program that meets the following requirements:

- input a new customer's name, room length and room width
- check that each measurement is valid
- output an error message and require the measurement to be re-entered until it is valid
- calculate the area of the room by multiplying together the length of the room and the width of the room
- input the choice of wood and find its price per square metre
- calculate the price of the wood needed
- store all data in the relevant array
- output the customer's quotation to include: the name of the customer, the choice of wood and the calculated price of the wood required
- continue to accept the next customer.

You must use pseudocode or program code **and** add comments to explain how your code works. You do **not** need to declare any arrays or variables; you may assume that this has already been done.

You will need to initialise `WoodType[]` and `Price[]`

All inputs and outputs must contain suitable messages.

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This image shows a full page of a handwriting practice worksheet. It consists of multiple sets of three horizontal dashed lines spaced evenly down the page, providing a guide for letter height and placement. The background is plain white, and there are no other markings or text present.

[15]

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