

# **Cambridge O Level**

#### **COMPUTER SCIENCE**

Paper 2 Algorithms, Programming and Logic MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 75 2210/23 October/November 2023

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2023 series for most Cambridge IGCSE, Cambridge International A and AS Level components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

### **Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:**

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question ٠
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question .
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond ٠ the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do ٠
- marks are not deducted for errors •
- marks are not deducted for omissions .
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the • question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

| Question | Answer | Marks |
|----------|--------|-------|
| 1        | Α      | 1     |

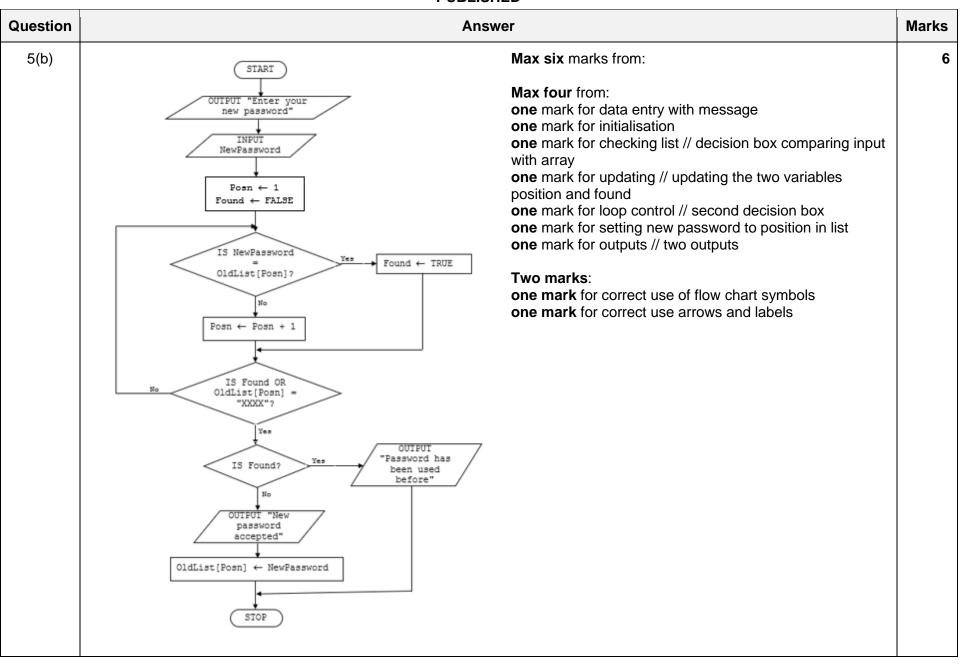
| Question | Answer | Marks |  |
|----------|--------|-------|--|
| 2        | В      | 1     |  |

| Question | Answer   |                                       |   |  |  |  |
|----------|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 3(a)     | One mark for each correct line from description  | to pseudocode keyword                 | 4 |  |  |  |
|          | Pseudocode description   | Pseudocode keyword                    |   |  |  |  |
|          | stores data in a file  | OUTPUT                                |   |  |  |  |
|          | retrieves data from a file   | WRITE                                 |   |  |  |  |
|          | displays data on a screen  | READ                                  |   |  |  |  |
|          |  | OPEN                                  |   |  |  |  |
|          | enters data from a keyboard  | INPUT                                 |   |  |  |  |
| 3(b)     | <ul> <li>One mark for each point (max two)</li> <li>data is stored permanently</li> <li>data can be moved to another computer</li> <li>another copy of data can be made and store</li> </ul> | ed//accessed elsewhere // backup copy | 2 |  |  |  |

| Question | Answer  | Marks |
|----------|---|-------|
| 4(a)     | <ul> <li>One mark for each point</li> <li>type check</li> <li>range check</li> </ul>  | 2     |
| 4(b)     | <pre>One mark for each point (max five)     use of loop for check     checking for whole number     checking for number greater than or equal to one     and less than or equal to six     Appropriate error/reinput message     ability to reinput value  Example: WHILE Seats &lt; 1 OR Seats &gt; 6 OR Seats &lt;&gt; ROUND(Seats, 0) DO     OUTPUT "Please enter a valid number of seats "     INPUT Seats ENDWHILE</pre> | 5     |
| 4(c)     | One mark for correct test data, one mark for corresponding reason<br>Example:<br>7, abnormal data to show that this value would be rejected   | 2     |

| Question | Answer  | Marks |
|----------|---|-------|
| 5(a)     | <ul> <li>One mark for each error identified and correction given</li> <li>Line 06 Password should be NewPassword</li> <li>Line 11 AND should be OR</li> <li>Line 16 INPUT should be OUTPUT</li> </ul> | 3     |

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| Question |  |     |   | Answer | Marks |
|----------|--|-----|---|--------|-------|
| 6(a)     | One mark for correct gate and one mark for correct truth table |     |   |        |       |
|          | AND  |     |   | _      |       |
|          | A  | В   | х |        |       |
|          | 0  | 0   | 0 |        |       |
|          | 0  | 1   | 0 |        |       |
|          | 1  | 0   | 0 |        |       |
|          | 1  | 1   | 1 |        |       |
| 6(b)     | One mark for correct gate and one mark for correct truth table |     |   |        |       |
|          | XOR //   | EOR |   |        |       |
|          | Α  | В   | x |        |       |
|          | 0  | 0   | 0 |        |       |
|          | 0  | 1   | 1 |        |       |
|          | 1  | 0   | 1 |        |       |
|          | 1  | 1   | 0 |        |       |

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| Question |                     |           |            | Answer  | Marks |
|----------|---------------------|-----------|------------|---|-------|
| 6(c)     | One maintenant      | ark for d | correct ga | ate and <b>one</b> mark for correct truth table | 2     |
|          | A                   | в         | x          |   |       |
|          | 0                   | 0         | 1          |   |       |
|          | 0                   | 1         | 0          |   |       |
|          | 1                   | 0         | 0          |   |       |
|          | 1                   | 1         | 0          |   |       |
| 6(d)     | One m<br>A -<br>B - |           | each corr  | rect gate, with the correct input(s) as shown.  | 5     |

| -        |  |       |
|----------|--|-------|
| Question | Answer   | Marks |
| 7        | <ul> <li>one mark for first description one mark for matching difference max four</li> <li>local variables - scope is a defined block of code/subroutine/procedure/function</li> <li>global variables - scope is the whole program</li> <li>local variables - value cannot be changed elsewhere in the program</li> <li>global variables - value can be changed anywhere in the program</li> </ul> | 4     |

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| estion |        |        |        |       | Answer                      | Ма |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-----------------------------|----|
| 8(a)   | Accept | Reject | PartOK | Error | OUTPUT                      |    |
|        | 0      | 0      |        |       |                             |    |
|        | 1      |        | Y      |       |                             |    |
|        | 2      |        | Y      |       |                             |    |
|        | 3      |        | Y      |       |                             |    |
|        |        | 1      | N      |       |                             |    |
|        | 4      |        | Y      |       |                             |    |
|        | 5      |        | Y      |       |                             |    |
|        | 6      |        | Y      |       |                             |    |
|        | 7      |        | Y      |       |                             |    |
|        |        | 2      | N      |       |                             |    |
|        | 8      |        | Y      |       |                             |    |
|        | 9      |        | Y      |       |                             |    |
|        | 10     |        | Y      | 20    |                             |    |
|        |        |        |        |       | Too many rejected 20% error |    |

| Question | Answer  | Marks |  |  |  |
|----------|---|-------|--|--|--|
| 8(b)     | <ul> <li>One mark for each point max three</li> <li>after the Input box // before the first decision box</li> <li>insert a process box</li> <li>to convert the input to upper case</li> <li>OR</li> <li>change the first decision / add another decision box</li> <li>to accept 'y' as well</li> <li>by adding OR PartOK = 'y'</li> </ul> | 3     |  |  |  |

| Question  | Answer   | Marks |  |  |  |  |
|-----------|--|-------|--|--|--|--|
| 9(a)      | Records: 14<br>Fields: 5   |       |  |  |  |  |
| 9(b)(i)   | Species/Description  | 1     |  |  |  |  |
| 9(b)(ii)  | Long names that could be easily misspelt // species or description could be duplicated   | 1     |  |  |  |  |
| 9(b)(iii) | Easy to validate // always unique  | 1     |  |  |  |  |
| 9(c)      | One mark for each correct row or columnTrue silverwhite laced top half and black lower halfBrown earedbrown with ear tufts                     |       |  |  |  |  |
| 9(d)      | One mark for each correct addition<br>SELECT Species<br>FROM PheasantList<br>WHERE Breeding Or WHERE Young = 0<br>AND Young = 0; AND Breeding; | 4     |  |  |  |  |

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| Question | Answer  | Marks |
|----------|---|-------|
| 10       | <ul> <li>AO2 (maximum 9 marks)</li> <li>AO3 (maximum 6 marks)</li> </ul>  | 15    |
|          | <b>Data Structures required</b> names shown underlined must be used as given in the scenario<br>2D Array or list Temperatures   |       |
|          | Variables MaxDay, MinDay, AvDay, MaxWeek, MinWeek, AvWeek   |       |
|          | Requirements (techniques)   |       |
|          | <ul> <li>R1 Find maximum and minimum temperatures for each day and calculates the average daily temperature (searching, totalling)</li> <li>R2 Find maximum and minimum temperatures for week and calculates the average weekly temperature (nested searching, totalling)</li> <li>R3 outputs for each day name, the rounded values for maximum temperature, minimum temperatures and average temperature. Outputs for the week the rounded values for maximum temperature, minimum temperatures and average</li> </ul> |       |
|          | temperature (output with appropriate messages and rounded values) Example 15-mark answer in pseudocode:   |       |
|          | <pre>// meaningful identifier names and appropriate data structures to store the data required<br/>DECLARE DayCounter, HourCounter : INTEGER<br/>DECLARE AvDay, AvWeek, MaxDay, MinDay, MaxWeek, MinWeek : REAL<br/>DECLARE DayTotal, WeekTotal : REAL<br/>DECLARE Day : STRING</pre>   |       |
|          | CONSTANT Hours $\leftarrow 24$<br>CONSTANT Days $\leftarrow 7$  |       |

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| Question | Answer   | Marks |
|----------|--|-------|
| 10       | MaxWeek $\leftarrow$ -1000// initialise max and min temperatures and total for the week<br>MinWeek $\leftarrow$ 1000<br>WeekTotal $\leftarrow$ 0   |       |
|          | <pre>WeekTotal ← 0 FOR DayCounter ← 0 TO Days - 1 MaxDay ← -1000// initialise max and min temperatures and total for each day MinDay ← 1000 DayTotal ← 0 FOR HourCounter ← 0 TO Hours - 1 DayTotal ← DayTotal + Temperatures(HourCounter, DayCounter) // update total maximum and minimum IF Temperatures(HourCounter, DayCounter) &gt; MaxDay THEN MaxDay ← Temperatures(HourCounter, DayCounter) ENDIF IF Temperatures(HourCounter, DayCounter) &lt; MinDay THEN MinDay ← Temperatures(HourCounter, DayCounter) ENDIF NEXT HourCounter CASE OF DayCounter // select message for day 0 : Day ← "Monday" 1 : Day ← "Tuesday"</pre> |       |
|          | <pre>2 : Day ← "Wednesday"<br/>3 : Day ← "Thursday"<br/>4 : Day ← "Friday"<br/>5 : Day ← "Saturday"<br/>6 : Day ← "Sunday"<br/>ENDCASE<br/>DayAverage ← DayTotal / Hours // output results for day<br/>OUTPUT Day // Results from a day<br/>OUTPUT "Maximum temperature ", MaxDay<br/>OUTPUT "Minimum temperature ", MinDay<br/>OUTPUT "Average temperature ", ROUND(DayAverage, 2)</pre>  |       |

| Question | Answer   | Marks |
|----------|--|-------|
| 10       | IF MaxDay > MaxWeek // update total maximum and minimum THEN   |       |
|          | MaxWeek ← MaxDay<br>ENDIF  |       |
|          | IF MinDay > MinWeek<br>THEN  |       |
|          | MinWeek ← MinDay<br>ENDIF  |       |
|          | WeekTotal 		WeekTotal + DayTotal // update total for week  |       |
|          | NEXT DayCounter  |       |
|          | WeekAverage 🔶 WeekTotal / Days   |       |
|          | OUTPUT "Maximum temperature for week ", MaxWeek// output results for week<br>OUTPUT "Minimum temperature for week ", MinWeek<br>OUTPUT "Average temperature for Week ", ROUND(WeekAverage,2) |       |

#### **Marking Instructions in italics**

AO2: Apply knowledge and understanding of the principles and concepts of computer science to a given context, including the analysis and design of computational or programming problems

| 0                          | 1-3   | 4-6  | 7-9  |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| No creditable<br>response. | At least one programming<br>technique has been used.<br>Any use of selection, iteration,<br>counting, totalling, input and<br>output.                             | Some programming techniques used<br>are appropriate to the problem.<br><i>More than one technique seen</i><br><i>applied to the scenario, check the list</i><br><i>of techniques needed.</i> | The range of programming techniques<br>used is appropriate to the problem.<br>All criteria stated for the scenario have<br>been covered by the use of<br>appropriate programming techniques,<br>check list of techniques needed. |  |  |
|                            | Some data has been stored but<br>not appropriately.<br>Any <b>use</b> of variables or arrays or<br>other language dependent data<br>structures e.g. Python lists. | Some of the data structures chosen<br>are appropriate and store some of the<br>data required.<br><i>More than one data structure <b>used</b> to<br/>store data required by the scenario.</i> | The data structures chosen are<br>appropriate and store all the data<br>required.<br><i>The data structures</i> <b>used</b> store all the<br>data required by the scenario.  |  |  |

#### **Marking Instructions in italics** AO3: Provide solutions to problems by: evaluating computer systems making reasoned judgements presenting conclusions 0 1-2 3-4 5-6 Program seen with some relevant No creditable Program seen without relevant The program has been fully comment(s). commented. comments. response. Some identifier names used are The majority of identifiers used are Suitable identifiers with names appropriate. appropriately named. meaningful to their purpose have been Some of the data structures Most of the data structures used have used throughout. All of the data structures used have used have meaningful names. meaningful names. meaningful names. The solution is illogical. The solution contains parts that may The program is in a logical order. be illogical. The solution is inaccurate in The solution contains parts that are The solution is accurate. Solution logically performs all the many places. inaccurate. Solution contains few lines of Solution contains lines of code with tasks given in the scenario. Ignore code with errors that attempt to some errors that logically perform minor syntax errors. perform a task given in the tasks given in the scenario. Ignore scenario. minor syntax errors. The solution attempts at least The solution attempts to meet most of The solution meets all the one of the requirements. the requirements. requirements given in the question. Solution contains lines of code that Solution contains lines of code Solution performs all the tasks given in that attempt at least one task perform most tasks given in the the scenario. given in the scenario. scenario.