CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

0510 ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE

0510/21

Paper 2, (Reading and Writing – Extended), maximum raw mark 84

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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IGCSE English as a Second Language Extended tier Reading/Writing (Paper 2)

This component forms part of the Extended tier assessment of IGCSE English as a Second Language and tests the following Assessment Objectives:

AO1: Reading

- R1 understand and respond to information presented in a variety of forms
- R2 select and organise material relevant to specific purposes
- R3 recognise, understand and distinguish between facts, ideas and opinions
- R4 infer information from texts

AO2: Writing

- W1 communicate clearly, accurately and appropriately
- W2 convey information and express opinions effectively
- W3 employ and control a variety of grammatical structures
- W4 demonstrate knowledge and understanding of a range of appropriate vocabulary
- W5 observe conventions of paragraphing, punctuation and spelling
- W6 employ appropriate register/style

Overview of exercises on Paper 2

		Reading objectives tested	Marks for reading objectives	Writing objectives tested	Marks for writing objectives	Total available marks
Exercise 1	Reading (1)	R1	8			8
Exercise 2	Reading (2)	R1, R4	14			14
Exercise 3	Information transfer	R1, R2, R4	6	W1, W5	2	8
Exercise 4	Note-making	R1, R2, R3	8			8
Exercise 5	Summary	R1, R2, R3	6	W1, W2, W3, W4, W5	4	10
Exercise 6	Writing (1)			W1, W2, W3, W4, W5, W6	18	18
Exercise 7	Writing (2)			W1, W2, W3, W4, W5, W6	18	18
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Exercise 1 An African walk							
	st be enjoyed at the right speed / enjoyable at the			[1]			
	es your mind / good for the body / good for the mir ntainous paths OR mountains	10		[1]			
• •	rt / animals / sand / grass / trees / plants / rock		ANY TWO	[1]			
()	en as the sun rises / starts as the sun rises are up early enough to see the sun set the sky on fin	re		[1]			
(e) came	era / binoculars / water	ANY TWO FRO	OM THREE	[1]			
(f) carrie	es a refreshment pack / with refreshments / provide	es tea AND / OR cake	;	[1]			
	is a star-covered sky / sleep outside / the view			[1]			
(h) pass	through the Zaris Pass OR magnificent scenery						
AND	see donkey carts	BOTH REQUIRED F	OR MARK	[1]			
			[Tota	ıl: 8]			

Da	ao 4	Mark Scheme	ww	w.dynamicpa Syllabus		
Pa	ge 4	IGCSE – October/November 2012		0510	Paper 21	
	• • • • •					
		n-made efforts to cool the Earth	- I' 4 -			
(a)		lown climate change / to change the Earth's ce global warming / to cool the world	climate			[1
(b)	dust / su	lfur / sulfur-based particles				[1
(c)	reduces	sunlight				
	reflects I	ight into space	ONE M	IARK FOR EAC	H DETAIL	[2
(d)	1991 ANI	D Mount Pinatubo / Philippines				[1
(e)	year afte	er year / every year / annually / yearly / once	a year			[1
(f)	cuts rain	fall in the Amazon OR Africa OR some area	s / interfe	eres with cloud s	systems	[1
(g)	70 billion	n tonnes				[1
(h)	absorbs	$CO_2 OR$ removes $CO_2 AND$ carries CO_2 to t	he bottor	n of the ocean		
			BOTH	I IDEAS FOR O	NE MARK	[1
(i)	takes too	o long / it takes decades / it takes centuries				[^
(j)	ANY FO	UR FROM THE FOLLOWING:				
	• artifi	cial volcanic eruption / create volcanic erupt	tion			
	• aero	planes release sulfur-based particles				
	• fire s	shells containing sulfur-based particles				
	• clou	d whitening / salt water sprayed				
		easing the amount of plankton				
	• use	filters to remove carbon dioxide				
		1 MARK FOR EACH CORRE	CT DETA	NL, UP TO A TO	OTAL OF 4	[4
					[Tot	al

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Exercise 3 DVD film club application form

Note: correct spelling is essential throughout the form-filling exercise. Upper case letters required at the start of proper nouns. The conventions of form-filling (i.e. instructions to tick, circle, delete) must be observed with total accuracy

SECTION A Personal details

Full name:	<u>A</u> isyah <u>M</u> usa				
DELETE	MALE				
Age:	16 / sixteen / 16 years / 16 years of age / 16 years old				
Address:	106 <u>J</u> alan <u>R</u> aja <u>(</u>	<u>C</u> hulan 5020	00 <u>K</u> uala <u>L</u> umpur		
Present situation	TICK	student			
Contact details:	email mobile/cell	ais.mus@kl 386341096	net.my		
SECTION B Application details					
Subscription period requi	red:	TICK	one year		

Reference number:	SP6
How did you find out about our club?	advertisement / magazine
Would you like to receive our newsletter?	DELETE NO
How often do you go to the cinema?	three times per month
Which films do you most enjoy?	comedies and science-fiction

Max. total for Sections A and B: 6 marks

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SECTION C

Max. total for Section C: 2 marks

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In the space below, write **one** sentence of between 12 and 20 words, giving your reasons for joining the club.

The sentence must be written in the first person.

Examples: I can watch films when I want and can save money on the travel.

I can watch films more cheaply and I can watch them at home.

For the sentence, award up to 2 marks, as follows:

2 marks: no fewer than 12 and no more than 20 words; proper sentence construction; correct spelling, punctuation and grammar; relevant to context.

1 mark: no fewer than 12 and no more than 20 words; proper sentence construction; 1–3 errors of punctuation / spelling / grammar that do not obscure meaning; relevant to context.

0 marks: more than 3 errors of punctuation / spelling / grammar; AND/OR irrelevant to context, AND/OR not a proper sentence; AND/OR fewer than 12 words or more than 20 words.

Absence of a full stop at the end should be considered as 1 punctuation error. Absence of an upper case letter at the beginning should be considered as 1 punctuation error. Omission of a word from a sentence should be considered as 1 grammar error.

[Total: 8]

		Paper
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ners go the distance		
nly apply if they are placed under the con	rect sub-heading (as o	detailed below).
, e		
ercise is marked for content (reading), not	language.	
the visit to London	(max 2 mai	rks this heading
athon / arriving at finishing line		
th the British public / appearance on telev	ision	
00		
e lack of water on the villagers	(max 3 mai	ks this heading
nimals		
eighbouring land / angering rival tribes		
inding water for the village	(max 3 mai	rks this heading
tax		
arching / failing to find evidence of water /	water found at some	distance
s and not finding water		
	aners go the distance only apply if they are placed under the com- s (i.e. total of ticks) to give a total out of 8. ercise is marked for content (reading), not the visit to London athon / arriving at finishing line th the British public / appearance on telev 00 e lack of water on the villagers inimals eighbouring land / angering rival tribes inding water for the village	Iners go the distance only apply if they are placed under the correct sub-heading (as a solution of ticks) to give a total out of 8. ercise is marked for content (reading), not language. the visit to London (max 2 mailed) athon / arriving at finishing line th the British public / appearance on television 00 e lack of water on the villagers inimals eighbouring land / angering rival tribes finding water for the village tax arching / failing to find evidence of water / water found at some

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• one of the driest regions / very dry region

[Total: 8]

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Exercise 5 Whales learn to shout above the noise

Count words and indicate when the 120 word limit has been reached. Do not award language marks if there is no content to reward.

Content (up to 6 marks)

The main causes of noise problems

- ships
- oil rigs / drilling for oil
- wind farms
- sonar devices
- human activity / human noise / unnatural noise

How whales have had to adapt their behaviour

- are louder / shout
- call at higher frequencies
- messages simpler
- more time communicating / more energy on communicating / messages repeated
- more often
- no longer calling as often

Language (up to 4 marks)

- **0 marks**: meaning obscure because of density of language errors and serious problems with expression / nothing of relevance
- **1 mark**: expression weak / reliance on lifting without discrimination
- 2 marks: expression limited / some reliance on lifting from the original, but some sense of order
- **3 marks**: expression good, with attempts to group and sequence ideas in own words
- **4 marks**: expression very good; clear, orderly grouping and sequencing largely in own words

[Total: 10]

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Exercise 6 Something strange out of the window

Exercise 7 Change in your country

The following general instructions, and table of marking criteria, apply to both exercises.

- **Content** covers *relevance* (i.e. whether the piece fulfils the task and the awareness of purpose/audience/register) and the *development of ideas* (i.e. the detail/explanation provided and how enjoyable it is to read).
- Language covers *style* (i.e. complexity of vocabulary and sentence structure) and *accuracy* (of grammar, spelling, punctuation and use of paragraphs).
- When deciding on a mark for content or language, first of all decide which mark band is most appropriate. There will not necessarily be an exact fit. Then decide between 2 marks within that mark band. Use the lower mark if it only just makes it into the band and the upper mark if it fulfils all the requirements of the band but doesn't quite make it into the band above.
- When deciding on a mark for **content**, look at both *relevance* and *development of ideas*. First ask yourself whether the writing fulfils the task, in terms of points to be covered and the length. If it does, it will be in **at least** the 4–5 mark band.
- When deciding on a mark for **language**, look at both the *style* and the *accuracy* of the language. A useful starting point would be first to determine whether errors intrude. If they do not, it will be in *at least* the 4–5 mark band.
- The **use of paragraphs** should **not** be the primary basis of deciding which mark band the work is in. Look first at the language used and once you have decided on the appropriate mark band, you can use the paragraphing as a factor in helping you to decide whether the work warrants the upper or lower mark in the mark band.
- If the essay is considerably **shorter than the stated word length**, it should be put in mark band 2–3 for content or lower for not fulfilling the task.
- If the essay is **totally irrelevant** and has nothing to do with the question asked, it should be given 0 marks for Content and Language, even if it is enjoyable to read and fluent.
- If the essay is **partly relevant** and therefore in mark band 2–3, the full range of marks for language is available.

[Total Exercise 6: 18]

[Total Exercise 7: 18]

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GENERAL CRITERIA FOR MARKING EXERCISES 6 and 7 (EXTENDED TIER)

Mark band	CONTENT: relevance and development of ideas (AO: W1, W2, W6)	Mark band	LANGUAGE: style and accuracy (AO: W1, W3, W4, W5)	
8–9	 Highly effective: <i>Relevance</i>: Fulfils the task, with consistently appropriate register and excellent sense of purpose and audience. <i>Development of ideas:</i> Shows independence of thought. Ideas are well developed, at appropriate length and persuasive. Quality is sustained throughout. Enjoyable to read. The interest of the reader is aroused and sustained. 	8–9	 Fluent: Style: Almost first language competence. Ease of style. Confident and wide-ranging use of language, idiom and tenses. Accuracy: No or very few errors. Well-constructed and linked paragraphs. 	
6–7	 Effective: Relevance: Fulfils the task, with appropriate register and good sense of purpose and audience. Development of ideas: Ideas are well developed and at appropriate length. Engages reader's interest. 	6–7	 Style: Sentences show variety of structure and length. Some style and turn of phrase. Uses some idioms and is precise in use of vocabulary. However, there may be some awkwardness in style making reading less enjoyable. Accuracy: Generally accurate, apart from occasional frustrating minor errors. There are paragraphs showing some unity, although links may be absent or inappropriate. 	
4–5	 Satisfactory: Relevance: Fulfils the task, with reasonable attempt at appropriate register, and some sense of purpose and audience. A satisfactory attempt has been made to address the topic, but there may be digressions. Development of ideas: Material is satisfactorily developed at appropriate length. 	4–5	 Safe: Style: Mainly simple structures and vocabulary, sometimes attempting more sophisticated language. Accuracy: Meaning is clear, and work is of a safe, literate standard. Simple structures are generally sound, apart from infrequent spelling errors, which do not interfere with communication. Grammatical errors occur when more sophistication is attempted. Paragraphs are used but without coherence or unity. 	

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Pa	ige 11	Mark Schem			Syllabus	Paper
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2–3	some Does altho quali show purp • Dev some the e	Ievant: evance: Partly relevant and e engagement with the task. s not quite fulfil the task, bugh there are some positive ities. Inappropriate register, ving insufficient awareness of ose and/or audience. elopment of ideas: Supplies e detail and explanation, but effect is incomplete. Some tition.	2–3	 <i>Style:</i> Simple structures and vocabulary. <i>Accuracy:</i> Meaning is sometimes in doubt. Frequent, distracting errors hamper precision and slow down reading. However, these do not seriously impair communication. Paragraphs absent or inconsistent. 		
0–1	 this i error No e any com error com 	ted engagement with task, but is mostly hidden by density of c. Award 1 mark . engagement with the task, or		 Mult grar usag whic unde can abse Den obse impe of E abse 	understand: iple types of error nmar/spelling/word ge/punctuation thro ch mostly make it of erstand. Occasion be deciphered. Pate ent or inconsistent. ark. sity of error comple- cures meaning. Who cures meaning. The cures meaning. The cures meaning. The cures meaning. The cures meaning. The cures meaning. The cures meaning. The cures meaning. The cures meaning. The cures	d bughout, lifficult to ally, sense aragraphs Award etely nole sections e as pieces agraphs