



Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

COMBINED SCIENCE 0653/22

Paper 2 Multiple Choice (Extended)

October/November 2018

45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

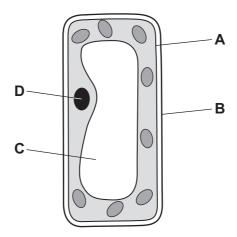
A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

Electronic calculators may be used.



1 The diagram shows a typical plant cell.

Which part of the cell controls the movement of materials into and out of the cell?



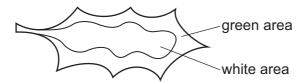
- 2 Which process depends on diffusion?
 - A circulation
 - **B** digestion
 - C gaseous exchange
 - **D** phagocytosis
- 3 Enzymes are used in digestion to break down larger molecules into smaller molecules.

Which row matches the large molecules with the small molecules they are broken down into?

	large molecules	small molecules
Α	fat	glycerol and fatty acids
В	glycogen	glycerol and amino acids
С	protein	simple sugars
D	starch	amino acids

- 4 Which two nutrients are needed for healthy bone and tooth development?
 - A calcium and iron
 - **B** iron and vitamin C
 - C vitamin C and vitamin D
 - D vitamin D and calcium

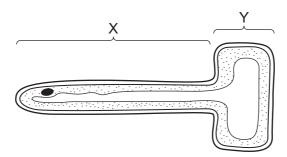
5 The diagram shows a leaf that was tested for starch using iodine solution.



Which row shows the results for this leaf and explains the results?

	green area of leaf after test	white area of leaf after test	explanation
Α	blue-black	blue-black	chlorophyll is found in all parts of the leaf
В	blue-black	brown	chlorophyll is found in only part of the leaf
С	brown	brown	chlorophyll is found in all parts of the leaf
D	brown	blue-black	chlorophyll is found in only part of the leaf

6 The diagram shows a cross-section of a root hair cell.

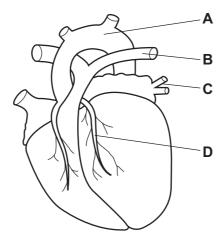


Which row identifies the part of the cell with the larger surface area and its function?

	part of cell	function
Α	Х	water and glucose uptake
В	Х	water and ion uptake
С	Y	water and glucose uptake
D	Υ	water and ion uptake

7 The diagram shows the external surface of the heart.

Which letter identifies a coronary artery?



8 Six molecules of glucose are aerobically respired in an animal cell.

How many molecules of carbon dioxide are released in this process?

A 1

B 6

C 12

D 36

9 Which features will maximise the rate of gas exchange across the alveoli?

	large surface area	small blood supply	thin membrane
Α	✓	✓	x
В	✓	✓	✓
С	✓	X	✓
D	X	✓	✓

10 What happens to the blood glucose concentration and pulse rate when adrenaline is released into a person's bloodstream?

	blood glucose concentration	pulse rate
A	decreases	increases
В	decreases	decreases
С	increases	increases
D	increases	decreases

11 Which row describes the net diffusion of substances between the fetus and the mother across the placenta?

	from fetus to mother	from mother to fetus
Α	carbon dioxide and glucose	oxygen and amino acids
В	carbon dioxide and waste products	oxygen and glucose
С	oxygen and glucose	carbon dioxide and amino acid
D	oxygen and waste products	carbon dioxide and glucose

- **12** What is the definition of a trophic level?
 - A It shows how an organism loses energy.
 - **B** It shows the position of an organism in a food chain.
 - **C** It shows the consumers of an organism.
 - **D** It shows the food eaten by an organism.
- 13 Which are possible harmful effects of deforestation?

	global warming	species extinction
Α	✓	✓
В	✓	×
С	X	✓
D	X	×

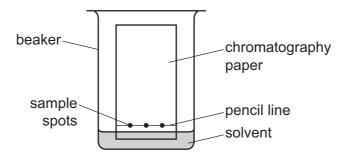
14 Sucrose is a covalent compound.

It is a solid at room temperature.

Which statement about sucrose is correct?

- A It is made of atoms that are close together and in continuous random motion.
- **B** It is made of atoms that are far apart and vibrating about a fixed point.
- **C** It is made of molecules that are close together and vibrating about a fixed point.
- **D** It is made of molecules that are far apart and in continuous random motion.

15 The apparatus used for chromatography is shown.



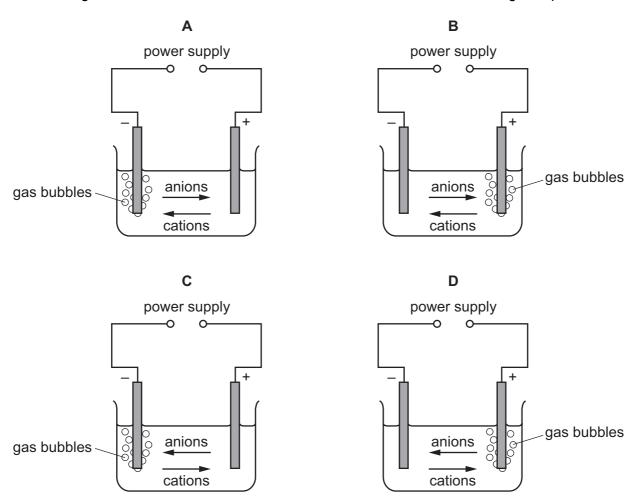
Which statement about the method used for chromatography is **not** correct?

- **A** The beaker is swirled to help the solvent to rise.
- **B** The chromatography paper is placed in the beaker after the solvent has been added.
- **C** The chromatography paper is removed before the solvent reaches the top of the paper.
- **D** The sample spots are placed on the pencil line above the level of the solvent.
- 16 Which molecule contains a double covalent bond?
 - A ethene
 - **B** methane
 - C nitrogen
 - **D** water
- 17 Which formula does not represent an acid?
 - A H₂SO₄
- **B** HCl
- C HNO₃
- D NH₃

18 During the electrolysis of aqueous copper chloride, ions move.

A gas is produced at one of the electrodes.

Which diagram shows the movement of ions and the electrode at which the gas is produced?



- 19 Which statement describes an endothermic reaction?
 - A Chemical energy is transformed into thermal energy and the temperature falls.
 - **B** Chemical energy is transformed into thermal energy and the temperature rises.
 - **C** Thermal energy is transformed into chemical energy and the temperature falls.
 - **D** Thermal energy is transformed into chemical energy and the temperature rises.

20 Hydrogen peroxide decomposes to form oxygen and water.

A catalyst is added to the hydrogen peroxide.

Which row describes the change in the rate of reaction and the mass of catalyst left at the end of the reaction?

	rate of reaction	mass of catalyst left at end of reaction
Α	decrease	less
В	decrease	no change
С	increase	less
D	increase	no change

21 Iron oxide reacts with carbon monoxide.

The word equation for the reaction is:

iron oxide + carbon monoxide → iron + carbon dioxide

Which statement is **not** correct?

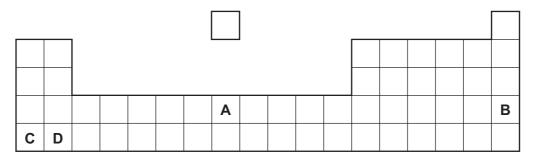
- A Carbon is neither oxidised nor reduced.
- **B** Carbon is oxidised.
- C Iron is reduced.
- **D** This is a redox reaction.
- **22** Francium is the element at the bottom of Group I.

What would happen if a sample of francium is added to water?

- **A** Francium reacts rapidly to produce bubbles of carbon dioxide.
- **B** Francium reacts to form a precipitate of francium oxide.
- **C** Francium reacts violently and produces a flammable gas.
- **D** Francium sinks and no reaction occurs.

23 The positions of four elements are shown in the outline of the Periodic Table.

Which element has a high melting point and forms coloured compounds?



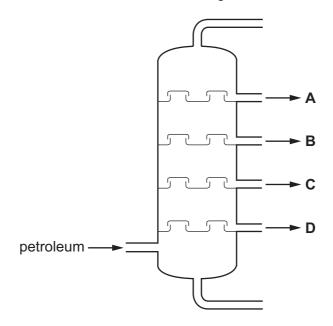
- 24 Which statement about noble gases is **not** correct?
 - A A neon atom has a full outer shell of electrons.
 - **B** Helium is used to fill balloons.
 - **C** Noble gases are very unreactive.
 - **D** Noble gases exist as molecules containing two atoms.
- 25 Which metal most readily forms positive ions?
 - A calcium
 - **B** copper
 - C iron
 - **D** zinc
- **26** Gasoline is a hydrocarbon fuel obtained from petroleum.

Which statement is correct?

- A Gasoline burns to form carbon dioxide and water.
- **B** Gasoline contains the elements carbon, hydrogen and oxygen.
- **C** Gasoline is used as a fuel in diesel engines.
- **D** The combustion of gasoline is an endothermic reaction.

27 Petroleum is separated into fractions by fractional distillation.

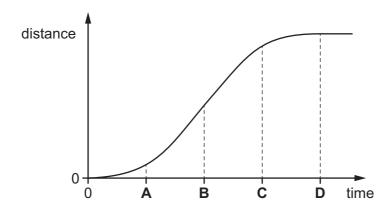
Which labelled fraction contains molecules with the largest intermolecular attractive forces?



28 A train travels between two stations.

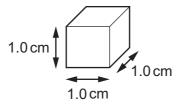
The distance-time graph for the train is shown.

At which time is the train travelling the fastest?



- 29 What name is given to the gravitational force acting on a mass?
 - A density
 - **B** power
 - C weight
 - **D** work

30 A cube of aluminium has sides of length 1.0 cm.



Compared with this cube, which statement about a cube of aluminium with sides of 2.0 cm is correct?

- A It has the same density.
- **B** It has the same mass.
- C It has twice the density.
- **D** It has twice the mass.
- 31 A brick of mass $4.0 \,\mathrm{kg}$ rests on a window ledge. It falls off the window ledge and drops through a height of $5.0 \,\mathrm{m}$ to the ground. The acceleration of free fall g is $10 \,\mathrm{m/s^2}$.

Air resistance can be ignored.

Which row states the kinetic energy and the speed of the brick just before it hits the ground?

	kinetic energy of brick/J	speed of brick m/s
Α	20	2.2
В	20	3.2
С	200	7.1
D	200	10

32 Gases are easier to compress than either solids or liquids.

Which statement about gas molecules is correct?

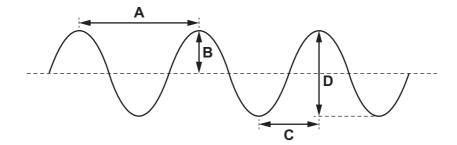
- **A** They are closer together and the forces between them are stronger.
- **B** They are closer together and the forces between them are weaker.
- **C** They are further apart and the forces between them are stronger.
- **D** They are further apart and the forces between them are weaker.

33 A liquid evaporates when molecules leave its surface.

Which molecules leave the surface, and what happens to the temperature of the remaining liquid?

- A The more energetic molecules leave and the temperature falls.
- **B** The more energetic molecules leave and the temperature rises.
- **C** The less energetic molecules leave and the temperature falls.
- **D** The less energetic molecules leave and the temperature rises.
- **34** The diagram represents a wave.

Which labelled distance gives the amplitude of the wave?



35 A student is watching television. He uses a remote controller to change the programme.

The remote controller uses electromagnetic waves. Electromagnetic waves are also used to transmit the television signals from a satellite.

Which row shows the type of wave used for each purpose?

	remote controller	satellite
Α	infra-red	microwaves
В	infra-red	radio waves
С	ultraviolet	microwaves
D	ultraviolet	radio waves

36 A girl stands in front of a plane mirror. She then walks towards the mirror at a speed of 1.0 m/s.

At what combined speed do the girl and her image appear to approach each other?

A 0m/s

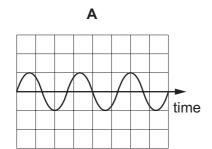
B 0.50 m/s

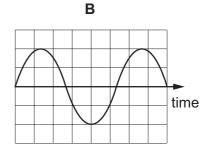
C 1.0 m/s

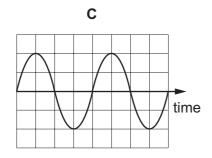
D 2.0 m/s

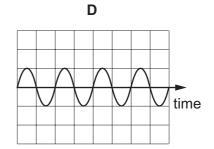
37 The diagrams represent four different sound waves. The scales are the same in all the diagrams.

Which sound has the lowest pitch?



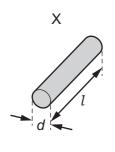


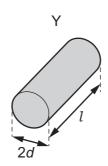


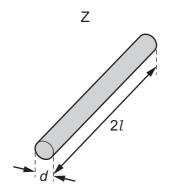


38 Three pieces of resistance wire X, Y and Z are made of the same metal.

The diagram shows the lengths and the diameters of the wires.





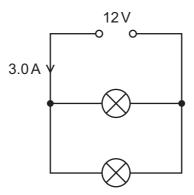


What is the order of the wires when they are placed in order of increasing resistance, least resistance first?

- $A Y \to X \to Z$

- **B** $Y \rightarrow Z \rightarrow X$ **C** $Z \rightarrow X \rightarrow Y$ **D** $Z \rightarrow Y \rightarrow X$

39 The diagram shows two identical lamps connected in parallel to a 12V power supply. A current of 3.0 A is delivered by the power supply.



What is the power produced by each lamp?

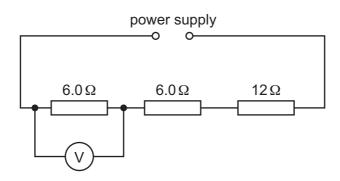
A 4.0 W

B 8.0 W

C 18W

D 36W

40 The diagram shows two 6.0Ω resistors and one 12Ω resistor connected in series to a power supply. The voltmeter connected across one 6.0Ω resistor reads $2.0\,\text{V}$.



What is the potential difference across the power supply?

A 6.0 V

B 8.0 V

C 12 V

D 48 V

15

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The Periodic Table of Elements

	\	2 He	helium 4	10	Ne	neon 20	18	Ar	argon 40	36	궃	krypton 84	54	×e	xenon 131	98	R	radon			
	IIΛ			6	ட	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	ğ	bromine 80	53	н	iodine 127	85	Αţ	astatine			
	>			8	0	oxygen 16	16	ഗ	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 79	52	<u>a</u>	tellurium 128	84	Ъ	molonium –	116	_	livermorium -
	>			7	z	nitrogen 14	15	Ф	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sp	antimony 122	83	Ξ	bismuth 209			
	2			9	ပ	carbon 12	14	Si	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	50	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead 207	114	Εl	flerovium –
	=			2	В	boron 11	13	ΝI	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	In	indium 115	81	11	thallium 204			
										30	Zu	zinc 65	48	ဦ	cadmium 112	80	Нg	mercury 201	112	S	copemicium -
										29	Cn	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	62	Αn	gold 197	111	Rg	roentgenium -
Group										28	Z	nickel 59	46	Pq	palladium 106	78	瓧	platinum 195	110	Ds	darmstadtium -
G										27	ဝိ	cobalt 59	45	뫈	rhodium 103	77	'n	iridium 192	109	¥	meitnerium -
		- エ	hydrogen 1							26	Fe	iron 56	4	Ru	ruthenium 101	92	SO	osmium 190	108	Hs	hassium –
										25	Mn	manganese 55	43	ပ	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186	107	Bh	bohrium –
				_	pol	ass				24	ပ်	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	>	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium -
			Key	atomic number	atomic symbo	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium 51	41	q	niobium 93	73	<u>a</u>	tantalum 181	105	op O	dubnium –
					atc	re				22	ı	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	Ξ	hafnium 178	104	꿉	rutherfordium -
										21	Sc	scandium 45	39	>	yttrium 89	57-71	lanthanoids		89–103	actinoids	
	=			4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	Š	strontium 88	56	Ba	barium 137	88	Ra	radium
	_			3	=	lithium 7	11	Na	sodium 23	19	×	potassium 39	37	В	rubidium 85	22	Cs	caesium 133	87	Ъ,	francium

7.1	Γn	lutetium 175	103	۲	lawrencium	ı
70	Υp	ytterbium 173	102	8	nobelium	I
69	Tu	thulium 169	101	Md	mendelevium	I
89	ш	erbium 167	100	Fm	ferminm	I
29	운	holmium 165	66	Es	einsteinium	I
99	ò	dysprosium 163	86	ŭ	californium	I
65	Д	terbium 159	97	益	berkelium	I
64	В	gadolinium 157	96	Cm	curium	ı
63	Ш	europium 152	92	Am	americium	ı
62	Sm	samarium 150	94	Pu	plutonium	ı
61	Pm	promethium -	93	d	neptunium	I
09	PZ	neodymium 144			uranium	
29	Ą	돌	91	Ра	protactinium	231
28	Ce	cerium 140				
22	Га	lanthanum 139	68	Ac	actinium	ı

lanthanoids

actinoids

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24\,\mathrm{dm}^3$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).