Cambridge IGCSE[™]

COMBINED SCIENCE

Paper 1 Multiple Choice (Core)

February/March 2022 45 minutes

0653/12

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

INSTRUCTIONS

- There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions.
- For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do **not** use correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- Each correct answer will score one mark.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.

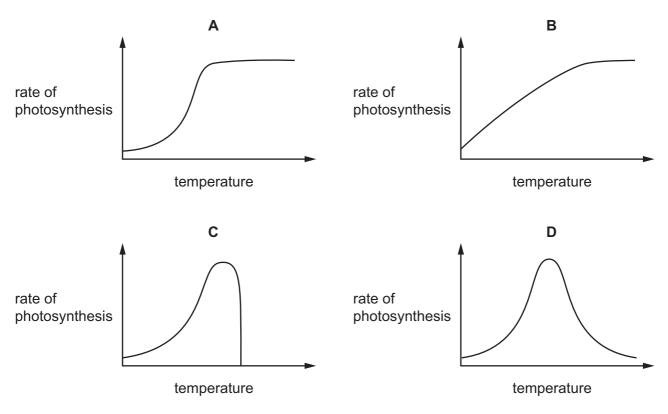
This document has 16 pages.

- 1 What is a characteristic of all living organisms?
 - **A** breathing
 - **B** eating
 - **C** egestion
 - **D** movement
- 2 What is the function of the cell membrane?
 - A to control which substances move in and out of the cell
 - **B** to hold the DNA of the cell
 - **C** to hold the chlorophyll of the cell
 - **D** to store nutrients or waste products
- 3 Which row shows the correct reagents for food tests?

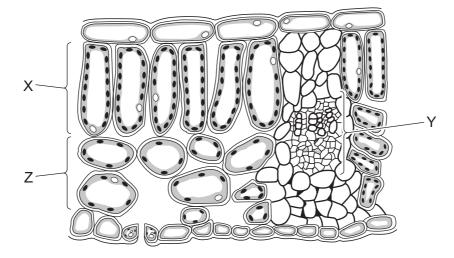
	fats and oils	proteins	reducing sugars
Α	Benedict's	biuret	ethanol
в	ethanol	biuret	Benedict's
С	Benedict's	iodine	ethanol
D	ethanol	iodine	Benedict's

4 The chemical reactions in photosynthesis depend on enzymes.

Which graph shows the effect of temperature on the rate of these reactions?



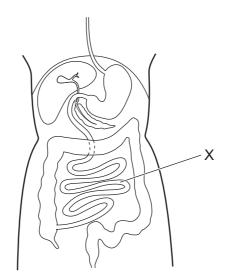
5 The diagram shows a section through a leaf.



Which row correctly identifies the labelled parts of the leaf section?

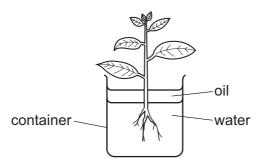
	Х	Y	Z
Α	cuticle	vascular bundle	palisade mesophyll
в	palisade mesophyll	vascular bundle	spongy mesophyll
С	palisade mesophyll	cuticle	spongy mesophyll
D	spongy mesophyll	cuticle	vascular bundle

6 The diagram shows the alimentary canal.



Which processes take place in the region marked X?

- **A** absorption and digestion
- B digestion and egestion
- **C** egestion and ingestion
- **D** ingestion and absorption
- 7 The diagram shows a plant in a container of water. The layer of oil stops the water in the container from evaporating.



The initial mass of the container and its contents is 296 g.

After two hours, the mass of the container and its contents is 292 g.

What is the rate of transpiration in this time?

- A 148 g of water per hour
- **B** 146 g of water per hour
- C 4 g of water per hour
- D 2g of water per hour

8 In the equation for respiration shown, the components have been represented by numbers.

 $1 + 2 \rightarrow 3 + 4$

Each component has been given a letter, as shown.

W = carbon dioxide, X = glucose, Y = oxygen, Z = water

Which letter should be inserted into each position in the equation?

	1	2	3	4
Α	W	Y	Х	Z
в	W	Z	Х	Y
С	Х	Y	W	Z
D	Х	Z	W	Y

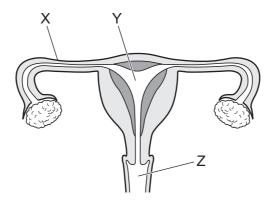
9 A student encounters a large growling dog. The student is frightened and prepares to run.

What is likely to occur?

	heart rate	pupil diameter
Α	unchanged	narrows
В	unchanged	widens
С	increases	narrows
D	increases	widens

- 10 What is a feature of asexual reproduction?
 - **A** development and growth of a zygote
 - **B** fusion of the nuclei of two cells
 - **C** offspring are all genetically different
 - D only requires a single parent

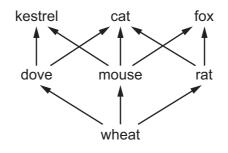
11 The diagram shows the female reproductive system of a human.



What are the parts labelled X, Y, and Z?

	Х	Y	Z
Α	oviduct	uterus	vagina
в	vagina	cervix	uterus
С	oviduct	uterus	cervix
D	vagina	cervix	oviduct

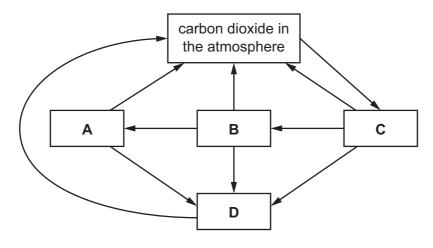
12 The diagram shows a food web.



Which organism is a herbivore?

- A cat
- B dove
- **C** fox
- D wheat

13 Which labelled box represents plants in the carbon cycle?

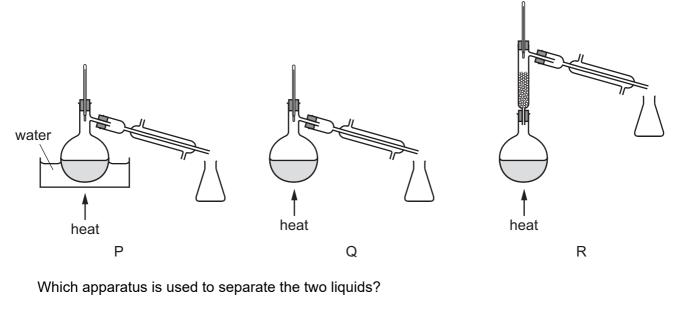


14 A mixture contains two liquids.

One liquid has a boiling point of 120 °C.

The other liquid has a boiling point of 160 °C.

They are separated by fractional distillation.



 A
 P and Q
 B
 P only
 C
 Q only
 D
 R only

15 Iodine is a non-metal.

It is a solid at room temperature.

What is a property of iodine?

- **A** It can be stretched into a wire.
- **B** It is brittle.
- **C** It is a good conductor of electricity.
- **D** It is a good conductor of heat.
- **16** The atomic number of argon is 18.

The mass number of argon is 40.

How many protons, neutrons and electrons are in an argon atom?

	protons	neutrons	electrons
Α	18	22	18
в	18	22	22
С	22	18	18
D	22	18	22

17 Potassium reacts with water in an exothermic reaction.

potassium + water \rightarrow X..... +Y.....

What are substances X and Y?

	Х	Y
Α	potassium oxide	hydrogen
В	potassium hydroxide	hydrogen
С	potassium oxide	oxygen
D	potassium hydroxide	oxygen

- 18 Which statement about the electrolysis of dilute sulfuric acid is correct?
 - A Only hydrogen is formed at the positive electrode.
 - **B** Only oxygen is formed at the anode.
 - **C** Only sulfur dioxide is formed at the negative electrode.
 - **D** Sulfur dioxide and hydrogen are formed at the cathode.

19 Excess magnesium ribbon is reacted with 10 cm³ of dilute hydrochloric acid. The hydrogen gas produced is collected and measured.

Which change to the reaction conditions increases the rate of reaction **and** the volume of hydrogen produced?

- **A** Use a lower temperature.
- **B** Use a transition metal catalyst.
- **C** Use concentrated hydrochloric acid.
- **D** Use powdered magnesium.
- **20** Carbon dioxide reacts with carbon.

carbon dioxide + carbon \rightarrow carbon monoxide

Which row describes what happens to the carbon dioxide and to the carbon during the reaction?

	carbon dioxide	carbon
Α	oxidised	oxidised
в	oxidised	reduced
С	reduced	oxidised
D	reduced	reduced

- **21** In which reaction is carbon dioxide **not** formed?
 - A adding hydrochloric acid to calcium
 - **B** adding hydrochloric acid to calcium carbonate
 - **C** burning coal in air
 - **D** burning methane in air
- 22 Which process produces pure copper sulfate from aqueous copper sulfate?
 - A distillation
 - **B** filtration
 - C chromatography
 - D crystallisation

- 23 What is used to identify chlorine?
 - **A** a glowing splint
 - **B** a lighted splint
 - **C** damp litmus paper
 - D limewater
- 24 The melting points of some Group I metals are shown.

metal	melting point/°C
lithium	180
potassium	63
rubidium	39

What is the melting point of sodium?

- **A** 28 °C **B** 44 °C **C** 98 °C **D** 232 °C
- 25 Which statement about noble gases is correct?
 - A Argon is used in lamps because it gives out a bright light when it is heated.
 - B Helium is used to fill balloons because it is more dense than air.
 - **C** Krypton forms diatomic molecules because it is an unreactive gas.
 - **D** Neon is unreactive because it has a full outer shell of electrons.
- **26** Which description identifies the monomer that is used to form poly(ethene) by addition polymerisation?
 - A saturated alkane
 - B saturated alkene
 - **C** unsaturated alkane
 - **D** unsaturated alkene
- 27 Which statement describes a saturated hydrocarbon gas but not any other gas?
 - A It contains carbon and hydrogen atoms bonded by single covalent bonds only.
 - **B** It contains carbon and hydrogen atoms only.
 - **C** It burns completely to give carbon dioxide and water.
 - **D** It rapidly decolourises aqueous bromine.

28 A man takes 30 minutes to walk 4.0 km to a station. He then immediately gets on a train that takes 60 minutes to travel 100 km.

What is the average speed for the man's complete journey?

A 1.2 km/hour B 1.8 km/hour C 54 km/hour D 69 km/hour

29 A measuring cylinder is used to find the density of a liquid.

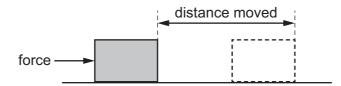
Which other piece of apparatus is needed?

- A balance
- B clock
- C ruler
- **D** thermometer
- **30** A car moves along a horizontal road. There is no resultant force acting on the car.

Which row describes the speed of the car and its direction of movement?

	speed of car	direction of movement
Α	changing	changing
в	changing	constant
С	constant	changing
D	constant	constant

31 An object is pushed along a smooth horizontal surface by a force.



Which quantities are used to determine the work done on the object?

	force	distance moved	
Α	1	1	key
в	\checkmark	x	✓ = used
С	x	1	x = not used
D	X	X	

32 Electricity is generated in different power stations that use coal, hydroelectric dams, nuclear fission or geothermal resources.

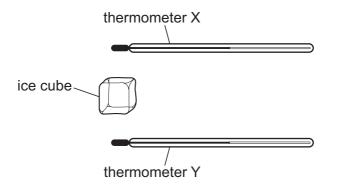
How is a hydroelectric power station different from the other three types of power station?

- **A** It is the only power station that uses steam as part of the process.
- **B** It is the only power station that does not use steam as part of the process.
- **C** It is the only power station that uses a renewable form of energy.
- **D** It is the only power station that does not use a renewable form of energy.
- **33** A gas is trapped in a container.

Which properties of the molecules of the gas determine its temperature and its pressure?

	temperature determined by	pressure determined by
Α	the separation of the molecules	how often the molecules collide with the container
в	the separation of the molecules	the forces between the molecules
С	the speed of the molecules	how often the molecules collide with the container
D	the speed of the molecules	the forces between the molecules

34 Thermometer X is held above an ice cube and thermometer Y is held an equal distance below the ice cube. After several minutes, the reading on one thermometer changes. The ice cube does not melt.



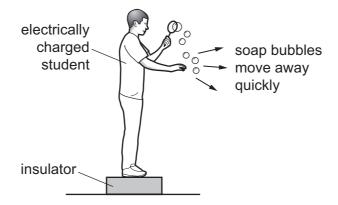
The reading of which thermometer changes, and why?

	thermometer	reason
Α	Х	cool air rises from the ice cube
в	х	warm air rises from the ice cube
С	Y	cool air falls from the ice cube
D	Y	warm air falls from the ice cube

- 35 What is not part of the electromagnetic spectrum?
 - **A** gamma-radiation
 - B microwaves
 - C sound waves
 - D X-rays
- **36** Sound of which frequencies can be heard by a healthy human ear?

	30 Hz	300 Hz	3.0 kHz	
Α	1	1	1	key
в	\checkmark	1	x	✓ = can be heard
С	X	1	1	\boldsymbol{X} = cannot be heard
D	X	X	1	

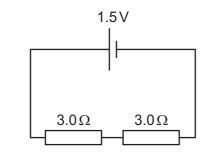
37 An electrically charged student produces soap bubbles. When he holds his hand near the bubbles, they move away quickly from his hand.



For this movement of the bubbles to happen, which statement is correct?

- **A** The bubbles must be negatively charged.
- **B** The bubbles must be positively charged.
- **C** The bubbles must have the opposite charge to the charge on the student.
- **D** The bubbles must have the same charge as the charge on the student.

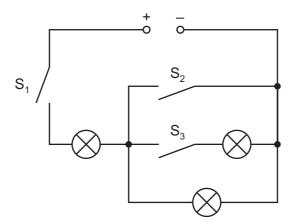
38 Two 3.0Ω resistors are connected in series to a 1.5 V cell.



What is the current in the circuit?

A 0.25 A **B** 0.50 A **C** 4.0 A **D** 9.0 A

39 The diagram shows a power supply, three lamps and three switches, S_1 , S_2 and S_3 , in a circuit.

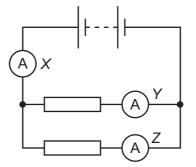


All the lamps are lit.

Which row gives the states of the switches?

	S ₁	S ₂	S ₃
Α	closed	closed	open
в	closed	open	closed
С	open	closed	open
D	open	open	closed

40 The diagram shows a circuit with three ammeters. The readings on the ammeters are *X*, *Y* and *Z*.



Which set of readings on the ammeters is possible?

	X/A	Y/A	Z/A
Α	2	3	5
В	3	2	5
С	3	3	3
D	5	2	3

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 \equiv \leq \leq > 6 C carbon carbon 120 L C 228 Silicon $^{$ \geq $\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{5} \\ \mathbf{B} \\ \mathbf{B} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{B} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{$ \equiv 28 Nickel 59 59 59 59 59 59 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 7106 Group 26 Feering 56 56 56 76 101 101 108 190 190 190 190 190 - T ¹ atomic symbol name relative atomic mass atomic number Key 21 SC candium 45 45 39 39 7 7 89 89 89 39–103 actinoids A Beryllium beryllium beryllium beryllium beryllium beryllium beryllium agnesium agnesium agnesium beryllium berylli = $[] \label{eq:constraint} [] \label{eq:constr$

	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
lanthanoids	La	Ce	P L	ΡQ	Pm	Sm	Еu	Вd	Tb	D	Ч	ц	Tm	γb	Lu
	lanthanum 139	cerium 140	praseodymium 141	neodymium 144	promethium -	samarium 150	europium 152	gadolinium 157	terbium 159	dysprosium 163	holmium 165	erbium 167	thulium 169	ytterbium 173	lutetium 175
	89	06	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	66	100	101	102	103
actinoids	Ac	Th	Ра		Np	Pu	Am	Cm	ų	Ç	Еs	ЕШ	Md	No	Ļ
	actinium	thorium	protactinium	uranium	neptunium	plutonium	americium	curium	berkelium	californium	einsteinium	fermium	mendelevium	nobelium	lawrencium
	I	232	231	238	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24\,dm^3$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

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The Periodic Table of Elements