



Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

COMBINED SCIENCE 0653/22

Paper 2 Multiple Choice (Extended) February/March 2017

45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

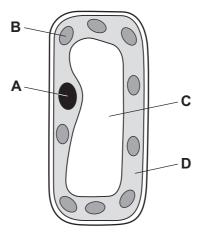
A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

Electronic calculators may be used.



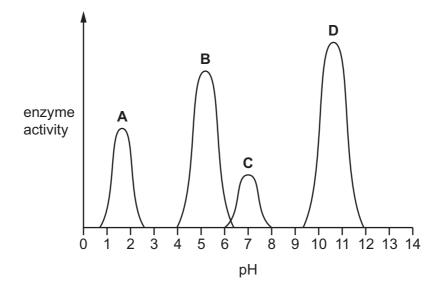
1 The diagram shows a palisade cell as seen under a light microscope.

Which structure converts light energy to chemical energy?



2 The graph shows the effect of pH on the activity of four different enzymes.

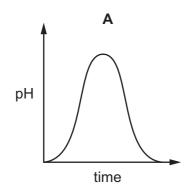
Which enzyme is most active in the stomach?

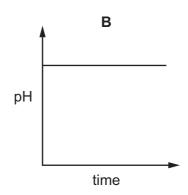


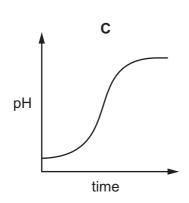
3 Microorganisms are used to convert milk into yoghurt.

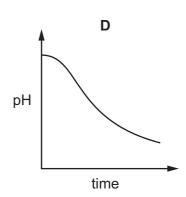
The pH of the milk is regularly recorded as it turns into yoghurt.

Which graph shows the change in pH as the yoghurt is made?









4 What is the equation for photosynthesis?

A
$$6H_2O + 6CO_2 \rightarrow C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6O_2$$

B
$$6H_2O + 6O_2 \rightarrow C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6CO_2$$

$$\textbf{C} \quad C_6 H_{12} O_6 \ + \ 6 C O_2 \ \rightarrow \ 6 O_2 \ + \ 6 H_2 O$$

$$\label{eq:D} \textbf{D} \quad C_6 H_{12} O_6 \ + \ 6 O_2 \ \to \ 6 C O_2 \ + \ 6 H_2 O$$

5 Which statement describes transpiration?

- A evaporation of water from leaf mesophyll cells
- **B** intake of water from the atmosphere through the stomata
- **C** transport of water through xylem tissue to the leaves
- **D** uptake of water by root hairs in the soil

6 Oxygenated blood returns to the heart from the lungs in vessel X and leaves the heart to circulate around the body in vessel Y.

What are X and Y?

	Х	Υ
Α	aorta	pulmonary vein
В	pulmonary artery	vena cava
С	pulmonary vein	aorta
D	vena cava	pulmonary artery

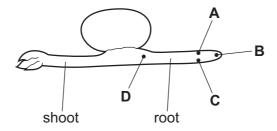
7 Which row is correct for aerobic respiration?

	relative amount of energy released	gas used
Α	large	carbon dioxide
В	large	oxygen
С	small	carbon dioxide
D	small	oxygen

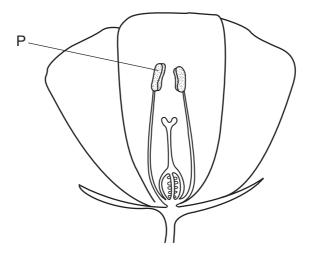
- 8 Which component of cigarette smoke reduces the oxygen-carrying capacity of the blood?
 - A carbon monoxide
 - **B** nicotine
 - C smoke particles
 - **D** tar
- **9** The diagram shows a seedling with its root and shoot horizontal.

The seedling is kept moist for three days.

Where will the greatest concentration of auxin be found?



10 The diagram shows a section through a flower.



Which row correctly identifies structure P and the method of pollination in the flower?

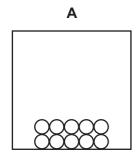
	structure P	method of pollination
Α	anther	insect
В	anther	wind
С	stigma	insect
D	stigma	wind

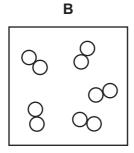
- 11 How does HIV affect the immune system?
 - **A** It decreases the number of platelets.
 - **B** It destroys red blood cells.
 - **C** It increases the number of white blood cells.
 - **D** It reduces antibody formation.
- **12** Energy flows along a food chain.

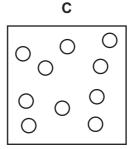
What does every food chain start with?

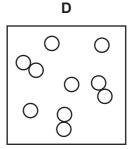
- A carnivore
- **B** consumer
- **C** herbivore
- **D** producer

- 13 Which two gases contribute most to global warming?
 - A carbon dioxide and methane
 - B carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide
 - C methane and oxygen
 - **D** oxygen and carbon monoxide
- 14 Which diagram represents molecules of hydrogen gas?









15 Magnesium reacts with sulfur, to form magnesium sulfide.

Magnesium sulfide is an ionic compound.

Which statement is **not** correct?

- A Electrons are shared between sulfur and magnesium.
- **B** Electrons are transferred from magnesium to sulfur.
- **C** The magnesium ions are positively charged.
- **D** The sulfur atoms gain electrons.
- 16 Which row shows the formulae of sodium hydroxide and of potassium hydroxide?

	sodium hydroxide	potassium hydroxide
Α	NaOH	КОН
В	NaOH	POH
С	SOH	KOH
D	SOH	POH

17 Molten sodium chloride can be electrolysed.

Which row describes what happens at each electrode?

	anode	cathode
Α	chloride ions gain electrons	sodium ions lose electrons
В	chloride ions lose electrons	sodium ions gain electrons
С	sodium ions gain electrons	chloride ions lose electrons
D	sodium ions lose electrons	chloride ions gain electrons

- 18 In which change is chemical energy transformed into heat (thermal energy)?
 - A combustion of refinery gas
 - **B** cracking of alkanes into alkenes
 - C distillation of seawater
 - D electrolysis of molten lead(II) bromide
- **19** The rate of reaction between magnesium and dilute hydrochloric acid is measured. The reaction is repeated at a different temperature and the rate of reaction increases.

Which statement describes the second reaction?

- **A** A higher temperature is used and the particles collide less often.
- **B** A higher temperature is used and the particles collide more often.
- **C** A lower temperature is used and the particles collide less often.
- **D** A lower temperature is used and the particles collide more often.
- **20** Copper oxide is1..... in water. Excess copper oxide reacts with warm dilute sulfuric acid. When the reaction is complete, the mixture is2..... to obtain copper sulfate solution.

Which words correctly complete gaps 1 and 2?

	1	2
Α	insoluble	distilled
В	insoluble	filtered
С	soluble	distilled
D	soluble	filtered

21 Which aqueous reagents give a white precipitate when added to aqueous zinc chloride?

	sodium hydroxide	barium nitrate	silver nitrate
Α	✓	✓	✓
В	✓	✓	X
С	✓	X	✓
D	X	✓	✓

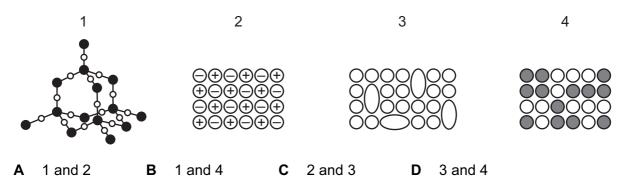
- 22 Which statements about elements in the Periodic Table are correct?
 - 1 The higher the group number, the more metallic an element is.
 - 2 The group number is equal to the number of electrons in the outer shell.
 - 3 Elements on the left of the Periodic Table form ions by losing electrons.
 - **A** 1 only **B** 1 and 2 **C** 1 and 3 **D** 2 and 3
- 23 Element X is a very soft solid.

It reacts violently with water.

A purple flame is seen as it reacts with water.

What is X?

- A iodine
- **B** potassium
- C sodium
- **D** zinc
- 24 Which diagrams represent alloys?



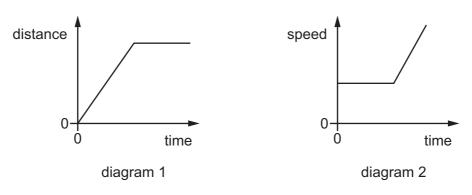
25 Iron occurs in the ground as iron oxide.

Gold occurs in the ground as the element.

Which statement explains this observation?

- A Gold is more reactive than iron.
- **B** Gold oxide is more reactive than iron oxide.
- C Iron is more reactive than gold.
- **D** Iron oxide is more reactive than gold oxide.
- 26 Which chemical test shows the presence of water?
 - A Water has a boiling point of 100 °C.
 - **B** Water has a freezing point of 0 °C.
 - **C** Water turns anhydrous cobalt chloride from blue to pink.
 - **D** Water turns anhydrous copper sulfate from blue to white.
- 27 Which pair of hydrocarbons can be distinguished from each other by the addition of bromine water?

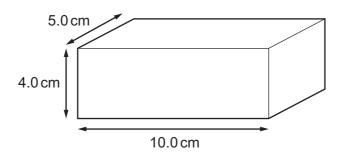
28 Diagrams 1 and 2 show a distance-time graph and a speed-time graph.



Which of the diagrams represents the motion of an object that is moving with constant acceleration and then with constant speed?

- A diagram 1 and diagram 2
- B diagram 1 only
- C diagram 2 only
- D neither of the diagrams

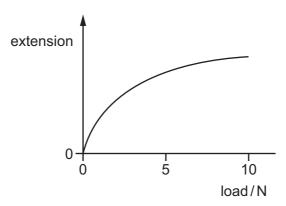
29 A solid rectangular metal block has the dimensions shown. The density of the metal is 8.0 g/cm³.



What is the mass of the metal block?

- **A** 160 g
- **B** 320 g
- **C** 400 g
- **D** 1600 g

30 The extension-load graph for a rubber band is shown.



Which statement about the rubber band is correct?

- A An increase in the load from 1.0 N to 2.0 N has a smaller effect on the extension than an increase from 5.0 N to 6.0 N.
- **B** The extension is directly proportional to the load for loads greater than 5.0 N.
- **C** The rubber band could be used as a spring balance with a linear (evenly spaced) scale.
- **D** The rubber band is more difficult to stretch as the load becomes greater.
- **31** A lifting system contains an electric motor with an input power of 500 W. The system has an efficiency of 60%.

How much power is wasted by the lifting system?

- **A** 200 W
- **B** 300 W
- **C** 20000W
- **D** 30000 W
- **32** A container with fixed volume is filled with a substance. The atoms in the substance are far apart and move in straight lines until they strike something.

The substance is now heated without changing state.

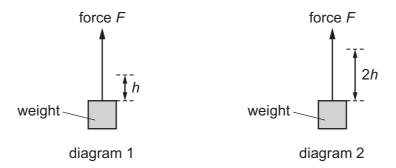
Which row gives the state of the substance and the effect of heating on its atoms?

	state of substance	effect on atoms when heated
Α	gas	expand
В	gas	move more quickly
С	liquid	expand
D	liquid	move more quickly

33 Diagram 1 shows a force *F* lifting a weight through a height *h*.

Diagram 2 shows the same force *F* lifting the same weight through a height 2*h*.

In both cases, air resistance and friction are negligible.



Each lift can take either 1s or 10s.

Which row shows the greatest power being developed when the weight is lifted?

	height lifted	time taken for the lift/s
Α	h	1
В	h	10
С	2h	1
D	2h	10

- 34 In which states of matter is convection the main heat transfer process?
 - A gases and solids only
 - B liquids and gases only
 - C solids and liquids only
 - D solids, liquids and gases
- **35** A vibrating object hits the surface of a liquid every 0.050 s. This causes a wave to spread out over the surface at a speed of 30 cm/s.

What is the wavelength of the wave?

A 0.0017 cm **B** 0

B 0.67 cm

C 1.5 cm

D 600 cm

36 A man walks towards a large plane mirror at a constant speed of 2.0 m/s. An image of the man is produced by reflection.

Which statement about the man and his image is correct?

- The distance between them decreases at 2.0 m/s.
- В The distance between them decreases at 4.0 m/s.
- C The distance between them remains constant.
- D They approach each other at an increasing speed.
- 37 A distant star emits a short pulse containing light waves, microwaves and radio waves. The waves travel to Earth in vacuo (in a vacuum).

Which waves reach the Earth first?

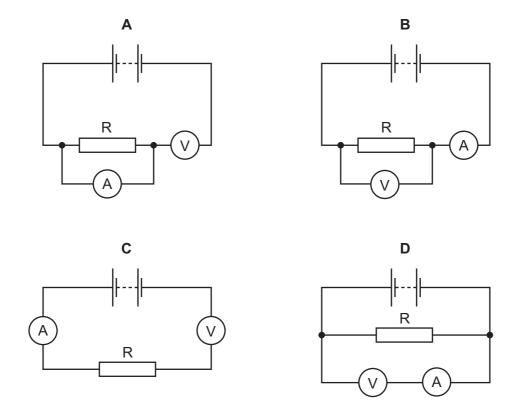
- the light waves
- В the microwaves
- the radio waves C
- **D** they all arrive at the same time
- **38** Four loudspeakers each vibrate at the frequencies shown.

Which loudspeaker produces the lowest-pitched sound that can be heard by a human?

- **A** 5.0 Hz
- **B** 10 Hz
- **C** $5.0 \times 10^3 \text{ Hz}$ **D** $10 \times 10^3 \text{ Hz}$

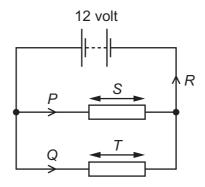
39 The diagrams show four circuits.

Which circuit can be used to find the resistance of resistor R?



40 A 12 volt battery is connected to two resistors.

Currents *P*, *Q* and *R*, and potential differences *S* and *T* across the two resistors are labelled.



Which row gives the relationship between the three currents, and gives the values of S and T?

	currents	S/volt	T/volt
Α	P = Q = R	6.0	6.0
В	P = Q = R	12	12
С	P + Q = R	6.0	6.0
D	P + Q = R	12	12

15

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge International Examinations Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cie.org.uk after the live examination series.

Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.

The Periodic Table of Elements

		2 He	helium 4	10	Ne	neon 20	18	Ā	argon 40	36	궃	krypton 84	54	Xe	xenon 131	98	R	radon			
	=>			6	ш	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	Ā	bromine 80	53	Н	iodine 127	85	At	astatine			
	5			8	0	oxygen 16	16	ഗ	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 79	52	<u>е</u>	tellurium 128	84	Ъо	polonium -	116		livermorium
	>			7	z	nitrogen 14	15	۵	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sb	antimony 122	83	Ξ	bismuth 209			
	≥			9	ပ	carbon 12	14	S	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	90	S	tin 119	82	Ъ	lead 207	114	Εl	flerovium
	=			2	В	boron 11	13	Αl	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	In	indium 115	81	11	thallium 204			
										30	Zu	zinc 65	48	ပ္ပ	cadmium 112	80	Я	mercury 201	112	S	copernicium
										29	Cn	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	79	Αn	gold 197	111	Rg	roentgenium
Group										28	Z	nickel 59	46	Pd	palladium 106	78	₹	platinum 195	110	Ds	darmstadtium
Gro										27	ပိ	cobalt 59	45	몺	rhodium 103	77	'n	iridium 192	109	¥	meitnerium
		- I	hydrogen 1							26	Ьe	iron 56	44	Ru	ruthenium 101	9/	Os	osmium 190	108	Η̈́	hassium
							_			25	Mn	manganese 55	43	ည	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186	107	Bh	pohrium
					pol	ass				24	ပ်	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	≯	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium
			Key	atomic number	atomic symbo	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium 51	41	g	niobium 93	73	д	tantalum 181	105	g C	dubnium
					atc	rek				22	F	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	士	hafnium 178	104	꿒	rutherfordium
										21	Sc	scandium 45	39	>	yttrium 89	57–71	lanthanoids		89–103	actinoids	
	=			4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	Š	strontium 88	56	Ва	barium 137	88	Ra	radium
	_			က	:-	lithium 7	£	Na	sodium 23	19	メ	potassium 39	37	&	rubidium 85	55	CS	caesium 133	87	Ē	francium

Lu Lu	lutetium 175	103	۲	lawrencium	I	
° A Y						
ee Lu	thulium 169	101	Md	mendelevium	I	
。 原	erbium 167	100	Fm	fermium	I	
67 Ho	holmium 165	66	Es	einsteinium	I	
° A	dysprosium 163	86	ర	californium	ı	
e5 Tb	terbium 159	26	Ř	berkelium	I	
Gd	gadolinium 157	96	Cm	curium	1	
e3 Eu	europium 152	92	Am	americium	I	
ss Sm	samarium 150	94	Pn	plutonium	I	
e1 Pm	promethium -	93	d	neptunium	I	
PN	neodymium 144					
.59 P	praseodymium 141	91	Ра	protactinium	231	
Çe Ce	cerium 140	06	T	thorium	232	
57 La	lanthanum 139	89	Ac	actinium	1	

lanthanoids

actinoids

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24\,\mathrm{dm}^3$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).