## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## 0610 BIOLOGY

0610/31

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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Que	estion	Expected Answers		Marks	Additional Guida	nce
1	(a)	Lilium ;		1		
	(b)	<ul> <li>A stigma ;</li> <li>B anther ;</li> <li>C petal ;</li> <li>D style ;</li> </ul>		4		
	(c)	parallel veins / AW ; narrow / AW, leaves ; flower parts in, 3s / 6s ;		max 2	A non-branching v A long and thin A for any named p R one cotyledon	
	(d)	one mark per box – ignore any neutral comments				
		type of reproduction in flowering plants asexual	advantages only one, parent / plant ; fast ; (potential) rapid spread ; less energy required / no gametes needed ; if parent well adapted, offspring will be adapted to surroundings ;		id ; no gametes , offspring will be	disadvantages competition ; little / no, variation ; less evolution / less able to adapt to change ; may all be killed by same disease ; converse of MP5 for asexual ; max 1
		(seed) disper		rsal ;	of new species ; adapt to change ;	may need two plants / pollinating agent; slow ; much pollen / many seeds wasted ; fertilization may not happen; loss of lots of energy ;
					max 1	max 1
			[]	Fotal: 11]		

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Ques	stion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	(a)	detect / sense / feel, changes / stimuli ; make response(s) / react / AW ;	2	<i>ignore</i> specific example of response
	(b)	<ul> <li>F to skin receptor ;</li> <li>G to sensory neurone ;</li> <li>H to biceps ;</li> </ul>	3	Label line to actual part only. <b>R</b> lines to motor end plate or neurone
	(c)	automatic ; no thought required / not a conscious action ; stimulus always leads to the same response ;	max 2	<i>ignore</i> refs to speed of response <b>A</b> no (higher centres in) brain involved <b>A</b> fixed response
	(d)	<ol> <li>rapid response ;</li> <li>protective / AW ;</li> <li>mechanical damage / injury ;</li> <li>e.g. ;</li> <li>already present immediately after birth ;</li> </ol>	max 3	i.e. before learning can take place
	(e)	<ol> <li>heart beats faster ;</li> <li>increased rate of breathing ;</li> <li>trachea / bronchi / bronchioles / airways, dilate / widen</li> <li>vasoconstriction / AW, in gut / skin;</li> <li>vasodilation / AW, in muscles ;</li> <li>stimulates breakdown of glycogen in the liver ;</li> <li>increases blood glucose concentration ;</li> <li>dilate pupils ;</li> <li>heightened sensitivity / increased mental awareness / AW;</li> </ol>	 max 3	<ul> <li>A increase pulse (rate)</li> <li>A more oxygen to muscles</li> <li>R 'adrenaline breaks down glycogen'</li> <li>A sharper senses / more alert / AW</li> </ul>
			[Total: 13]	

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Que	stion	Exp	ected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
3	(a)	$\rightarrow$ C	<sub>12</sub> O <sub>6</sub> + O <sub>2</sub> ; O <sub>2</sub> + H <sub>2</sub> O ; 6CO <sub>2</sub> , 6H <sub>2</sub> O ;	3	<i>marks for:</i> correct formulae for glucose and oxygen correct formulae for carbon dioxide and water balancing the equation <i>ignore</i> word equation
	(b)	1 2 3 4 5 6	temperature ; mass of soda lime ; volume of air in the syringe ; volume / size, of syringe ; mass of seeds ; <i>idea of</i> reading from same edge of droplet (each time) ;		A amount A 'number / size'
	(c)	(i)	<ol> <li>moves to the right / towards seeds / syringe</li> <li>seeds absorb oxygen ;</li> <li>give out carbon dioxide, absorbed by soda lime ;</li> <li>volume of, air / gas, decreases ;</li> <li>pressure of, air / gas, decreases ;</li> </ol>	; max 3	
	(c)	(ii)	<ol> <li>slows down / stops ;</li> <li>rate of respiration decreased ;</li> <li>oxygen being used up / AW ;</li> <li>aerobic respiration slows / ref. to anaerobic respiration ;</li> </ol>	max 2	A aerobic respiration stops R respiration (unqualified) stops
				[Total: 11]	

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Que	estion		Ex	pected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
4	(a)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	ma to p los: (be rele so	<i>ter jacket</i> aintain optimum / constant temperature ; prevent <u>enzymes</u> denaturing ; s of shape / ref. to active site ; ecause as) fungus respires ; eases heat ; temperature in the fermenter increases ; ich would kill fungus ;		A prevent overheating R fungus denatures MP 6 must be linked to MP4 or 5
		8		erefore) no, product / penicillin / AW ;	max 4	
		9 10 11 12	ma <u>enz</u> (otł	dition of acids and alkalis aintains pH / keeps pH constant ; <u>zymes</u> need optimum pH ; herwise) enzyme activity / rate of reaction, slows ; give maximum yield / AW	max 3 = max 6	R to maintain neutral pH R fungus needs optimum pH A stop enzymes denaturing
	(b)	(i)	40-	-50 / 40-60 / 40-80 ;	1	<b>R</b> 40–45 / 50–60 / 60–80
		(ii)	mit	tosis ;	1	
		(iii)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	nutrients are used up ; <u>limiting</u> (factors) ; explanation of limiting factor ; waste products accumulate ; wastes are toxic ; penicillin could inhibit growth ; population reaches carrying capacity ; AVP ;	max 3	A food A factor in shortest supply / AW

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Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(c)	(i)	fungus grows when no penicillin produced ; during first 20 hours ; only nutrients and fungus added at the beginning / no penicillin added ;	max 2	
	(ii)	penicillin production stopped / no more penicillin produced ;	1	accept yield stays the same
(d)	from con mak	fying / separating, penicillin ; n, waste / toxins / AW ; centration ; king into, pills / packaging / AW ; P ; e.g. colour / taste	max 3	R 'make into a medicine'
(e)	viru: <i>idea</i> anti	ses are not cells ; ses have no metabolism ; a <i>that viruses have</i> no target for antibiotics ; biotics stop cell wall growth ; ses have no cell wall ;		<i>ignore</i> 'viruses are not alive' <b>A</b> viruses do not have ribosomes
	anti	biotics stop enzymes working ;	max 2	A viruses have no enzymes
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Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
5 (a)	<ul> <li>fewer red blood cells ;</li> <li>less elastic / less flexible, red blood cells ;</li> <li>less haemoglobin ;</li> <li>haemoglobin / blood, less efficient at transporting oxygen ;</li> <li>less respiration ;</li> <li>less energy / fatigue / exhaustion / less active / feeling faint / breathlessness ;</li> <li>capillaries are blocked ;</li> <li>increased chance of thrombosis ;</li> <li>pain ;</li> <li>death of tissues linked to oxygen supply ;</li> <li>'sickle cell crisis' ;</li> <li>slow / poor, growth ;</li> <li>reduced life span ;</li> <li>AVP ; e.g. susceptible to infections / kidney damage</li> </ul>	max 5	R no oxygen R no respiration
(b) (i	Hb <sup>A</sup> Hb <sup>S</sup> × Hb <sup>A</sup> Hb <sup>S</sup> Hb <sup>A</sup> , Hb <sup>S</sup> + Hb <sup>A</sup> , Hb <sup>S</sup> ; Hb <sup>A</sup> Hb <sup>A</sup> , Hb <sup>A</sup> Hb <sup>S</sup> , Hb <sup>A</sup> Hb <sup>S</sup> , Hb <sup>S</sup> Hb <sup>S</sup> ; normal, sickle cell trait, sickle cell anaemia ;		allow <b>ecf</b> following a mistake in the genetic diagram after the parental genotypes, but 'mistake' must be worked correctly do not allow genotypes for parents or children that are single alleles phenotypes must match genotypes, i.e. must be in the same sequence
(i	chance is 1 in 4 / 25% / 0.25 / 0,25 ;	3+1	<b>R</b> 1:4 or 4:1

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Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(c)	resistance to / less chance of getting malaria;	1	R immunity to malaria / stops you from getting malaria
(d)	<i>idea that</i> both alleles / Hb <sup>A</sup> and Hb <sup>S</sup> , are expressed ;		
	both alleles make two different forms of haemoglobin;		
	if dominant / recessive, then only one form of haemoglobin in heterozygous people ;		
	three phenotypes (not two) / sickle cell trait is a different phenotype from normal and sickle cell anemia ;		
		max 2	
	[Total		

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Que	stion	Expected Answers		Additional Guidance	
6	(a)	group of organisms / individuals, of same species ; can interbreed ; live in same area / habitat (at same time) ;	max 2	R 'people'	
	(b)	<ol> <li>numbers of brown plant hoppers remain low, up to 40 days / day 40;</li> <li>low numbers when spraying occurs (days 15 to 38);</li> <li>rapid increase when spraying stopped / AW;</li> <li>then, crash / decrease;</li> <li>any population figure with unit; e.g. to maximum of over 1000 per m<sup>2</sup></li> </ol>	max 3	<i>ignore</i> ref. to resistance	
	(c)	pesticide absorbed by the plants ; transported through the plant in the phloem ; ingested / AW, by insect when it, eats / sucks ; toxic / poisonous, to insect ;	max 2	A 'eats the plant'	
	(d)	<ol> <li>no population explosion / AW ;</li> <li>effective at reducing the numbers / AW ;</li> <li>ref. to comparative figures from the graph ;</li> <li>no pollution / damage to environment ;</li> <li>no killing of harmless species ;</li> <li>no concentration of pesticide in food chain ;</li> <li>no pesticide left in foods / no harm to humans from the spray ;</li> <li>no development of resistance to pesticide ;</li> <li>less cost / economic benefits ;</li> <li>AVP ; e.g. accept part of natural food chain</li> </ol>	max 3		

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Question	Expected Answers		Marks	Additional Guidance	
(e)	10 11	erosion / loss of (top)soil ; desertification ; silting of rivers ; loss of (plant) nutrients / soil fertility ; disruption to food chain ; loss of habitat ;	max 4	A species become, rare / endangered A increase or decrease if justified e.g. leading to global warming	
			[Total : 14	]	