

#### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## MARK SCHEME for the November 2003 question papers

|         | 0610 BIOLOGY  |
|---------|---|
| 0610/01 | Paper 1 (Multiple Choice), maximum mark 40          |
| 0610/02 | Paper 2 (Core), maximum mark 70                     |
| 0610/03 | Paper 3 (Extended), maximum mark 70                 |
| 0610/05 | Paper 5 (Practical), maximum mark 40                |
| 0610/06 | Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum mark 40 |
|         |   |

These mark schemes are published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. They show the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. They do not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the November 2003 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level syllabuses.



|             | maximum                       | 1 5 |    |    |    |
|-------------|-------------------------------|-----|----|----|----|
|             | mark<br>available<br>40<br>70 | А   | С  | Е  | F  |
| Component 1 | 40                            | -   | 34 | 28 | 25 |
| Component 2 | 70                            | -   | 36 | 23 | 18 |
| Component 3 | 70                            | 50  | 39 | -  | -  |
| Component 5 | 40                            | 32  | 26 | 19 | 17 |
| Component 6 | 40                            | 26  | 19 | 13 | 11 |

### Grade thresholds taken for Syllabus 0610 (Biology) in the November 2003 examination.

The threshold (minimum mark) for B is set halfway between those for Grades A and C. The threshold (minimum mark) for D is set halfway between those for Grades C and E. The threshold (minimum mark) for G is set as many marks below the F threshold as the E threshold is above it.

Grade A\* does not exist at the level of an individual component.





**NOVEMBER 2003** 

**INTERNATIONAL GCSE** 

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 40

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0610/01

BIOLOGY Paper 1 (Multiple Choice)



| Page | e <b>1</b>         | Mark           | Scheme              | Syllabus | Paper |
|------|--------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------|-------|
|      |                    | CSE EXAMINATIO | DNS – NOVEMBER 2003 | 0610     | 1     |
|      | Question<br>Number |                | Question<br>Number  | Key      |       |
|      | 1                  | Α              | 21                  | D        |       |
|      | 2                  | С              | 22                  | В        |       |
|      | 3                  | В              | 23                  | Α        |       |
|      | 4                  | С              | 24                  | В        |       |
|      | 5                  | Α              | 25                  | D        |       |
|      |                    |                |                     |          |       |
|      | 6                  | Α              | 26                  | D        |       |
|      | 7                  | В              | 27                  | Α        |       |
|      | 8                  | В              | 28                  | С        |       |
|      | 9                  | С              | 29                  | С        |       |
|      | 10                 | С              | 30                  | A        |       |
|      |                    |                |                     |          |       |
|      | 11                 | С              | 31                  | С        |       |
|      | 12                 | D              | 32                  | С        |       |
|      | 13                 | В              | 33                  | С        |       |
|      | 14                 | В              | 34                  | D        |       |
|      | 15                 | В              | 35                  | D        |       |
|      |                    |                |                     |          |       |
|      | 16                 | Α              | 36                  | С        |       |
|      | 17                 | D              | 37                  | В        |       |
|      | 18                 | В              | 38                  | Α        |       |
|      | 19                 | В              | 39                  | D        |       |
| _    | 20                 | Α              | 40                  | В        |       |

TOTAL 40



**NOVEMBER 2003** 

**INTERNATIONAL GCSE** 

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 70

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0610/02

BIOLOGY Paper 2 (Core)



| Pag | ge 1 |       | Mark Scheme   | Syllabus        | Paper    |
|-----|------|-------|---|-----------------|----------|
|     |      |       | IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003  | 0610            | 2        |
|     |      |       | <b>A</b> – Anax;  |                 |          |
|     |      |       | <b>B</b> – Aranea;  |                 |          |
|     |      |       | <b>C</b> – Pandalina;   |                 |          |
|     |      |       | <b>D</b> – Cancer,  |                 |          |
|     |      |       | E – Buthus  |                 |          |
|     |      |       | F – Musca;  |                 |          |
|     |      |       | Ignore use of common names – e.g. crab, spider,<br>Any four correct – 1 mark each | fly etc         | [4]      |
|     |      |       |   | т               | otal [4] |
| (;  | a)   | (i)   | Y – exponential (phase) / log (phase);  |                 | [1]      |
|     |      | (ii)  | animals take time to adjust / get used to the new                                 | habitat / A/W   | •        |
|     |      |       | few (reproducing) individuals present;  |                 |          |
|     |      |       | individuals may be widely dispersed / A/W;  |                 |          |
|     |      |       | Any two – 1 mark each   |                 | [2]      |
| (   | b)   |       | food / water supply;  |                 |          |
|     |      |       | disease;  |                 |          |
|     |      |       | predators / parasites;  |                 |          |
|     |      |       | availability of space / named example;  |                 |          |
|     |      |       | climate qualified / habitat qualified; Ignore                                     | ref. to polluti | on       |
|     |      |       | Any three – 1 mark each   |                 | [3]      |
|     |      |       |   | Т               | otal [6] |
| (a  | a)   | (i)   | label to upper region of vagina / near to cervix;                                 |                 | [1]      |
|     |      | (ii)  | label to upper third of oviduct;  |                 | [1]      |
|     |      | (iii) | label to uterine lining;  |                 | [1]      |
|     |      | (iv)  | label to ovary;   |                 | [1]      |
| (   | b)   |       | development of breasts / mammary glands;  |                 |          |
|     |      |       | widening of hips;   |                 |          |
|     |      |       | thicker layer of fat (under skin);  |                 |          |
|     |      |       | growth of axillary / pubic hair;  |                 |          |
|     |      |       | inhibition of FSH production;   |                 |          |
|     |      |       | Any three – 1 mark each   |                 | [3]      |

|   | Page 2 |       | Mark Scheme  | Syllabus       | Paper               |
|---|--------|-------|--|----------------|---------------------|
|   |        |       | IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003   | 0610           | 2                   |
|   | (c)    |       | <ul> <li>✓ / yes</li> <li>苯 / or left blank / no</li> <li>✓ / yes;</li> <li>(Note – only 1 red tick to show correct response)</li> </ul> |                | [1]                 |
|   |        |       |  | Г              | otal [8]            |
| 4 | (a)    | (i)   | formation of amino acids / proteins / polypeptides;  |                | [1]                 |
|   |        | (ii)  | nitrates lost with crop plants / by leaching;  |                |                     |
|   |        |       | must be replaced / to increase yield / increase gro  | wth;           | [2]                 |
|   | (b)    |       | plants / algae grow rapidly / algal bloom;   |                |                     |
|   |        |       | cover surface;   |                |                     |
|   |        |       | cut out light so submerge plants die; Ignore ref   | f. to water tu | urbidity.           |
|   |        |       | dead plants decomposed;  |                |                     |
|   |        |       | bacteria multiply;   |                |                     |
|   |        |       | (bacteria) use up oxygen;  |                |                     |
|   |        |       | pond / water becomes anaerobic;  |                |                     |
|   |        |       | animals die; Ignore r  | ef. to suffor  | cation              |
|   |        |       | eutrophication;  |                |                     |
|   |        |       | Any five – 1 mark each   |                | [5]                 |
|   |        |       |  | Г              | otal [8]            |
| 6 | (a)    | (i)   | lipase;  |                | [1]                 |
|   |        | (ii)  | fatty acids and glycerol;  |                | [1]                 |
|   |        | (iii) | (fatty acids) increase acidity of mixture / make it ac   | cidic;         |                     |
|   |        |       | to below pH5 / lowers pH;  |                | [2]                 |
|   | (b)    |       | enzyme activity faster at 35 °C / collisions occur m   | ore frequen    | itly / A/W / OF     |
|   |        |       | (fatty) acids released more rapidly / sooner / ORA;  |                | [2]                 |
|   | (c)    | (i)   | 5 °C – yellow;   |                |                     |
|   |        |       | 55 °C – blue;  |                | [2]                 |
|   |        | (ii)  | 5 °C – enzyme inactive / working very slowly in col  | ld;            |                     |
|   |        |       | works faster / digests / breaks down (oil when war   |                |                     |
|   |        |       | 55 °C – enzyme destroyed / denatured / damaged ref. to active site changes; R - killed   | /              |                     |
|   |        |       | permanent change / not reversed when cooled (ar  | nd no digest   | ion of oil);<br>[4] |
|   |        |       |  | Тс             | otal [12]           |
|   |        |       |  |                |                     |

| age 3       Mark Scheme       Syllabus       Paper         IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003       0610       2         (a) (i) (parent genotypes -)       Gg,       Gg;       (gamete genotypes -)       G,       g,       g;         (offspring genotypes -)       GG,       Gg,       Gg;       (offspring plenotypes -)       GG,       Gg,       ge:         (ii)       green - 375       white - 125;       (Note - only 1 red tick to show correct response)       Volta - only 1 red tick to show correct response)       Volta - only 1 red tick to show correct response)         (b)       20 seeds not viable etc./ do not germinate;       75% / 360 of seedlings to be green;       25% / 120 white seedlings die;         because they lack chlorophyll;       * thus no photosynthesis;       * seedlings use up reserves / run out of food / cannot make own food;         the two points with * can be awarded as converse statements in relation to green seedlings if not already awarded       Any five - 1 mark each         (a)       (i)       X - aorta;       Y - pulmonary vein;       (ii)         (iii)       prevent backflow / give one-way flow / control direction of flow of blood;       (iii)         (iii)       has to generate greater pressure;       to push / pump blood all round body / further;         (b)       (i)       open closed;       closed open; |
|---|
| <ul> <li>(gamete genotypes -) G, g, G, g;</li> <li>(offspring genotypes -) GG, Gg, Gg, gg;</li> <li>(offspring phenotypes -) green, green, green, white;<br/>Accept - normal chlorophyll / normal for green, lacks chlorophyll for white</li> <li>(ii) green - 375 white - 125;</li> <li>(Note - only 1 red tick to show correct response)</li> <li>(b) 20 seeds not viable etc./ do not germinate;</li> <li>75% / 360 of seedlings to be green;</li> <li>25% / 120 white seedlings die;</li> <li>because they lack chlorophyll;</li> <li>* thus no photosynthesis;</li> <li>* seedlings use up reserves / run out of food / cannot make own food;</li> <li>the two points with * can be awarded as converse statements in relation to green seedlings if not already awarded</li> <li>Any five - 1 mark each</li> <li>(a) (i) X - aorta;</li> <li>Y - pulmonary vein;</li> <li>(ii) prevent backflow / give one-way flow / control direction of flow of blood;</li> <li>(iii) has to generate greater pressure;</li> <li>to push / pump blood all round body / further;</li> <li>(b) (i) open closed;</li> <li>closed open;<br/>Note - mark across each row)</li> <li>(ii) (tricuspid valve -)</li> <li>pressure in (right) atrium / 2 units, greater than in (right) ventricle / 0 units</li> </ul>   |
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| closed open;<br>Note – mark across each row)<br>(ii) (tricuspid valve -)<br>pressure in (right) atrium / 2 units, greater than in (right) ventricle / 0 units   |
| Note – mark across each row)<br>(ii) (tricuspid valve -)<br>pressure in (right) atrium / 2 units, greater than in (right) ventricle / 0 units   |
| pressure in (right) atrium / 2 units, greater than in (right) ventricle / 0 units   |
| (semilunar valve -)   |
| pressure in pulmonary artery / 3 units, greater than in (right) ventricle / 0   |
|   |

|   | Page 4 |      | Mark Scheme  | Syllabus     | Paper      | ]         |
|---|--------|------|--|--------------|------------|-----------|
|   |        |      | IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003   | 0610         | 2          | ]         |
| 8 | (a)    | (i)  | X – sensory neurone;   |              |            |           |
|   |        |      | Y - relay / intermediate / connector / internuncial /  | multipolar r | neurone;   |           |
|   |        |      | Z – motor neurone;   |              |            | [3]       |
|   |        | (ii) | muscle / named muscle / gland / named gland;   |              |            | [1]       |
|   | (b)    |      | slower;  |              |            |           |
|   |        |      | blood;   |              |            |           |
|   |        |      | electrical;  |              |            |           |
|   |        |      | sense organ/ receptor;   |              |            | [4]       |
|   |        |      |  |              |            | Total [8] |
| 9 | (a)    |      | user becomes dependent upon drug / description (<br>(this can be physiological, physical or psychologica | •            | •          |           |
|   |        |      | user suffers withdrawal symptoms if denied drug /<br>Note - Ignore vague statements                      | craving for  | drug;      |           |
|   |        |      | Any one – 1 mark   |              |            | [1]       |
|   | (b)    |      | periods of drowsiness / stupor / " not with it" / slow   | responses    | to surroun | dings;    |
|   |        |      | damage to blood vessels in nose / blue veining;  |              |            |           |
|   |        |      | damage to blood vessels in limbs / bruising / inject   | ion marks;   |            |           |
|   |        |      | abscesses on limbs where injecting;  |              |            |           |
|   |        |      | constricted pupils / black "panda" eyes;   |              |            |           |
|   |        |      | very happy / relaxed but with mood swings;   |              |            |           |
|   |        |      | no desire for food / drink / lack of sexual appetite;  |              |            |           |
|   |        |      | constipation;  |              |            |           |
|   |        |      | Any two – 1 mark each  |              |            | [2]       |
|   | (c)    |      | inhaling – damage to membranes / cilia of nose / t   | hroat;       |            |           |
|   |        |      | injecting -risk of infection by hepatitis / HIV / seption  | cemia;       |            | [2]       |
|   |        |      |  |              |            | Total [5] |



**NOVEMBER 2003** 

**INTERNATIONAL GCSE** 

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 70

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0610/03

BIOLOGY Paper 3 (Extended)



| Pa | ge 1   | Mark Scheme Syllabu                                 |   |  |                                | Syllabus   | Paper      |              |
|----|--------|---|---|--|--------------------------------|------------|------------|--------------|
|    | J- ·   | IC  | GCSE EXAM                                     | NATIONS – NC   |                                | 003        | 0610       | 3            |
| Q1 | (a)    | (A)   | testa/seec                                    | coat   |                                |            |            |              |
|    | ()     | (B)   | <u>plumule;</u>                               |  | onic shoot                     | ® shoo     | t unqual.  |              |
|    |        | (C)   | <u>radicle;</u>                               |  | onic root                      | ® root     | unqual.    |              |
|    |        | (D)   | cotyledon;                                    |  | ore                            | ® endo     | sperm      | [4]          |
|    | (b)    | ovary   | ; ® gynoeci                                   | um/pistil/carpe  | l/ovule                        |            |            | [1]          |
|    | (c)(i) |   | o transfer / A<br>anther to <u>sti</u>        | W, of <u>pollen;</u><br>gma ;  |                                |            |            | [2]          |
|    | (ii)   | ref. to<br>ref. to<br>ref. to<br>ref. to<br>ref. to | presence o<br>scent;<br>production            | ,  |                                | stary;     |            | max. 2       |
|    | (iii)  | <u>ii.</u> du<br><u>iii.</u> re<br><u>iv.</u> sc    | ue to genetic<br>f. to natural<br>o more chan | ariation / AW;<br>mixing / AW /<br>selection/great<br>ce of survival/r<br>penefits of vari | er ability to<br>ef. to resist | adapt;     | isease;    | max. 2       |
|    | (d)(i) | allows  | s pollen tube                                 | e to enter <u>ovule</u>  | <u>;</u> ® ovary               | wall       |            |              |
|    |        |   | •   | nete/nucleus; (<br>se + ovum/egg   | •                              |            | amete / AW | /;<br>max. 2 |
|    | (ii)   | ref. to   |   | nter (seed) / A\<br>for exit of radio<br>shoot   |                                |            |            | [1]          |
|    | (e)    |   | o digestion/b<br>ged to (simp                 | e broken down<br>le) sugars;   | /convert in                    | to soluble | products   | [1]          |
|    |        |   |   |  |                                |            | 1          | otal 15      |
| Q2 | (a)    | <u>carbo</u>  | n + <u>hydroge</u>                            | n + <u>oxygen</u> ;  | ® cher                         | nical sym  | bols       | [1]          |
|    | (b)(i) | swee  | t potato ;                                    | ® potato   | unqual.                        |            |            | [1]          |
|    | (ii)   | peas;   | ®   | chick peas   |                                |            |            | [1]          |

| Ba | <b>ao</b> 2 | Mark Scheme  | Syllabus         | Dapar                 |
|----|-------------|--|------------------|-----------------------|
| Γa | ge 2        | IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003   | Syllabus<br>0610 | Paper<br>3            |
|    | (c)(i)      | sweet potato;  |                  | [1]                   |
|    | (ii)        | AWARD TWO MARKS FOR CORRECT ANSWERCALCULATIONMAX 1 WITHMARK ANSWER BASED ON THAT GIVEN FOR (orsome working involving: 20.5 – 8.9 = 11.6 or 11.6 X58g ;   | NO UNIT<br>c)(i) | [2]                   |
|    | (d)(i)      | energy level would increase / AW;<br>potato gains <u>fat/oil</u> from frying;<br>fat/oil is an energy source / AW;   |                  | max. 2                |
|    | (ii)        | <ul> <li><u>i.</u> animal fats contain <u>cholesterol;</u></li> <li><u>ii.</u> which can build up in arteries/arterioles;</li> <li>(A) ref. to atheroma/atherosclerosis/arteriosclerosis/</li> <li>(A) ref. to fatty substances (R) refs to fats</li> <li><u>iii.</u> to obesity/overweight;</li> <li><u>iv.</u> which can lead to heart disease or attack//strain high blood pressure/joint problems/diabetes;</li> </ul> | C                | of arteries<br>max. 2 |
|    | (e)(i)      | 400g;  |                  | [1]                   |
|    | (ii)        | cabbage/other names green vegetable;<br>citrus fruit/named citrus fruit;<br>blackcurrants;<br>tomatoes;<br>kiwi fruit;   |                  | max. 1                |
|    | (iii)       | ref. to skin covered with bruises/ulcers/ref. to broke<br>ref. to soft/bleeding + gums;<br>ref. to loss of teeth;<br>ref. to poor healing of wounds;<br>ref. to bleeding around connective tissue AW;<br>ref. to heart failure;<br>ref. to anaemia;  |                  | max. 2                |
|    |             |  | I                | otal 14               |
| Q3 | (a)<br>(i)  | MAX. 1 EACH FOR (i) AND (ii) WITH NO LETTER<br>at point X it starts to drop;<br>then increases towards Y;<br>drops again towards Z;  | S                | max. 2                |
|    | (ii)        | at point X it increases (sharply) / AW<br>drops/returns (nearly) to original level between Y ar  | nd Z / AW;       | [2]                   |
|    | (b)(i)      | ref. to <u>respiration</u> by + sewage fungus/bacteria;<br>lack of algae/water plants + to produce oxygen;<br>ref. to increase in temperature;   |                  | max. 1                |
|    | (ii)        | ref. to lack of sewage fungus/bacteria;<br>photosynthesis by algae;<br>ref. to water turbulence AW;  |                  | max. 1                |

| Page 3    |  |  | Mark Sch  |   | Syllabus      | Pape    |
|-----------|--|--|---|---|---------------|---------|
|           |  | IGCSE EXA  | MINATIONS   | – NOVEMBER 2003   | 0610          | 3       |
| (c)(i)    |  | •  | pended solid<br>ot photosynt  | ls/sewage) + blocks light<br>hesise;                                      | t for algae / | AW /    |
|           | <u>ii.</u> 1                                       | ref. to lack   | /shortage + c   | of nitrate in water; ® no   | nitrate       |         |
|           |  | •  | •   | e of toxins in sewage/re<br>e in temperature or unsu                      |               |         |
| (ii)      | ref. t   | o grazing l  | e of nitrates;<br>oy (aquatic) ł<br>drop in temp  | nerbivores AW;<br>perature;   |               | max. 2  |
| (d)       |  |  |   | lgae/water plants/other   | organisms;    |         |
|           |  | •  | n of food cha<br>cation or des  |   |               | max. 1  |
|           |  |  |   |   | т             | otal 11 |
| (a)       | L<br>III<br>III<br>V.<br>VI<br>VIII<br>VIII<br>IX. | external i<br>so ribcag<br>diaphragi<br>diaphragi<br>volume o<br>internal p<br>ref. to low | ntercostal mi<br>e + drops(s)/<br>m (muscles)<br>m + rises/bec<br>f chest cavity<br>ressure incre<br>/er pressure | relax(es);<br>comes dome-shaped;<br>/ decreases AW;                       | -             | rax     |
| (b)       | ACC<br>(A) sy<br>MAX                               | EPT WITH<br>mbols for<br>(. 2 FOR C  | gases<br>OMPARISO   | ;;<br>ONS COLUMN<br>NS WITHOUT PERCEN<br>ONE % PLUS CHANGE                |               |         |
| gas       |  | inhaled  | exhaled   | reaso   | n             |         |
| nitrogen  |  | air %<br>78 ± 1  | air %<br>78 ± 1;  | •   | ation/insolut |         |
| oxyge     | n  | 21 ± 1   | 16 ± 1;   | used by body/not abso<br>used up in respirat<br>blood/ref. to diffusion g | tion/absorbe  |         |
| carbon di | oxide  | 0.04 ±   | 4 ± 1;  | waste product of re<br>from blood in lui                                  | spiration/rel |         |

 0.04 ±
 4 ± 1,
 waste product of respiration/released

 0.01
 from blood in lungs/excreted by lungs/ref. to diffusion gradient;

 variable
 higher;
 product of respiration/evaporates (from surface of alveoli AW)/ref. to diffusion gradient;

(A) ref. to diffusion gradient ONCE

max. 8

Total 15

water vapour

|    | -      |  |                                      |             |
|----|--------|--|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| Pa | ge 4   | Mark Scheme  | Syllabus                             | Paper       |
|    |        | IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003   | 0610                                 | 3           |
| Q5 | (a)(i) | food chain with FOUR suitable NAMED organisms in<br>(a) parasite/decomposer at end of chain, if named<br>starts with producer; (ignore sun/light if included)<br>arrows all correct ;  | n correct or                         | der;<br>[3] |
|    | (ii)   | <ul> <li><u>i.</u> solar/light + energy trapped/absorbed + by produ</li> <li><u>ii.</u> ref. to photosynthesis;</li> <li><u>iii.</u> changed to chemical energy/stored in food AW/o starch or glucose;</li> <li><u>iv.</u> primary consumer + eats producer;</li> <li><u>v.</u> some energy stored in <u>p. consumer</u>;</li> <li><u>vi.</u> ref. to respiration;</li> <li><u>vii.</u> some used for movement;</li> <li><u>viii.</u> e.g. to find a mate/find food/escape from predate</li> <li><u>ix.</u> ref. to not all energy extracted from food/not all p eaten/undigested food egested AW;</li> <li><u>x.</u> secondary consumer + eats primary consumer;</li> <li><u>xi.</u> ref. to 90% of energy lost at each stage;</li> <li><u>xii.</u> tertiary consumer + eats <u>secondary consumer</u>;</li> <li><u>xiii.</u> tertiary consumer + eats <u>secondary consumer</u>;</li> <li><u>xiv.</u> ref. to arrows show direction of energy flow;</li> </ul> | used to mak<br>ors;<br>parts of orga | ke<br>anism |
|    | (b)(i) | suitable species named;<br>valid reason for its conservation;  |                                      | [2]         |
|    | (ii)   |  |                                      | [2]         |
|    |        |  | Т                                    | otal 15     |
| Q6 | (a)    | (FUNCTION)<br><u>i.</u> defence against + disease/foreign bodies;<br><u>ii.</u> ref. to pathogens/bacteria/viruses/fungi;  |                                      |             |

#### (ANTIBODY PRODUCTION)

- iii. antibodies produced by lymphocytes;
- iv. lymphocytes + produce antitoxins/inhibit toxins AW;
- v. lymphocytes made in + lymph nodes/named nodes;
- <u>vi.</u> in response to presence of pathogens/foreign bodies/toxins; (linked to <u>v.</u>)
- vii. ref. to presence of antigens on surface of foreign cells AW;
- <u>viii.</u> antibodies + kill pathogens/make them clump/prepare them for action by phagocytes;
- ix. ref. to remain in blood to provide long-term protection AW;

#### (PHAGOCYTOSIS)

- x. ref. to phagocytes/granulocytes/polymorphs;
- <u>xi.</u> move to site of infection;
- xii. ingest/engulf + bacteria/pathogens/foreign bodies;
- xiii. and kill them by + digestion/breaking them down AW; max. 9

| Page 5 |   | llabus  | Paper                           |
|--------|---|---|---------------------------------|
|        | IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003  | 0610  | 3                               |
| (b)    | <ul> <li>i. transplanted organ may be a different tissue type;</li> <li>ii. so there is a chance of rejection;</li> <li>iii. ref. to need for similar tissue type/good match/same</li> <li>iv. e.g. from close relative AW;</li> <li>v. ref. to use of immunosuppressant drugs;</li> <li>vi. ref. to loss of protection from disease for patient AW</li> <li>vii. so patient needs to be kept in isolation AW; (linked viii. ref. to use of genetic engineering/cloning + to produ</li> <li>ix. ref. to use of other animal organs/xenotransplantation vein to repair e.g. heart;</li> <li>x. ref. to shortage of organs for transplantation/creates market/ref. to high cost/use of data base to locate s</li> </ul> | /;<br>to vi.)<br>ice orgar<br>in/use of<br>s black<br>uitable o | ns;<br>own                      |
|        |   | То  | tal 15                          |
| Q7 (a) | MAX. 2 WITHOUT NAMED EXAMPLE  |   |                                 |
|        | named tissue;   | rr  | nax. 3                          |
| (b)    | <ul> <li>MAX. TWO IF PART IS NOT NAMED <ul> <li><u>i</u> A = <u>upper epidermis;</u></li> <li><u>ii</u> ref. to a <u>single</u> layer of cells;</li> <li><u>iii</u> produces/<u>secretes</u> wax/cuticle;</li> <li><u>iv</u> to <u>make</u> leaf waterproof/decreases transpiration; (lir</li> <li><u>v</u> ref. to <u>transparent</u> nature of + cells/cuticle; (a) ref. to chloroplasts</li> <li><u>vi</u> to allow light to pass through; (linked to <u>v.</u>)</li> <li><u>vii</u> ref. to acting <u>as</u> a barrier against + bacteria/fungi AV</li> </ul></li></ul>   | lack of   | <u>ii)</u><br>ax. 3             |
|        | <ul> <li><u>viii</u> B = <u>palisade mesophyll;</u></li> <li><u>ix</u> cells are very long/columnar AW;</li> <li><u>x</u> cells contain many chloroplasts/much chlorophyll; A</li> <li><u>xi</u> ref. to photosynthesis; AWARD ONCE</li> <li><u>xii</u> C = spongy <u>mesophyll;</u></li> <li><u>xiii</u> cells are rounded;</li> <li><u>xiv</u> ref. to presence of air spaces (between cells)/cells I</li> <li><u>xv</u> cells contain + chloroplasts/chlorophyll; AWARD ON</li> <li><u>xvi</u> ref. to photosynthesis; AWARD ONCE</li> </ul>   | m<br>oosely p<br>NCE  | ax. 3<br>acked;                 |
|        | <ul> <li><u>xvii</u> ref. to gaseous exchange AW;  description</li> <li><u>xviii</u> D = guard cells/stoma(ata);</li> <li><u>xix</u> ref. to presence of guard cells in pairs;</li> <li><u>xx</u> guard cells surround a + pore/hole/stoma;</li> <li><u>xxii</u> and control its opening or closing;</li> <li><u>xxiii</u> ref. to gaseous exchange AW;</li> <li><u>xxiii</u> ref. to control of transpiration;</li> <li><u>xxiv</u> cells contain + chloroplasts/chlorophyll; AWARD ON</li> <li><u>xxv</u> ref. to shape of guard cells/irregular thickness of cell</li> <li><u>xxvi</u> correct ref. to role of turgor in cells; (can award for <i>I</i></li> </ul>   | NCE<br>II wall;<br><b>A, B, C</b> c                             | ax. 3<br>or <b>D</b> )<br>ax. 3 |

Total 15



**NOVEMBER 2003** 

**INTERNATIONAL GCSE** 

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 40

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0610/05

BIOLOGY (Practical)



| Page 1  |                |                                      | Mark Scheme   |  | Syllabus    | Paper       |
|---------|----------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|-------------|-------------|
|         |                | IGCSE EXA                            | MINATIONS - NOVEM   | BER 2003                                   | 0610        | 5           |
| (a)     | x              | lose these mar                       | king points if no table   |  |             |             |
|         | x<br>x<br>x    | time (table he                       | ines for columns and r<br>eading) ;<br>(table heading) ;  | ows;                                       |             |             |
|         |                |                                      | s temp <u>and</u> min/clock ;<br>en at 2 min intervals ; (<br>oth A and B ;                                 |  | ,           | max 5       |
| (b)     | √<br>x         |                                      | se marking points if bar<br>king points if axes the w   |  | l AND award | d max 4     |
|         | $\checkmark$   | labels for axe                       | axes; ( <i>time horizoni</i><br>es including units; (<br>using suitable scale;                              | (A) clock times                            | oer min.,   | eir results |
|         |                |                                      | for A (points visible, no<br>for B (points visible, no  |  |             |             |
|         |                | clear lines ;<br>each curve id       | <i>correctly drawn,</i><br><i>not extending bo</i><br>lentified/use of key ;                                |  |             | max 5       |
| (c) (i) |                | mperature decr                       |   |  |             | 2           |
| (ii     | m<br>B         | ore heat lost fro<br>remains almost  | ases more than B/conv<br>om A/converse ;<br>t the same/use of com<br>dient/comment on rate                  | parative figs./                            |             | max 2       |
| (ii     | sc<br>cr       | olitary animal wi<br>owding is bette | ntre of a group will reta<br>ill lose more heat ;<br>r to retain heat (in colo<br>ea (of individual v. grou | conditions);                               |             | max 2       |
| (iv     | ex<br>su<br>ex | inc<br>ch<br>co                      |   | arting temperat<br>repeats/<br>t material/ | ure/        | 4           |
|         |                |                                      |   |  |             |             |
|         |                | Ou                                   | กอา อินเเสมเฮ อินั่งชื่อไปไ   | 1  |             | -           |

| <br>Page 2 | Mark Scheme  | Syllabus  | Paper                   |
|------------|--|-----------|-------------------------|
| <br>Tage 2 | IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003   | 0610      | 5                       |
| (a) (i)    | Drawing ~ clear outline W1 ;   | I         |                         |
|            | at least 5 cm in one direction ;<br>3 body sections shown ;  |           |                         |
|            | Labels ~ legs ; ( <i>should be 6/3 pairs</i> )<br><u>antennae</u> /compound eyes ; ( <i>should be 2</i> )<br>head/thorax/abdomen ; | / 1 pair) | 6                       |
| (ii)       | ( <i>a</i>   |           | .75 <u>exactly</u><br>3 |
| (b)        | Credit any reasonable suggestion together with reason, such  | h as      |                         |
|            | cover top with vegetation ;<br>camouflage ;  |           |                         |
|            | make sure that container is deep enough ;<br>to prevent insects from escaping ;  |           |                         |
|            | put water in container ;<br>kill insects/stop insects escaping ;   |           |                         |
|            | smooth/slippery side ;<br>stop insects escaping ;  |           |                         |
|            | bait ;<br>to attract insects ;<br>other valid suggestion ; ;   | I         | max 4                   |
| (c) (i)    | <ul> <li>W1 thick/tough/sturdy/shape ref.;</li> <li>W2 thin / delicate / shape ref.;</li> </ul>                                    |           | 2                       |
|            | <ul><li>W1 biting/chewing/cutting/holding/grasping/ etc. ;</li><li>W2 sucking/equivalent ;</li></ul>                               |           | 2                       |
| (ii)       | Credit any suitable comparison, such as  |           |                         |
|            | W1 has no outstretched wings and W2 has outstretched<br>W1 has hard casing and W2 does not ;<br>W2 has long <u>er</u> antennae ;   | d wings ; |                         |
|            | W2 has <u>more</u> delicate legs ;<br>other suitable comparison ; ; ;  | I         | max 3                   |

[Total : 20]



**NOVMEBER 2003** 

**INTERNATIONAL GCSE** 

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 40

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0610/06

BIOLOGY (Alternative to Practical)



| Page 1 | Mark Scheme                        | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|------------------------------------|----------|-------|
|        | IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003 | 0610     | 6     |

### Question 1

| Questio     |   |  |                |
|-------------|---|--|----------------|
| (a) (i)     | Graph                                     |  |                |
|             | S - s<br>L - l                            | axes to show correct orientation;<br>suitable scale to fill the printed grid; [at 10 mins scale should cover 2½ large squ<br>abel axes correctly with appropriate unit;<br>correct plotting [minus 1 for 1 error, minus 2 for 2 errors]  | Jares]         |
|             | <b>D</b> - r                              | ruled straight lines from point to point / smooth line of best fit [ R. wavy line<br>extrapolation back to axes. Allow extra line past 10 min for label line]  | s. No          |
|             | <b>K</b> - i                              | dentify lines by labels or use of a key;<br>am allow L, O, K to max 3.   | [7]            |
| (ii)        | temperat<br>but if                        | ture drops faster at first / AW;<br>ture continues to drop but slower / AW;<br>A loses heat with no further detail, max 1 mark<br><i>edit for a description comparing A with B and C</i>   | [2]            |
| (iii)       | A compa                                   | e to one tube having dropped more / lower / faster than another;<br>ared with B / A compared with C / B compared with C;<br>nal temperatures given with no working = 0)  |                |
| (iv)        | /maintair                                 | e to animals or tubes <i>with idea of</i> transfer of heat/trap warm air/keep the<br>n body temperature;<br>ppropriate scientific term – insulation/conduction/radiation/convection;   | em warm<br>[2] |
| l<br>S<br>I | use of lids<br>stir the wa<br>replication | es from draughts/move apparatus out of draught;<br>[to reduce loss of heat from too exposed surface];<br>[ter before taking temperature reading;<br>[/average/ accept measure more tubes in outer ring C;<br>[uent readings; [ <i>ignore longer periods</i> ]  |                |
|             |   | e more test tubes or larger groups/use of animals or blood instead of<br>es/alter volume of water.   | MAX [2]        |
|             |   |  | [Total: 15]    |
| Questio     | on 2                                      |  |                |
| (a)(i) I    | Drawing:                                  | <ul> <li>clear outline of whole animal; <i>R</i> sketchy outlines and excessive artistic shading</li> <li>proportions; <i>R</i>. obvious gross errors/extra detail not present e.g. open carapace</li> <li>detail; check 3 parts to body and 3 pairs of segmented legs.</li> </ul>   |                |
| I           | Labels:                                   | number and structure for 1 mark<br>6 legs/3 pairs/6 jointed appendages;<br>2 antennae/feelers; R. <i>anthers/tentacles</i> ;<br>3 parts to body / head and thorax and abdomen;<br><i>R. segmented body alone</i><br>2 pairs of wings (accept 1 pair of wings / wing covers)<br><i>ignore mouthparts/carpace/hard case.</i> | MAX [5]        |
| 1<br>\      | measurem                                  | nent of Fig 2.1 3 to 4.2 cm max. AND<br>nent of the candidate's drawingcm [to include units <b>once</b> ];<br>calculate magnification;<br>tion;  |                |
| (           | check ans                                 | wer, must be times or x in front of figure without units.<br>is incorrect look for correct working accept a ratio if correct   | [3]            |

| Page 2 | Mark Scheme                               | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|---|----------|-------|
|        | <b>IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003</b> | 0610     | 6     |

(b) **TWO** precautions and explanations from:-

traps must be checked early and regularly; so animals do not become eaten/escape;

use of suitable fluid; to kill the insects/to stop carnivorous insects/predators/large animals eating beetles;

suitable covering/mesh; animals washed away/eaten; rain;

container deep enough/grease sides of pit; so beetles cannot escape/trap insects;

*R.* bait/food to attract insects/identification of insects/exit holes for rain/glass pits/position of pits/gap around tin/sharp edge/use of gloves. MAX [4]

(c) THREE visible differences between beetle in Fig. 2.1 and the butterfly in Fig. 2.3

Need points from **both** insects to be compared – statements MUST be paired.

| Feature                              | Beetle fig 2.1                    | Butterfly fig 2.3           |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| wings                                | one pair /                        | 2 pairs of wings [alone] /  |
|                                      | no wings /                        | bigger / visible wings /    |
|                                      | folded wings                      | unfolded / upright wings;   |
| wing covers                          | present                           | wings exposed / absent;     |
| antennae (accept ecf for             | shorter / smaller /               | longer / larger /           |
| incorrect name already<br>penalised) | no swellings /                    | swellings at tip /          |
|                                      | segmented                         | not segmented;              |
| mouthparts                           | pincers / claws /                 | proboscis / tongue /        |
|                                      | piercing parts / AW               | sucking;                    |
| eyes                                 | none / not visible / small        | compound / visible / large; |
|                                      | R. simple eyes                    |                             |
| body                                 | accept small                      | accept large;               |
| abdomen                              | not visible (accept not segmented | visible / segmented;        |
|                                      | segments not visible)             | R. striped/shaded           |
| legs                                 | hairy / claws                     | not hairy / no claws;       |
|                                      | R. length of legs                 |                             |

MAX [3]

[Total: 15]

| Page 3 | Mark Scheme                        | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|------------------------------------|----------|-------|
|        | IGCSE EXAMINATIONS – NOVEMBER 2003 | 0610     | 6     |

#### **Question 3**

| (a) | Award 1 + 1 mark in pairs (i.e. second mark can only be awarded with its own first mark)<br>ONE of:-<br>Cover with petroleum jelly; Plant will not wilt;<br>Cover with polythene bag/bell jar/bottle; condensation/drops of water will collect<br>water vapour<br>Use of photometer; bubble movement/level of capillary water;<br>Shoot in container; water taken up; [needs for water to be covered with oil t<br>prevent evaporation/covered with polythene].<br>Cobalt chloride paper; colour change – to pink;<br>Anhydrous copper sulphatecolour change – to blue; <i>R. litmus/universal indicator</i> | 0                    |
|-----|--|----------------------|
|     | Annyalous copper sulphatecolour change – to blue, n. ninus/universal indicator   | [2]                  |
| (b) | to prevent / minimise loss of moisture / water from the soil / pot by evaporation;   | [1]                  |
| (c) | similar apparatus including same sized/mass plants/equal number of leaves; <i>ignore same bags</i><br>same conditions of water added before starting investigation;<br>same time for readings/one day;<br>same conditions of light;<br>same temperature;<br>same humidity;<br>same air movement;<br>data analysis/comparison of graphs;<br><i>if candidate describes a different experiment, then max 2 for 2 controlled conditions</i>  | e ref. to<br>MAX [4] |

| (d)               |  |   |
|-------------------|--|---|
| feature           | description                              | comment relating to adaptation                    |
| leaves            | no leaves / small leaves /               | to reduce water loss /                            |
|                   | small surface area / spines /            | transpiration;                                    |
|                   | thorns;                                  | for protection / to prevent being grazed / eaten; |
|                   | hairs [or stem or plant];                | to trap water;                                    |
| stem<br>(R. bulb) | swollen / thick / fleshy /<br>succulent; | stores water;                                     |
|                   | green / ref. chlorophyll;                | for photosynthesis [as leaf area reduced];        |
| cuticle / skin    | thick/waxy; R. hard alone                | stops water loss;                                 |
| roots             | long / tap;                              | to trap / absorb water from                       |
|                   |  | deep;   |
|                   | shallow / network / fibrous /            | to trap/absorb water over wide                    |
|                   | many roots;                              | area;   |
|                   |  | R. store water                                    |
| hairs/spines      | on stem / plant / surface;               | traps moist air;                                  |
|                   |  | reduce transpiration;                             |
| stomata           | not in direct light / sunken /           | reduce water loss / reduce                        |
|                   | less in number;                          | transpiration;                                    |
| plant shape       | width / thickness / less surface         | stores water / reduce water                       |
|                   | area to volume ratio / reduce            | loss;   |
|                   | surface area; ignore compact             |   |

3 valid features without adaptation comment = max 1 *R. big roots / main root / light reflecting / shiny / ribs / grooves* 

MAX [3]

[Total: 10]