UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2008 question paper

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/06

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 40

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1 (a) (i) A axes – orientation and labels *y*-axis temperature °C and *x*-axis time in minutes;

S scale – even scale to fill over ½ the printed grid; [check plots]

[R inverted scale]

K suitable key or lines labelled;

L line joining point to point by ruler;

(not: curve/line of best fit/free-hand/extrapolation)

P allow +/- 1mm, lose 1 P per error;

P;

If a histogram, award **A** and **K** marks only.

[max 5]

(ii)

Flask	Explanation	End points °C	Difference °C	Decrease °C
A v B	A loses more heat/cools quicker or converse for B	45 and 60	15	25 and 10 or A 2.5 x B
B v C	C loses more heat/cools quicker or converse for B	40 and 60	20	30 and 10 or C 3 x B
C v A	C loses more heat/cools quicker or converse for A	40 and 45	5	30 and 25 or use of figures

¹ mark per row for **figures**. All figure columns are alternatives.

[max 3]

(iii)

- (dry) cotton wool/flask B link to insulation;
- traps (warm) air or heat/does not let heat escape/keeps heat in;
- wet cotton wool/flask **C** link to evaporation;
- latent heat/evaporation takes heat;
- (no cover on A) loss of heat by radiation;

[max 3]

(b) (i)

- same size containers/same (shape) apparatus;
- thermometers similar range/suspended in same position/did not touch glass;
- same volume/amount of water;
- start at same temperature/70 °C;
- readings at same time intervals/AW;
- lids (the same);

[max 3]

¹ mark only for all 3 trends given correctly. [explanation column]

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(ii)

- same (external) conditions/surrounded by shield/prevent draughts;
- equal cotton wool for B and C;
- repeats/calculate the average;
- more frequent readings (not continuing for longer time);
- more accurate/digital thermometer;
- stirring water/heat evenly distributed;
- use of stop clock/own watch;

AVP;

[max 2]

[Total: 16]

2 (a) Drawing: O clear, continuous outline and no shading;

S 7–10 seeds on left and 4 on the right;

C cavity of seed area larger on the left than the right;

Labels: seeds/placenta/pericarp/fruit wall;

(remains of) calyx/sepals/stalk/pedicel;

[ignore stem, pips, branch, petiole, peduncle] [ecf for pips, stem in **(b)(i)**] [if apple drawn, allow labels only]

[5]

(b) (i) Give four differences.

Table 2.1

Feature	Tomato	Apple
Seeds	many (11–14)	one seed
	towards edge	central/middle
	space for seeds/seed chamber	solid/no space
	small seeds	large seed
	light seeds	dark seed
Fruit	smaller	larger
	darker	lighter
	round/no dent	dent top and bottom
	large placenta/core	smaller/no core
	bottom of fruit smooth/round	bottom is where flowers remains are/AW
Wall	thin wall/not much flesh	thick wall/mainly flesh
	calyx/sepals large/present	calyx/sepals small/absent
	calyx same end as stalk	calyx opposite end to stalk

Ignore references to colour, juice, moisture, texture, hard/soft, stalk differences.

[max 4]

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(ii) Two from:

- fruit shape bilateral symmetry/round/spherical;
- stalk/stem;
- pericarp/fruit wall/fleshy fruit;
- seeds present;
- AVP; [max 2]
- (c) Procedure: any four from:
 - 1 equal sample of fruit;
 - 2 crush fruit/chopping into small pieces;
 - 3 Benedict's/Clinistix;
 - 4 heating/boiling; (not warming)
 - 5 same time for heating/look at same time;
 - 6 comparison of colours/check colours/see which changes colour fastest; (pink to purple for clinistix)
 - 7 AVP; (including same volume of Benedict's/water)

Safety: any **two** from:

- 8 safety glasses/goggles;
- 9 lab-coat (for protection);
- 10 test-tube holders or tongs
- 11 caustic chemicals/clear spillage/point away from people;
- 12 tie back hair (to prevent burning)/tuck in ties;
- 13 AVP;

[ignore gloves/description of dangers if wrong reagent given, allow points 1 and 2 only plus safety points]

[max 6]

[Total: 17]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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3 (a) (i) A – stigma;

B – style;

C – ovule/embryo sac; R. ovary/ovum/egg/carpel

(ii) correct path either side of the ovule, entering via the micropyle – either double or single line;

(b) (i) pollen grain 4 - 5 mm diameter, and distance accept 50 - 90 - 120 mm; [1]

(ii) working:

path length + pollen diameter

 $x \div 4$ or $x \div 5$

correct answer [to nearest whole number];; allow ecf

[this may need to be calculated several times for different figures]

[Total: 7]

[2]

[3]