Cambridge IGCSE[™]

CANDIDATE NAME		
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER
MATHEMATI	cs	0580/31
Paper 3 (Core)		May/June 2021
		2 hours
You must answ	er on the question naner	

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Geometrical instruments

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

This document has 16 pages.

• For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 104.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

1 (a) Strawberries cost \$4.20 per kilogram and cream costs \$8.56 per litre. Venus buys 1.2 kg of strawberries and 125 ml of cream.

Work out the total cost.

(b) Ravi has \$20. A pineapple costs \$1.45.

Work out the largest number of pineapples Ravi can buy and the change he receives.

Number of pineapples

Change \$ [3]

(c) Abraham has a box of 72 biscuits. He gives $\frac{2}{9}$ of the biscuits to his grandmother. He then gives $\frac{3}{7}$ of the biscuits that are left to his cousin.

Work out how many biscuits Abraham has now.

......[3]

(d) Flo makes 84 cakes. She sells 35 of these cakes.

Calculate the percentage of the cakes that she sells.

(e) A bag contains 132 sweets. The sweets are shared between Beatrix and Volker in the ratio Beatrix : Volker = 5 : 7.

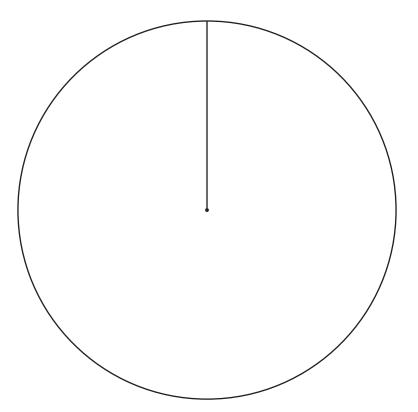
Work out the number of sweets they each receive.

	Beatrix		
	Volker		[2]
ed sells desserts for \$24 each. Each dessert costs \$12.80 to make.			
i) Work out his percentage profit.			
			[2]
i) The cost to make each dessert increases to \$13.6 Jed wants to make the same percentage profit.).		
Work out the new selling price.			
i)	 d sells desserts for \$24 each. ach dessert costs \$12.80 to make.) Work out his percentage profit.) The cost to make each dessert increases to \$13.60 Jed wants to make the same percentage profit. 	Volker d sells desserts for \$24 each. ach dessert costs \$12.80 to make.) Work out his percentage profit.) The cost to make each dessert increases to \$13.60. Jed wants to make the same percentage profit.	 d sells desserts for \$24 each. ach dessert costs \$12.80 to make. Work out his percentage profit.

2 (a) Anika asks 15 friends how many marbles they have. The results are shown in the table.

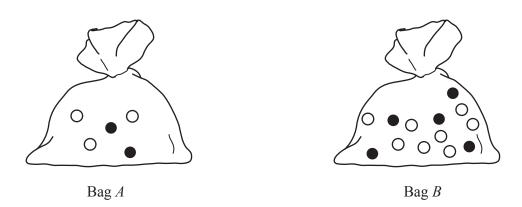
Number of marbles	Frequency	Pie chart sector angle
0	2	
1 to 10	8	
11 to 50	4	
More than 50	1	

- (i) Complete the table.
- (ii) Complete the pie chart.



[2]





Bag *A* contains 2 black marbles and 3 white marbles. Bag *B* contains 5 black marbles and 8 white marbles.

- (i) Write down the probability that a marble picked at random from bag A is black.
- (ii) Toby says,
 'You are more likely to pick a black marble at random from bag *B* than from bag *A* because bag *B* has more black marbles.'

Is Toby correct? Give a reason for your answer.

because	[2	1
	14	

(iii) Toby adds some marbles to bag *B*.The probability of picking a black marble at random from either bag is now the same.

Work out the smallest number of black marbles and white marbles he adds to bag *B*.

Black	
White	 [2]

3 The scale drawing shows the position of town *R* on a map. The scale is 1 centimetre represents 5 kilometres.

North ł R

Scale : 1 cm to 5 km

(a) Town M is 36 km from R on a bearing of 163°.

Mark the position of *M* on the map.

[2]

(b)	A railway track	36 km long is to	be built in a straight line from <i>R</i> to <i>M</i> .	
(~ <i>i</i>		<i>v</i> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		

(i) The track costs \$1070 per metre to build.

Work out the cost of building the track.

\$		[2]
----	--	-----

(ii) 15 people can build 60 metres of track per day.

Work out how many days it will take 45 people to build the whole track.

..... days [3]

(c) Trains will travel the 36 km at an average speed of 75 km/h.

Work out the journey time. Give your answer in minutes.

..... min [2]

(d) Town *K* is on a bearing of 312° from *R*.

Work out the bearing of *R* from *K*.

......[2]

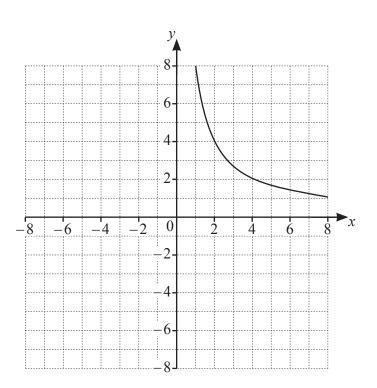
The diagram shows a line L and two points, A and B, on a grid.

4

- 5 4 3 2 1 0 -2 -5 4 3 -1 2 3 5 4 11 -6 - 1 2 (a) Write down the coordinates of point A. (.....) [1] Find the gradient of line *L*. (b) (i) **(ii)** Write down the equation of line L in the form y = mx + c. Draw a line that is perpendicular to line L and passes through the point A. [1] (c) (i) This line crosses the *x*-axis at point *C*. **(ii)** Mark point C on the grid and write down the coordinates of point C.
 - (iii) Find, by measuring, the perimeter of triangle *ABC*.

(.....) [1]





The diagram shows the graph of $y = \frac{k}{x}$ for $1 \le x \le 8$.

(a) Use the graph to find the value of x when y = 4.

(b) (i) Show that k = 8.

[1]

(ii) Calculate the value of y when x = 250.

y = [1]

x = [1]

(c) (i) Complete this table of values for $y = \frac{8}{x}$.

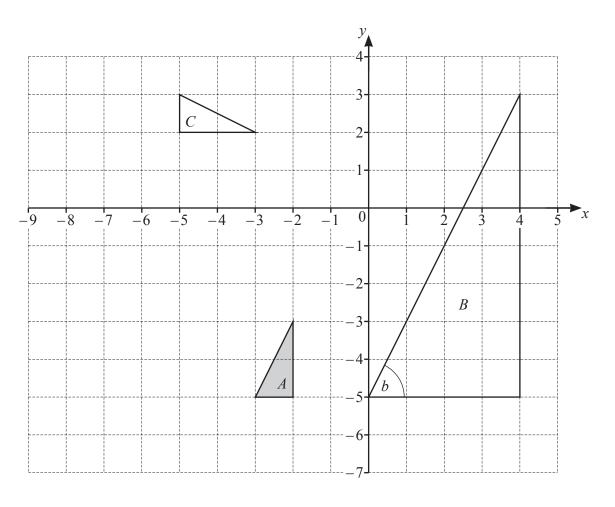
x	-8	-4	-2	-1
У				

[2]

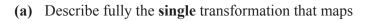
(ii) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = \frac{8}{x}$ for $-8 \le x \le -1$. [3]

(d) Write down the equation of each line of symmetry of the graph.

..... and [2]



6 The diagram shows three triangles, A, B and C, on a 1 cm² grid.

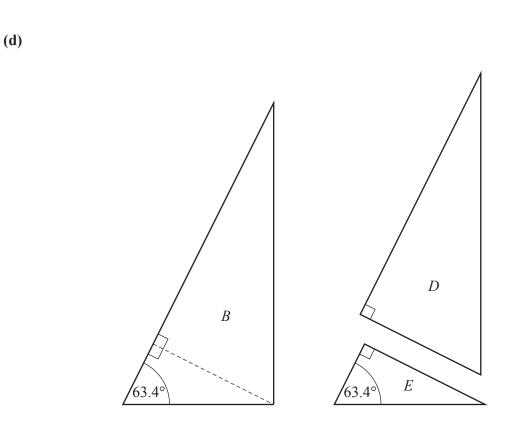


	(i)	triangle A onto triangle B,	
			[3]
	(ii)	triangle A onto triangle C.	
			[3]
(b)	On	the grid, draw the image of	
	(i)	triangle A after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -5\\4 \end{pmatrix}$,	[2]
	(ii)	triangle A after a reflection in the line $x = -4.5$.	[2]

[2]

(c) The diagram also shows an angle b in triangle B.

Use trigonometry to show that angle b is 63.4°, correct to 1 decimal place.



Two new triangles, *D* and *E*, are made from triangle *B*, as shown in the diagram.

Are all three triangles similar? Give a reason for your answer.

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- 7 (a) Martin, Suki and Pierre make clocks. In one week
 - Martin makes *x* clocks.
 - Suki makes 3 fewer clocks than Martin.
 - Pierre makes twice as many clocks as Suki.
 - (i) Write an expression for the total number of clocks they make in one week. Give your expression in its simplest form.

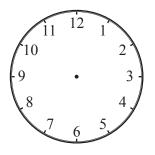
.....[3]

(ii) The total number of clocks they make in one week is 35.

(a) Work out the value of *x*.

(b) Work out how many more clocks Pierre makes than Martin.

(b)



- (i) Complete the clock diagram to show the time 2.30 pm. [1]
- (ii) Calculate the obtuse angle between the hands of the clock at 2.30 pm.

.....[2]

(c) Work out the number of seconds in 10 days. Give your answer in standard form.

..... seconds [2]

(d) A clock is started at 1500. The clock is not working correctly and is slow. The clock loses 8 minutes every hour so after one hour the clock shows 1552.

What time will the clock show $3\frac{1}{2}$ hours after it is started?

(e) The times on two clocks are checked regularly.

One clock is checked every 6 days. The other clock is checked every 8 days.

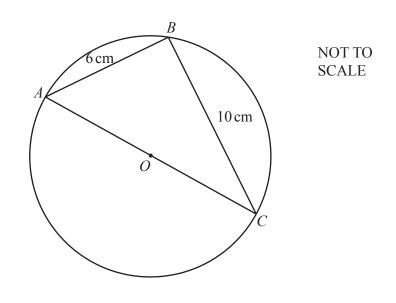
Both clocks are checked on 1st January 2021.

Find the number of days during 2021 when both clocks will be checked on the same day. [There are 365 days in 2021.]

......[4]

13

8 (a)



A, B and C lie on a circle, centre O, diameter AC.

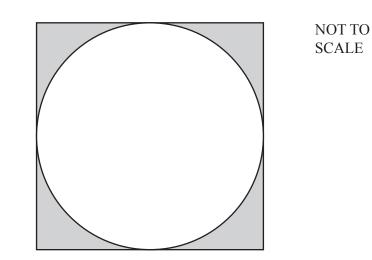
- (ii) Work out the area of triangle *ABC*.

	cm^2	[2]
--	-----------------	-----

(iii) Work out *AC*.

AC = cm [2]

(b) Make r the subject of the formula $A = \pi r^2$.



The diagram shows a circle inside a square. The circle touches the four sides of the square. The area of the square is 81 cm^2 .

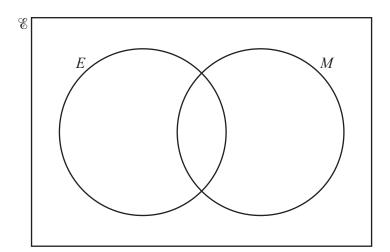
Calculate the shaded area.

(c)

..... cm² [4]

Question 9 is printed on the next page.

9 (a) $\mathscr{C} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12\}$ $E = \{x: x \text{ is an even number}\}$ $M = \{x: x \text{ is a multiple of }3\}$



	(i)	Complete the Venn diagram.	[2]
	(ii)	Write down $n(E \cup M)$.	[1]
	(iii)	A number is chosen at random from the universal set \mathscr{C} . Write down the probability that the number is in the set $E \cap M$.	[1]
			[2]
(b)	Meg	g says that an even number cannot be a prime number.	
		ne correct? e a reason for your answer.	
		because	[1]

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