



Cambridge IGCSE™

MATHEMATICS

0580/31

Paper 3 (Core)

May/June 2021

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 104

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2021 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of **8** printed pages.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Maths-Specific Marking Principles	
1	Unless a particular method has been specified in the question, full marks may be awarded for any correct method. However, if a calculation is required then no marks will be awarded for a scale drawing.
2	Unless specified in the question, answers may be given as fractions, decimals or in standard form. Ignore superfluous zeros, provided that the degree of accuracy is not affected.
3	Allow alternative conventions for notation if used consistently throughout the paper, e.g. commas being used as decimal points.
4	Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored (isw).
5	Where a candidate has misread a number in the question and used that value consistently throughout, provided that number does not alter the difficulty or the method required, award all marks earned and deduct just 1 mark for the misread.
6	Recovery within working is allowed, e.g. a notation error in the working where the following line of working makes the candidate's intent clear.

Abbreviations

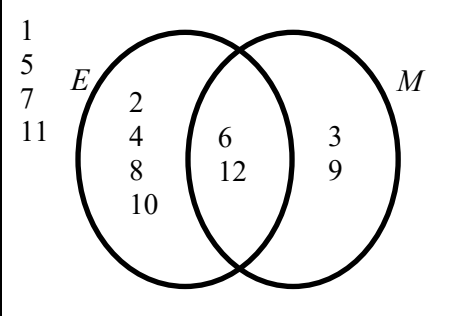
cao	correct answer only
dep	dependent
FT	follow through after error
isw	ignore subsequent working
oe	or equivalent
SC	Special Case
nfw	not from wrong working
soi	seen or implied

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1(a)	6.11	3	M2 for $1.2 \times 4.2 + 0.125 \times 8.56$ oe or M1 for 1.2×4.2 oe or figs 125×8.56 or B1 for 0.125
1(b)	13 1.15	3	M1 for $\frac{20}{1.45}$ M1 for $20 - 1.45 \times k$ where k integer ≤ 13
1(c)	32	3	M2 for $\frac{7}{9} \times \frac{4}{7} \times 72$ OR M1 for $\frac{2}{9} \times 72$ or $\frac{7}{9} \times 72$ and M1dep for $\frac{4}{7} \times \text{their } 56$ or $\frac{3}{7} \times \text{their } 56$
1(d)	41.7 or 41.66 to 41.67	1	
1(e)	55 77	2	M1 for $\frac{132}{5+7} \times k$ oe where k is 1 or 5 or 7
1(f)(i)	87.5	2	M1 for $\frac{24}{12.8} \times 100[-100]$ or $\frac{24-12.8}{12.8}[\times 100]$ or $\frac{24}{12.8} - 1[\times 100]$

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1(f)(ii)	25.5[0] nfw	2	FT <i>their</i> (f)(i) M1 for $13.6 \times \left(1 + \frac{\text{their(f)(i)}}{100}\right)$ oe or B1FT for 11.90 or M1 for $\frac{13.6}{x} = \frac{12.8}{24}$ or better
2(a)(i)	48 192 96 24	2	B1 for 2 or 3 correct or M1 for $\frac{360}{15} \times k$ $k = 1, 2, 4$ or 8
2(a)(ii)	Correct pie chart	2	FT <i>their</i> table if angles add up to 360 B1FT for one sector correctly drawn
2(b)(i)	$\frac{2}{5}$ oe	1	
2(b)(ii)	No with correct reason	2	B1 for $\frac{5}{13}$ B1 for reason or correct comparison of probabilities
2(b)(iii)	1 1	2	B1 for $\frac{6}{15}$ or 6:9 If 0 scored, SC1 for final answer 6, 9 or $1 + 2k, 1 + 3k$ k integer, $k \geq 1$
3(a)	M marked correctly	2	B1 for correct bearing B1 for correct distance
3(b)(i)	38 520 000	2	M1 for $[1070 \times] 36 \times 1000$ or 1070×36 or figs 3852 oe
3(b)(ii)	200	3	M2 for $\frac{36 \times 1000 \times 15}{60 \times 45}$ oe or figs 2 nfw M1 for $\frac{36 \times 1000}{60}$ oe or $\frac{60 \times 45}{15}$ oe
3(c)	28.8	2	M1 for $\frac{36}{75} [\times 60]$
3(d)	132	2	M1 for $312 - 180$ or $180 - 48$

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
4(a)	$(-2, 4)$	1	
4(b)(i)	-0.5 oe	1	
4(b)(ii)	$[y=]-0.5x+3$	2	FT <i>their</i> (b)(i) B1FT for $[y=]-0.5x+c$ or for $[y=]their (b)(i)x+c$ or for $[y=]mx+3$
4(c)(i)	Correct ruled line drawn	1	
4(c)(ii)	$(-4, 0)$	1	FT <i>their</i> (c)(i) for x -coord
4(c)(iii)	23.0 to 23.8	2	FT provided <i>their</i> 3 lengths seen M1 for $AB + AC + BC$ soi or B1FT for $AB = 8.7$ to 9.1 or $BC = 10$ or $AC = 4.3$ to 4.7
5(a)	2	1	
5(b)(i)	e.g. $4 = \frac{k}{2}$ leading to $k = 8$	1	accept use of any correct co-ordinates
5(b)(ii)	0.032 oe	1	
5(c)(i)	$-1, -2, -4, -8$	2	B1 for 2 correct
5(c)(ii)	Correct curve	3	B2FT for 3 or 4 correct plots B1FT for 1 or 2 correct plots
5(d)	$y=x$ oe $y=-x$ oe	2	B1 for each
6(a)(i)	Enlargement [centre] $(-4, -5)$ [scale factor] 4	3	B1 for each
6(a)(ii)	Rotation [centre] $(0, 0)$ oe 90° clockwise oe	3	B1 for each
6(b)(i)	Correct translation $(-7, 1), (-7, -1), (-8, -1)$	2	B1 for translation $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$
6(b)(ii)	Correct reflection $(-6, -5), (-7, -3), (-7, -5)$	2	B1 for reflection in $x=k$, $k \neq -4.5$ or in $y = -4.5$

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
6(c)	$\tan b = \frac{8}{4}$ oe	M1	
	63.43...	A1	
6(d)	Yes correct reason	2	B1 for evidence that all three triangles each have angles 63.4°, 26.6° and 90° B1 for yes and statement that triangles are similar because they have the same 3 angles oe
7(a)(i)	$4x-9$ cao	3	B2 for $x+(x-3)+2(x-3)$ oe or B1 for $k(x-3)$ seen $k=1,2$ or 3 oe
7(a)(ii)(a)	11 nfw	3	M1 for <i>their</i> (a)(i) = 35 M1 for rearranging <i>their</i> $(ax+b)=35$ to $ax=35-b$ or $x+\frac{b}{a}=\frac{35}{a}$ or better
7(a)(ii)(b)	5	2	FT <i>their</i> x M1 for $(\text{their } x-3) \times 2$ soi or B1 for [Pierre makes] 16
7(b)(i)	Half-past two shown correctly on clock face	1	
7(b)(ii)	105	2	M1 for $\frac{3.5}{12}[\times 360]$ oe
7(c)	8.64×10^5	2	M1 for $60 \times 60 \times 24 \times 10$ or B1 for figs 864 If 0 scored, SC1 for correctly changing <i>their answer</i> into standard form provided <i>their answer</i> > 10000
7(d)	1802	2	M1 for $3\frac{1}{2} \times 8$ or B1 for 1736 seen
7(e)	16 cao	4	B1 for LCM=24 soi M1 for $\frac{365}{24}$ or $\frac{364}{24}$ or $\frac{365}{48}$ or $\frac{364}{48}$ A1 for 15 or 15.2 or 15.16 to 15.17 or 15.20 to 15.21 If A0 scored, SC1 for 7.60[4..] or 7.58[3..] and 8 final answer
8(a)(i)	Angle [in a] semicircle	1	

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
8(a)(ii)	30	2	M1 for $\frac{6 \times 10}{2}$
8(a)(iii)	11.7 or 11.66...	2	M1 for $[x^2 =] 6^2 + 10^2$ or better
8(b)	$[r =] \sqrt{\frac{A}{\pi}}$	2	M1 for $\frac{A}{\pi} = r^2$ or $\sqrt{A} = \sqrt{\pi} \times r$
8(c)	17.4 or 17.37 to 17.38...	4	<p>M3 for $81 - \pi \left(\frac{\sqrt{81}}{2} \right)^2$ oe</p> <p>OR</p> <p>M1 for $\sqrt{81}$</p> <p>and M1 for $\pi \left(\frac{\text{their} \sqrt{81}}{2} \right)^2$</p> <p>and M1 for $81 - \text{their} \pi \left(\frac{\sqrt{81}}{2} \right)^2$</p>
9(a)(i)		2	B1 for 2 or 3 regions correct
9(a)(ii)	8	1	FT <i>their (a)(i)</i>
9(a)(iii)	$\frac{1}{6}$ oe	2	<p>FT <i>their (a)(i)</i></p> <p>B1FT for 2 or <i>their</i> $n(E \cap M)$</p>
9(b)	No 2 is even and a prime oe	1	