#### UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## MARK SCHEME for the June 2005 question paper

### **0580/0581 MATHEMATICS**

0580/04, 0581/04 Paper 4 (Extended), maximum raw mark 130

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

 CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the June 2005 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

**Grade thresholds** for Syllabus 0580/0581 (Mathematics) in the June 2005 examination.

	maximum	minimum mark required for grade:				
	mark available	А	С	E	F	
Component 4	130	93	54	33	n/a	

The threshold (minimum mark) for B is set halfway between those for Grades A and C. The threshold (minimum mark) for D is set halfway between those for Grades C and E. The threshold (minimum mark) for G is set as many marks below the F threshold as the E threshold is above it.

Grade A\* does not exist at the level of an individual component.

#### **TYPES OF MARK**

Most of the marks (those without prefixes, and 'B' marks) are given for accurate results, drawings or statements.

- M marks are given for a correct method.
- **B** marks are given for a correct statement or step.
- A marks are given for an accurate answer following a correct method.

#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

a.r.t. b.o.d.	Anything rounding to Benefit of the doubt has been given to the candidate
c.a.o.	Correct answer <b>only</b> (i.e. no 'follow through')
e.e.o.	Each error or omission
f.t	Follow through
i.s.w.	Ignore subsequent working
o.e.	Or equivalent
SC	Special case
s.o.i.	Seen or implied
WW	Without working
www	Without wrong working
$\checkmark$	Work followed through after an error: no further error made

## June 2005

## **IGCSE**

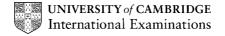
# MARK SCHEME

**MAXIMUM MARK: 130** 

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0580/04, 0581/04

MATHEMATICS

Paper 4 (Extended)



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – JUNE 2005	0580/0581	4

1 (a)	$1.33 \times \frac{5}{7}$ o.e	M1	Implied by figures 95 in answer
	$\frac{7.53 \times \frac{7}{7}}{950 \text{ (kg)}}$ c.a.o.	A2	A1 for figs 95
(b)	, -,	M1	7 th for figo co
(6)	$765 \times \frac{9}{(9+8)}$ o.e.	1411	
	(\$) 405 c.a.o.	A1	
(c)	their (b) their (a)	M1	
	(\$) 0.43 or (\$) 0.426	<b>A1</b> √	f.t. their (b) must be in dollars for A mark their (a)
(d)(i)	0.35 x <u>60</u> o.e	M1	
	100 (\$) 0.21 c.a.o.	<b>A</b> 1	
(ii)	0.35 x <u>100</u> o.e	M1	
	(\$) 0.28 c.a.o	<b>A</b> 1	0.26(25) is M0
		11	
2 (a)	AB = 12cm	B1	All measurements ±2 mm or ±2 °
(b)	Perp. Bisector with arcs-2 sets for AB	<b>B2</b> √	SC1 if accurate without arcs
(c)	Accurate trapezium c.a.o.	B2	dep. on B1 in <b>(a)</b> and at least SC1 in <b>(b)</b> . SC1 for DC = 9cm and parallel to AB
/ B	01:16.611: 1.400(10.0)	<b>D4</b>	301 for DC = 90ff and parallel to AB
(d)	Strict ft of their angle ABC (±2 °)	<b>B1</b> √	
(e)	$(\tan B =) \frac{7}{1.5}$	B1	or (sinB=) $\frac{7}{\sqrt{(7^2+1.5^2)}}$ or (cosB=) $\frac{1.5}{\sqrt{(7^2+1.5^2)}}$
	77.9 final answer	В1	Indep
(f)(i)	Arc, centre D, radius 5 cm	<b>B1</b> √	No gaps in the trapezium, but condone extra
(ii)	Bisector of their angle D with arcs	<b>B2</b> √	SC1 if accurate without arcs
(iii)	Correct shading c.a.o.	B1	dep. on B1 in (i) and at least SC1 in (ii) and a correct trapezium
		12	

	Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
ĺ		IGCSE – JUNE 2005	0580/0581	4

3				If choice of transformations in (i), (ii), (iii), (iv) then lose the 1 <sup>st</sup> two B marks in each part
(a)(i)	Translation (aply) (T)		B1	e.g. 6 left and 1 up. Condone -6 1
(a)(i)	Translation (only) (T)			
	[ -6 ] [ 1 ]	o.e.	B1	
(ii)	Reflection (only) (M) in $y = -x$	o.e.	B1 B1	must be equation
(iii)	Enlargement (only) (E) Centre (0,6) Scale factor 3 o.e. seen		B1 B1 B1	
(iv)	Shear (H) x-axis ( $y$ = 0) invariant (Shear) factor 0.5 o.e. seen		B1 B1 B1	
(b)(i)	[ 0 -1] [-1 0]	o.e.	B2	SC1 for a correct column
(ii)	[ 1 0.5] [ 0 1 ]	o.e.	B2	SC1 for a correct column Allow embedded matrices in both answers
4 (a)	p = 0.25		14 B1	Must be seen. No feedback from graph.
+ (a)	q = 1		B1	If not labelled, must be in order
	r = 8		B1	
(b)	Scales correct Their 7 points plotted correctly (with	in	S1 P3√	<i>x</i> from –2 to 4. <i>y</i> to accommodate their values. ft P2 for 6 points correct.
	1mm and in the correct square)		,	P1 for 5 points correct.
	Smooth curve through all 7 points (1mm)		C1√	ft provided correct shape maintained
(c)	2.75 to 2.85		В1	
(d)	0		B1	
(e)	Tangent drawn at $x = 1.5$		T1	Not a chord and no daylight
	Uses <u>increase in <i>y</i></u> (using scale) increase in <i>x</i>		M1	Dep on T1 or a near miss (not chord or clearly drawn at $x = 1$ or $x = 2$ )
	1.7 to 2.2		A1	If correct method seen, condone any answer in range, even with a slight slip
(f)	Correct ruled straight line (complete for range 0 to 4)		B2	SC1 for freehand complete line or any ruled line of gradient 2 or <i>y</i> -intercept of 1 (not <i>y</i> =1)
(g)	Correct for theirs(±0.05) dep. on at I SC1 in <b>(f)</b>	east	<b>B2</b> √	SC1 if <i>y</i> -coordinate also given or <i>x</i> =0 also given (or both)
			17	

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – JUNE 2005	0580/0581	4

5 (a)(i)	c – d final answer	o.e.	B1	
(ii)	OD + DE <u>or</u> OC + their CD + DE d – 0.5c final answer	o.e. o.e.	M1 A1	Must be seen if answer incorrect
(iii)	OA + AB or OC + CB or OC + EO		M1	Must be seen if answer incorrect
(b)(i)	1.5c – d final answer 120	o.e.	A1 B1	If 90 then only method marks in (iv) available If 60 only method marks in (ii) and (iv)
(ii)	0.5 × 8 × 8 sin120 art 27.7 (cm²)	o.e. www	M1 A1	available e.g. perp. onto AC, then $8\sin 60 \times 8\cos 60$ ( $16\sqrt{3}$ )
(iii)	$8^2 + 8^2 - 2 \times 8 \times 8 \text{ cos} 120$ Square root of correct combination	ı	M1 M1	** Dep on first M1. Errors must be due to slips, not incorrect combination
	$(\sqrt{192} \text{ or } 13.8 \left(\frac{5}{6}\right))$			
	art 13.9 (cm)(13.856406)		<b>A</b> 1	(8√3) ** Alternative methods e.g. perp onto AC, then 8sin60 M1 ×2 M1 Sine Rule Implicit M1 Explicit M1
(iv)	ABC (×2) + OACD their (ii) × 2 + their (iii) × 8 166 to 167 (cm <sup>2</sup> )	o.e. c.a.o.	M1 M1 A1	Alt meth. $6 \times ABX$ (X is centre) or $6 \times ABC$ etc. $6 \times [0.5 \times 8 \times 8 \sin 60]$ or their (ii) $\times 6$ etc. $(96\sqrt{3})$
			14	

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – JUNE 2005	0580/0581	4

6 (a)	Vol of cyl.= $\pi \times 0.35^2 \times 16.5$ (6.3) Vol of cone = $\pi \times \frac{0.35^2}{3} \times 1.5$ (0.19)	M1 M1	USE OF RADIUS = 0.7 Use of radius = 0.7 loses all marks in (a) After that they can revert to 0.35 without penalty	
	a.r.t. 6.54 (cm <sup>3</sup> )	A1	Any later use of 0.7 after 0.35 penalty 2 from the marks gained using 0.7	
(b)(i)	4.2 1.4	B1 B1	8.4 2.8	B1 B1
(ii)	18 × their 4.2 × their 1.4 106 (cm³) (105.84)	M1 A1	18 × their 8.4 × their 2.8 423 (cm³) (423.36)	M1 A1
(iii)	12 × their (a) ×100 their (b)(ii)	M1	12 × their (a) ×100 their (b)(ii)	M1
	74.(0) to 74.2 (%) c.a.o.	<b>A</b> 1	74.1 to 74.3 (%)	A1
(c)(i)	$(l =) \sqrt{(1.5^2 + 0.35^2)}$ 1.54 (cm)	M1 A1	$(l =) \sqrt{(1.5^2 + 0.7^2)}$ 1.66 (cm)	M1 A1
(ii)	Circle = $\pi \times 0.35^2$ Cylinder = $2 \times \pi \times 0.35 \times 16.5$	M1 M1	Circle = $\pi \times 0.7^2$ Cylinder = $2 \times \pi \times 0.7 \times 16.5$	M1 M1
	Cone = $\pi \times 0.35 \times 10.35$ Cone = $\pi \times 0.35 \times 10.35$	M1	Cone = $\pi \times 0.7 \times \text{their (c)(i)}$	M1
	Any 2 correct areas ( a.r.t. 0.385 a.r.t. 36.3 a.r.t. 1.69 ) 0.1225 π 11.55 π 0.539 π	B2	Any 2 correct areas (a.r.t. 1.54 72.5 to 72.6 a.r.t. 3.65) 0.49 π 23.1 π 1.162 π	B2
	38.3 to 38.4 (cm <sup>2</sup> ) c.a.o.	<b>A</b> 1	77.7 to 77.8 (cm <sup>2</sup> )	A1
		17		

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – JUNE 2005	0580/0581	4

7 (a)(i)	Median 46.5	B1	
(ii)	IQR 9.5 www	B2	SC1 for 42 <u>or</u> 51.5 <u>seen</u>
(iii)	48	B2	SC1 for 102 seen
(b)(i)	n = 32	В1	
(ii)	Midpts 32.5, 37.5, 42.5, 47.5, 52.5, 57.5 10x32.5 + 17x37.5 + 33x42.5 + 42x47.5	M1 M1*	At least 5 correct s.o.i. Dep on first M1 <u>or</u> midpoints ±0.5
	+ their 32x52.5 + 16x57.5 [6960]		Allow 1 more slip
	\( \sum_{fx} / 150 \\ 46.4 \\	M1 A1	Dep on 2 <sup>nd</sup> M1*
(c)	Horizontal Scale correct	S1	Implied by correct use. Ignore vertical scale
	3 correct widths on their scale (f.t) For each block of correct width	W1√	no gaps
	2.7 cm	H1	For scale error double or half, award H1, H1, H1
	7.1(3) or 7.2 cm 3.2 cm	H1	for correct f.t heights
	3.2 cm	H1	After H0, SC1 for 3 correct frequency densities written or for heights 2.7cm,
			7.1cm and 3.2cm drawn on doubled/ halved horizontal scale.
		15	
8 (a)	(x-3)(x-1) [= 0]	M1	$\frac{4 \pm \sqrt{[(-4)^2 - 4.1.3]}}{2}$ or $(x - 2^2) = 1$ or better
	1 and 3	<b>A1</b>	
(b)	Correct first step of rearrangement $x+1$	M1 A1	e.g. $y + 1 = 2x$ or $x + 1 = 2y$ or better not for $x = ($
	$\frac{\lambda+1}{2}$ o.e.	Α.	
(c)	$x^2 - 6x + 4 = 0$	MA1	Can be implied by later work (method marks)
	$\frac{p \pm \sqrt{q}}{r} \text{ with } p = 6 \text{ and } r = 2$	M1√	f.t. if in the form $ax^2 + bx + c$ (= 0) with $a \ne 0$ [ $(x-3)^2 - 5 = 0$ M1 then $x = (\pm)\sqrt{5} + 3$ M1 is the
	and $q = (-6)^2 - 4.1.4$ o.e. or 20	<b>M1</b> √	equivalent for completing the square.] Indep.
	5.24 c.a.o. www	<b>A</b> 1	SC1 for both answers 'correct' but not to 2 dp
	0.76 c.a.o. www		( 5.236067977 , 0.763932022 ). Can be truncated or correctly rounded
(d)	29	B2	SC1 for [ f(-2) =] 15 seen or 2x <sup>2</sup> -8x +5 o.e seen
(e)	$(2x-1)^2-4(2x-1)+3$	M1	
	4x² – 12x + 8 or correctly factorised final answer	<b>A2</b>	After A0, SC1 for 4x² - 12x + 8 seen
	illiai aliswei	14	

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – JUNE 2005	0580/0581	4

9 (a)	$x + y \le 12$	o.e	B1	x + y < 13
(b)	<i>y</i> ≥ 4	o.e.	B1	y > 3
(c)	Scales correct – full length		<b>S1</b>	
(d) $x + y = 12$ ruled and long enough $y = 4$ ruled and long enough $5x + 3y = 45$ ruled and long enough $(1 \text{ mm at } (9, 0) \text{ and } (0, 15) \text{ if extension}$		2d)	L1 L1 B2	or broken line $x + y = 13$ or broken line $y = 3$ . F.t from $x \ge 4$ only in <b>(b)</b> SC1 for either point correct
	Unwanted regions shaded		<b>B2</b> √	SC1 for wanted regions shaded f.t. from minor slips in the lines that do not compromise the shape and position of the triangle or from $x \ge 4$ in <b>(b)</b> and $x = 4$ drawn
(e)	6 super, 5 mini <u>and</u> 5 super, 7 mini (no extras) Can write as (6, 5) and (5, 7)		В3	SC2 for 1 correct and no more than 1 wrong SC1 for any point(s) in their region selected (enclosed by 3 lines or 2 lines + 1 axis)
(f)(i)	(7, 4) or (6, 5) (\$) 274 (\$) 260	o.i.	M1 A1 A1	If 0 scored, SC1 for evidence of 30x + 16y written or used
(f)(ii)	(\$) 94 c.a	.0.	B1	
			16	