



Cambridge IGCSE™

FIRST LANGUAGE ENGLISH

0500/21

Paper 2 Directed Writing and Composition

May/June 2023

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 80

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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This document consists of **12** printed pages.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however, the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

English & Media subject specific general marking principles
(To be read in conjunction with the Generic Marking Principles (and requiring further guidance on how to place marks within levels))

Components using level descriptors:

- We use level descriptors as a guide to broad understanding of the qualities normally expected of, or typical of, work in a level.
- Level descriptors are a means of general guidance and should not be interpreted as hurdle statements.
- Where indicative content notes are supplied for a question, these are *not* a prescription of required content, and must not be treated as such. Alternative correct points and unexpected answers in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the knowledge and skills demonstrated.
- While we may have legitimate expectations as to the ground most answers may occupy, we must at all times be prepared to meet candidates on their chosen ground, provided it is relevant ground (e.g. clearly related to and derived from a relevant passage / text and meeting the mark scheme requirements for the question).

Components using point-based marking:

Point marking is often used to reward knowledge, understanding and application of skills. We give credit where the candidate's answer shows relevant knowledge, understanding and application of skills in answering the question. We do not give credit where the answer shows confusion.

From this it follows that we:

- a** DO credit answers which are worded differently from the mark scheme if they clearly convey the same meaning (unless the mark scheme requires a specific term).
- b** DO credit alternative answers / examples which are not written in the mark scheme if they are correct.
- c** DO credit answers where candidates give more than one correct answer in one prompt / numbered / scaffolded space where extended writing is required rather than list-type answers. For example, questions that require n reasons (e.g. State two reasons).
- d** DO NOT credit answers simply for using a 'key term' unless that is all that is required. (Check for evidence it is understood and not used wrongly.).
- e** DO NOT credit answers which are obviously self-contradicting or trying to cover all possibilities.
- f** DO NOT give further credit for what is effectively repetition of a correct point already credited unless the language itself is being tested. This applies equally to 'mirror statements' (i.e. polluted / not polluted).
- g** DO NOT require spellings to be correct unless this is part of the test. However spellings of syllabus terms must allow for clear and unambiguous separation from other syllabus terms with which they may be confused (e.g. Corrasion / Corrosion).

Note: All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated. Nonetheless, the content must be clearly related to and derived from the passage.

Section A: Directed Writing

Question 1

This question tests the following writing assessment objectives (25 marks)

W1 articulate experience and express what is thought, felt and imagined

W2 organise and structure ideas and opinions for deliberate effect

W3 use a range of vocabulary and sentence structures appropriate to context

W4 use register appropriate to context

W5 make accurate use of spelling, punctuation and grammar

and reading assessment objectives (15 marks)

R1 demonstrate understanding of explicit meanings

R2 demonstrate understanding of implicit meanings and attitudes

R3 analyse, evaluate and develop facts, ideas and opinions, using appropriate support from the text

R5 select and use information for specific purposes.

Question	Answer	Marks
1	<p><u>Write an article</u> for young people, advising them what they need to consider when deciding on a holiday destination.</p> <p>In your article you should:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • evaluate the ideas, opinions and attitudes in both texts • suggest what young people should consider in order to make a responsible decision. <p>Base your article on what you have read in <u>both</u> texts, but be careful to use your own words. Address both of the bullet points.</p> <p>Write about 250 to 350 words.</p> <p><u>Up to 15 marks are available for the content of your answer, and up to 25 marks for the quality of your writing.</u></p> <p>Explicit ideas:</p> <p>Text A:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • too much tourism is detrimentally affecting the environment of and people who live in tourist hotspots • tourism taxes can mean only the wealthy can travel to some areas • over tourism affects different countries in various different ways • there are benefits to tourism for some local people in some areas • some local people don't benefit from tourism/have less access to their culture as a result <p>Text B:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • tourism has raised standard of living for locals and given employment opportunities / better facilities • some facilities are focused on tourists, not locals • some facilities lost / bought up for tourism • costs for locals are high as a result of tourism • some locals are hostile to tourism / feel alienated from their own cities 	40

Question	Answer	Marks
1	<p>Implicit ideas:</p> <p>Young tourists should:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • change their behaviour in tourist areas / avoid crowded cities or streets to mitigate effects of tourism • go only to places that would benefit from tourism • use companies who contribute to local economies • visit less popular tourist sites/ones hidden from mass media to avoid the effects of over-tourism on the local residents / destination (<u>do not reward where the point is made for the benefit of the tourist</u>) • use genuine local businesses for services • make sustainable decisions about transport, accommodation etc <p>Young tourists should not:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • visit tourist hotspots at peak times to help the local people (<u>do not reward to make the holiday better for the tourist</u>) • visit places just because they're on trend <p>Other ideas:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • cultures can be eroded / commercialized/become inauthentic / be ignored • cities aren't designed for fluctuating populations • tourism is driven by greed, not cultural exchange • over-tourism is bad for residents and tourists • tourism needs to benefit both sides / benefits to locals inevitably come with costs • tourist taxes are unfair to poorer tourists 	40

Marking criteria for Section A Question 1**Table A, Writing**

Use the following table to give a mark out of 25 for writing.

Level	Marks	Description
6	22–25	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Highly effective style capable of conveying subtle meaning. (W1) Carefully structured for benefit of the reader. (W2) Wide range of sophisticated vocabulary, precisely used. (W3) Highly effective register for audience and purpose. (W4) Spelling, punctuation and grammar almost always accurate. (W5)
5	18–21	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Effective style. (W1) Secure overall structure, organised to help the reader. (W2) Wide range of vocabulary, used with some precision. (W3) Effective register for audience and purpose. (W4) Spelling, punctuation and grammar mostly accurate, with occasional minor errors. (W5)
4	14–17	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sometimes effective style. (W1) Ideas generally well sequenced. (W2) Range of vocabulary is adequate and sometimes effective. (W3) Sometimes effective register for audience and purpose. (W4) Spelling, punctuation and grammar generally accurate though with some errors. (W5)
3	10–13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inconsistent style, expression sometimes awkward but meaning clear. (W1) Relies on the sequence of the original text. (W2) Vocabulary is simple, limited in range or reliant on the original text. (W3) Some awareness of an appropriate register for audience and purpose. (W4) Frequent errors of spelling, punctuation and grammar, sometimes serious. (W5)
2	6–9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Limited style. (W1) Response is not well sequenced. (W2) Limited vocabulary or words/phrases copied from the original text. (W3) Limited awareness of appropriate register for audience and purpose. (W4) Persistent errors of spelling, punctuation and grammar. (W5)
1	1–5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Expression unclear. (W1) Poor sequencing of ideas. (W2) Very limited vocabulary or copying from the original text. (W3) Very limited awareness of appropriate register for audience and purpose. (W4) Persistent errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar impede communication. (W5)
0	0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No creditable content.

Table B, Reading

Use the following table to give a mark out of 15 for reading.

Level	Marks	Description
6	13–15	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Successfully evaluates ideas and opinions, both explicit and implicit. (R1, R2, R3) Assimilates ideas from the text to give a developed, sophisticated response. (R3, R5)
5	10–12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Some successful evaluation of ideas and opinions, both explicit and implicit. (R1, R2, R3) A thorough response, supported by a detailed selection of relevant ideas from the text. (R3, R5)
4	7–9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Begins to evaluate mainly explicit ideas and opinions. (R1, R2, R3) An appropriate response that includes relevant ideas from the text. (R3, R5)
3	5–6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selects and comments on explicit ideas and opinions. (R1, R2, R3) Makes a general response including a few relevant ideas from the text. (R3, R5)
2	3–4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identifies explicit ideas and opinions. (R1, R2, R3) Makes a limited response with little evidence from the text. (R3, R5)
1	1–2	Very limited response with minimal relation to the text. (R1, R2, R3, R5)
0	0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No creditable content.

Section B: Composition**Questions 2, 3, 4, 5**

The question tests the following writing objectives (40 marks)

W1 articulate experience and express what is thought, felt and imagined

W2 organise and structure ideas and opinions for deliberate effect

W3 use a range of vocabulary and sentence structures appropriate to context

W4 use register appropriate to context

W5 make accurate use of spelling, punctuation and grammar.

Question	Answer	Marks
2	EITHER Describe a shop you remember visiting in the past. Use Table A to give a mark out of 16 for content and structure, and Table B to give a mark out of 24 for style and accuracy.	40

Question	Answer	Marks
3	OR Describe the experience of seeing an animal. Use Table A to give a mark out of 16 for content and structure, and Table B to give a mark out of 24 for style and accuracy.	40

Question	Answer	Marks
4	OR Write a story which includes the words, ‘... I was convinced I was right ...’. Use Table A to give a mark out of 16 for content and structure, and Table B to give a mark out of 24 for style and accuracy.	40

Question	Answer	Marks
5	OR Write a story with the title, ‘The silk ribbon’. Use Table A to give a mark out of 16 for content and structure, and Table B to give a mark out of 24 for style and accuracy.	40

Marking criteria for Section B

Table A, Composition: Content and structure

Level	Marks	General and specific marking criteria	
6	14–16	General	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Content is complex, engaging and effective. (W1) Structure is secure, well balanced and carefully managed for deliberate effect. (W2) 	
		Specific – descriptive	Specific – narrative
		<i>Many well-defined and developed ideas and images create a convincing overall picture with varieties of focus.</i>	<i>The plot is well-defined and strongly developed with features of fiction writing such as description, characterisation and effective climax, and convincing details.</i>
5	11–13	General	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Content is developed, engaging and effective. (W1) Structure is well managed, with some choices made for deliberate effect. (W2) 	
		Specific – descriptive	Specific – narrative
		<i>Frequent, well-chosen images and details give a mostly convincing picture.</i>	<i>The plot is defined and developed with features of fiction writing such as description, characterisation, climax and details.</i>
4	8–10	General	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Content is relevant with some development. (W1) Structure is competently managed. (W2) 	
		Specific – descriptive	Specific – descriptive
		<i>A selection of relevant ideas, images and details, even where there is a tendency to write in a narrative style</i>	<i>A selection of relevant ideas, images and details, even where there is a tendency to write in a narrative style.</i>
3	5–7	General	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Content is straightforward and briefly developed. (W1) Structure is mostly organised but may not always be effective. (W2) 	
		Specific – descriptive	Specific – narrative
		<i>The task is addressed with a series of relevant but straightforward details, which may be more typical of a narrative.</i>	<i>The plot is straightforward, with limited use of the features of narrative writing.</i>

Level	Marks	General and specific marking criteria	
2	3–4	General	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Content is simple, and ideas and events may be limited. (W1) • Structure is partially organised but limited in its effect. (W2) 	
		Specific – descriptive	Specific – narrative
		The recording of some relevant events with limited detail.	<i>The plot is relevant and cohesive, with some features such as characterisation and setting of scene</i>
1	1–2	General	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Content is occasionally relevant or clear. (W1) • Structure is limited and ineffective. (W2) 	
		Specific – descriptive	Specific – narrative
		<i>The description is unclear and lacks detail.</i>	<i>The plot and / or narrative lacks coherence.</i>
0	0	• No creditable content.	

Table B, Composition: Style and accuracy

Level	Marks	Description
6	21–24	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Precise, well-chosen vocabulary and varied sentence structures, chosen for effect. (W3) Consistent well-chosen register suitable for the context. (W4) Spelling, punctuation and grammar almost always accurate. (W5)
5	17–20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mostly precise vocabulary and a range of sentence structures mostly used for effect. (W3) Mostly consistent appropriate register suitable for the context. (W4) Spelling, punctuation and grammar mostly accurate, with occasional minor errors. (W5)
4	13–16	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Some precise vocabulary and a range of sentence structures sometimes used for effect. (W3) Some appropriate register for the context. (W4) Spelling, punctuation and grammar generally accurate, but with some errors. (W5)
3	9–12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Simple vocabulary and a range of straightforward sentence structures. (W3) Simple register with a general awareness of the context. (W4) Frequent errors of spelling, punctuation and grammar, occasionally serious. (W5)
2	5–8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Limited and / or imprecise vocabulary and sentence structures. (W3) Limited and / or imprecise register for the context. (W4) Persistent errors of spelling, punctuation and grammar. (W5)
1	1–4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Frequently imprecise vocabulary and sentence structures. (W3) Register demonstrates little or no sense of the context. (W4) Persistent errors of spelling, punctuation and grammar impair communication. (W5)
0	0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No creditable content.