

Cambridge IGCSE™

COMPUTER SCIENCE 0478/21
Paper 2 Problem-solving and Programming October/November 2022

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 50

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2022 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

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GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Please note the following further points:

The words in **bold** in the mark scheme are important text that needs to be present, or some notion of it needs to be present. It does not have to be the exact word, but something close to the meaning.

If a word is underlined, this exact word must be present.

A single forward slash means this is an alternative word. A double forward slash means that this is an alternative mark point.

Ellipsis (...) on the end of one-mark point and the start of the next means that the candidate **cannot** get the second mark point without being awarded the first one. If a mark point has an ellipsis at the beginning, but there is no ellipsis on the mark point before it, then this is just a follow-on sentence and **can** be awarded **without** the previous mark point.

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Question	Answer	Marks		
	Section A			
1(a)(i)	Many correct answers, the names used must be meaningful. The names given are examples only.	5		
	One mark per mark point, max five			
	 MP1 name one e.g. Name, Age, Gender, Type, TeamMember, AnnualFee, Paid MP2 one appropriate data type must match name e.g. string, integer, char, string, Boolean, real, Boolean MP3 sample data for one appropriate array MP4 all arrays mentioned have appropriate names MP5 all arrays mentioned have appropriate data types MP6 sample data for all arrays e.g. Sue, 9, F, Junior, True, 9.00, False 			
1(a)(ii)	One mark per mark point, max two	2		
	MP1 use a loop e.g. FORNEXT / REPEATUNTIL / WHILEDO MP2 to input the values for each element in every array MP3 append each value input to the end of the array			
1(b)	One mark per mark point, max two			
	MP1 use a loop/ FOR/REPEAT/WHILE to check all members MP2 use a conditional statement / IF to see if the paid field is marked as False MP3 only transfer the data of those members whose paid field is marked as True to a set of new arrays // delete the details of the members who have not paid			

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Question	One mark per mark point, max six MP1 loop through all the members MP2 any suitable correct comparison of age					
1(c)						
	MP3 if 18 Change membership type to adult MP4 if 50 Change membership type to senior MP5 if 80 Change membership type to golden MP6 check if team member MP7 no store appropriate full fee					
	MP8 yes store 90% of appropriate full fee					
	<pre>Example FOR Member ← 1 TO Total CASE Age[Member] OF 18 : Type[Member] ← "Adult" 50 : Type[Member] ← "Senior" 80 : Type[Member] ← "Golden" ENDCASE IF Team[Member] THEN CASE Type[Member] OF</pre>					
	<pre>"Junior" : Fee[Member] ← JuniorFee * 0.9 "Adult" : Fee[Member] ← AdultFee * 0.9 "Senior" : Fee[Member] ← SeniorFee * 0.9 ENDCASE ELSE CASE Type[Member] OF "Junior" : Fee[Member] ← JuniorFee</pre>					
	"Adult" : Fee[Member] "AdultFee "Senior" : Fee[Member] SeniorFee "Golden" : Fee[Member] GoldenFee ENDCASE ENDIF NEXT Member					

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(d)	Explanation	5
	One mark per mark point, max five	
	MP1 how the program checked all the members // use of loop MP2 how the program identified a member who has not paid their (annual) fee // use of condition MP3 how the program kept a running total of members who have not paid their (annual) fees MP4 for each of the three types of membership that require a fee // excluding golden members MP5 how the program calculated a percentage for members who had not paid MP6 for each of the three types of membership that require a fee MP7 how the program displayed a percentage for members who had not paid MP8 all three percentages displayed with suitable messages	
	Programming statements when used must be explained.	

Question	Answer				
	Section B				
2(a)	One mark per mark point, max six	6			
	 Line 1 100 Line 7 Value > 100 // Value >= 101 Line 11 Reading[Value] + 1 Line 14 INPUT Value Line 18 Reading[Count] Line 19 Count - 1 				

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(b)	One mark per mark point, max three	3
	 use an IF/conditional statement to check if Reading[Count] not equal to zero before outputting the value // between statements 17 and 18 // code sample showing position IF Reading[Count] <> 0 THEN	
	OUTPUT ENDIF	

Question	Answer	Marks					
3(a)	wo marks per check, description must match name of check if given, max six						
	 Check 1 use a type check to ensure that the value is a number / integer Check 2 use a length check to ensure that there are only 4 characters / digits Check 3 use a range check to ensure that the value is >= 1000 and <=9999 						
3(b)	One mark per mark point, max three	3					
	MP1 input the new PIN MP2 input the new PIN again // ask the user to check the number on screen MP3 check that both PINs are the same // confirm that it is the PIN to use MP4 check that the new PIN is not the same as the old PIN						

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Question				Answer		Mark	
4(a)	One mark for each correct column, max four						
		Sold	Stock	Total	OUTPUT		
			50	0			
		24	26	24			
		12	14		Add new stock		
			64	36			
		6	58	42			
		30	28	72			
		12	16		Add new stock		
			66	84			
		18	48	102			
		-1			102		
4(b)	One mark for identification of error, max one						
	the stock level will fall	below zero / l	become negati	ve			
	One mark per mark point, max two						
	 before subtracting the test that the stock leve provide a suitable error 	amount Sold el / Stock is gr	eater than the		/ Sold		

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Question	Answer							
5(a)	One mark per mark point	, max two					2	
	ItemCodeuniquely identifies ea	ach item						
5(b)	 One mark per mark point correct rows Field, Tage correct row Show correct Criteria row 	able and Sort					3	
	Field:	ItemCode	Manufacturer	Level				
	Table:	WAREHOUSE	WAREHOUSE	WAREHOUSE				
	Sort:							
	Show:	V	Ø					
	Criteria:			<10				
	or:							

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