

### **Cambridge IGCSE™**

COMPUTER SCIENCE		0478/2
Paper 2		May/June 202
MARK SCHEME		
Maximum Mark: 50		
	Published	

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2021 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

### **Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

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### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:**

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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### Please note the following further points:

The words in **bold** in the mark scheme are important text that needs to be present, or some notion of it needs to be present. It does not have to be the exact word, but something close to the meaning.

If a word is underlined, this exact word must be present.

A single forward slash means this is an alternative word. A double forward slash means that this is an alternative mark point.

Ellipsis (...) on the end of one-mark point and the start of the next means that the candidate **cannot** get the second mark point without being awarded the first one. If a MP has ellipsis at the beginning, but there is no ellipsis on the MP before it, then this is just a follow-on sentence and **can** be awarded **without** the previous mark point.

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Question	Answer	Marks				
	Section A	<u>.</u>				
1(a)(i)	Many correct answers. They must be meaningful and related to <b>Task 1</b> . The names are examples only.					
	One mark per mark point					
	<ul> <li>Constant MaxCandidates</li> <li>Value 4</li> <li>Use The value of the maximum number of candidates for the election</li> </ul>					
1(a)(ii)	Many correct answers. They must be meaningful and related to <b>Task 1.</b> The names are examples only.	4				
	<ul> <li>One mark per mark point</li> <li>Variable NumberCandidates</li> <li>Use Storing the number of candidates in the election (for a tutor group)</li> <li>Array CandidateNames</li> <li>Use Storing the names of the candidates for the election</li> </ul>					
1(b)	One mark per mark point (Max 4)  MP1 Change the value of the MaxCandidates constant/variable to 8  MP2 Change the input message to state the maximum number of candidates is 8  MP3how your program changed the input message  MP4 Change the loop limit to up to 8  MP5how your program changed the loop limit  MP6 Change the validation to allow input up to 8  MP7how your program changed its validation check  MP8 Change the array size(s) to ensure sufficient capacity to store up to 8 names  MP9how your program changed the array sizes  MP10 Change the counters to ensure votes can be counted for up to 8 candidates  MP11how your program changed its counters	4				

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(c)	Any five from: MP1 Input with message to enter unique voter number MP2 Validation of (unique) voter number entered e.g. length check/type check/range check MP3 Attempt to check if voter number input is in list of possible voters MP4 Attempt to check if they have already voted MP5 If voter has already voted, message to warn them they can't vote MP6 Attempt at preventing them from voting MP7 Store voter number in a suitable data structure	5
	Example answer OUTPUT "Please enter your unique voter number" INPUT UniqueVoterNumber	
	FoundFlag ← False	
	AllNumbersChecked ← False	
	Counter ← 0 WHILE FoundFlag = False AND AllNumbersChecked = False IF StudentNumbers[Counter] = ""	
	THEN	
	AllNumbersChecked = True	
	StudentNumbers[Counter] ← UniqueVoterNumber ELSE	
	<pre>IF UniqueVoterNumber = StudentNumbers[Counter]    THEN</pre>	
	FoundFlag = True PRINT "Sorry, you have already voted" ELSE	
	Counter = Counter + 1 ENDIF	
	ENDIF	
	ENDWHILE	
	<pre>IF FoundFlag = False    THEN</pre>	
	OUTPUT "Please enter the code of your chosen candidate" INPUT Vote	
	ENDIF	

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(d)	Explanation of how the program does the following:  Any <b>four</b> from:  MP1 Find out how many votes in total (for all candidates) were cast in the election.  MP2 For each candidate  MP3 calculate the percentage of votes  MP4 excluding abstentions.  MP5 Display the name of each candidate, the number of votes and the percentage of votes they received with appropriate messages.  MP6 Display the number of votes cast and the number of abstentions with appropriate message.	4

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Question	Answer							
	Section B							
2	One mark per correct column				3			
	Statement	Validation	Verification	Both				
	Entering the data twice to check if both entries are the same.		✓					
	Automatically checking that only numeric data has been entered.	✓						
	Checking data entered into a computer system before it is stored or processed.			<b>√</b>				
	Visually checking that no errors have been introduced during data entry.		<b>✓</b>					

Question		Answer	Marks			
3	One mark per bullet point					
	Data type name	Integer				
	Data type description	(Any) whole number				
	Cambridge2021					
	Data type name	String				
	Data type description	A group of characters/text				
	47.86					
	Data type name	Real				
	<ul> <li>Data type description</li> </ul>	(Any real) number that could be a whole number or a fraction				

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Question	Answer	Marks				
4(a)	One mark per mark point (Max 3)  MP1 Marks input are stored in the array <a href="Score">Score</a> []  MP2 Marks are checked against a range of boundaries // allow example  MP3 and a matching grade is assigned to each mark that has been input  MP4 then stored in the array <a href="Grade">Grade</a> []  MP5 at the same index as the mark input  MP6 The algorithm finishes after 30 marks have been input // allows 30 scores to be entered					
4(b)	One mark per mark point (Max 3)  MP1	3				

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(c)	Any <b>three</b> correct statements <b>(Max 3)</b> e.g. MP1 Add an input facility to allow teachers to enter the class size MP2 Add a variable to store the input class size MP3 Use the class size variable as the terminating condition for the loop MP4 Make sure the arrays are sufficiently large to accommodate the largest possible class size	3

Question	Answer							
5(a)	One mark for each corr	ect column	(Max 4)			4		
		Value	Diff1	Diff2	OUTPUT			
		50	50	0	Accept: Extreme			
		75	25	25	Accept: Normal			
		99	1	49	Accept: Normal			
		28			Reject: Abnormal			
		82	18	32	Accept: Normal			
		150			Reject: Abnormal			
		-1						

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Question	Answer	Marks
5(b)	<ul> <li>One mark per bullet point (Max 2)</li> <li>To output the type of test data</li> <li> by performing a range check // by checking if numbers are within the range 50 and 100 (inclusive) (or not).</li> </ul>	2

Question		Answer								
6(a)	The data in	The data in the ID column/field is unique/not repeated in each row/record								
6(b)	18							1		
6(c)		Γ					7	4		
	Field:	ID	GenreName	Overdue						
	Table:	GENRE	GENRE	GENRE						
	Sort:			Descending						
	Show:	Ø	Ø	V						
	Criteria:			>0						
	or:									
	One mark fo	or the correct to or correct table or correct sorti or correct sear		correctly named box in all column	6		-			

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