CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

0478 COMPUTER SCIENCE

0478/22

Paper 2 (Written), maximum raw mark 50

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Section A

1 (a) (i) Many correct answers, they must be meaningful. This is an example only. - PupilName[1:30] or PupilName[0:29] or PupilName[30] or PupilName[29] [1] or PupilName[] (ii) Many correct answers, they must be meaningful. This is an example only. - StartWeight[1:30] or StartWeight[0:29] or StartWeight[30] or StartWeight[29] [1] or StartWeight[] (iii) Answers, must match (i) and (ii) above and the upper bound should have been changed from 30 to 600 or 29 to 599 or no change if not used. - StartWeight[1:600] or StartWeight[600] - PupilName[1:600] or PupilName[600] [1] (b) any four from - prompt for entry of final weight that includes pupil's name input final weight validation check for final weight - calculation of difference in weight using the initial weight stored in the array store difference in weight (Max 4 marks) - loop for 600 pupils [5] (1 mark) sample algorithm: FOR Count ← 1 TO 600 REPEAT PRINT 'Please enter weight for ', PupilName[Count] INPUT FinalWeight UNTIL FinalWeight < 120 AND FinalWeight > 20 WeightDifference[Count] ← FinalWeight - StartWeight[Count] NEXT Count

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(c) (i) any two from

- check that the weights are within a given range
- check that the weights are numeric
- check that the weights are given to one decimal point
- character/type check on name
- length check on name

[2]

[6]

(ii) 1 mark for the data and 1 mark for the matching reason.

There are many possible correct answers this is an example only.

Weight 1 – 35.2

Reason – normal data that should be accepted

Weight 2 – twenty

Reason – abnormal data that should be rejected [4]

(d) Maximum 6 marks in total for question part

Explanation (max 6)

- loop 30 or 600 times to check each difference in weight
- check for a difference in weight
- less than -2.5 (final weight start weight) or greater than 2.5 (start weight final weight)
- ... If so output pupil's name
- ...if so output difference in weight
- ...if so output message that it is a fall in weight

```
Sample algorithm (max 4)
```

```
FOR Count ← 1 TO 30
    IF WeightDifference [Count] < -2.5
    THEN PRINT PupilName[Count], 'The weight loss was ',
        WeightDifference [Count]
    ENDIF
NEXT Count</pre>
```

If pseudocode or programming only and no explanation, then maximum 4 marks

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Section B

2 1 mark for each error identified + suggested correction

Line 1 or Large = 9999: this should read Large = 0

Line 3 or WHILE: this should read WHILE Counter < 30

line 6 or IF: this should read IF Num > Large THEN Large = Num

line 7 or Counter = ...: this should read Counter = Counter + 1 [4]

3 (a)

Trace table set 1

Α	В	С	D	E	F	Total	Check	Output
5	2	4	3	1	5	38	5	Accept

←------(1 mark)------

Trace table set 2

Trace tab	ie set z							
Α	В	С	D	E	F	Total	Check	Output
3	2	1	0	7	3	45	1	Reject

←-----(1 mark)------

(b) – (modulo 11) check digit calculation [1]

(c) 1 mark for identifying the problem, 2 marks for the solution

Problem – doesn't deal correctly with remainder 10/a check digit of X

Solution – check Z for X as a final digit

- have a special case where check = 10

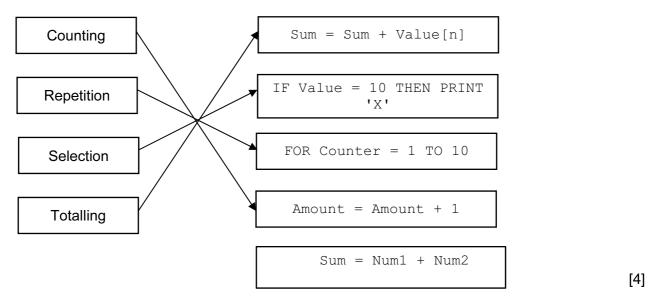
- accept where Check = 10 and F = X [3]

[4]

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4 1 mark for each correct line, two lines from one box not allowed



5 (a) 1 mark for FOR ... TO ... NEXT 1 mark for INPUT

```
FOR Count ← 1 TO 1000

INPUT A[Count]

NEXT (Count)

[2]
```

- (b) 4 marks
 - initialisation
 - start of loop
 - update loop counter
 - end of loop

Example1

Count ← 1	(1 mark)
REPEAT	(1 mark)
INPUT A[Count]	
Count 🛨 Count + 1	(1 mark)
UNTIL Count > 1000	(1 mark)

Example2

Count ← 0	(1 mark)
WHILE Count < 1000	(1 mark)
DO	
Count 🗲 Count + 1	(1 mark)
INPUT A[Count]	
ENDWHILE	(1 mark)

[4]

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6	(a) -7					[1]
	(b) – Cla – Un	ss ID quely identifies each studen	ıt			[2]
	– bot	a Abur, Paul Smith h names correct order				[2]
	(d)					
	Field	d: Student Name	Maths	Englis	h	
	Table	e: MARKS	MARKS	MARK	S	
	Sor	t:				
	Shov	r: 🗹				
	Criteria	a:	<40	<40		
	0	r:				
		(1 mark)	(1 mark)		(1 mark)	[3]