CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

0478 COMPUTER SCIENCE

0478/21

Paper 2 (Written), maximum raw mark 50

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Pag	e 2			Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper	
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				Section A				
1	(a)	(i)	Ма	ny correct answers, they must be mea	ningful. These are	examples	only.	
			—	MiddayTemperature[1:30]				
			or	MiddayTemperature[0:29]				
			or	MiddayTemperature[30]				
			or	MiddayTemperature[29]				
			or	MiddayTemperature[]	(1 mark)			
			_	MidnightTemperature[1:30]	. ,			
			or	MidnightTemperature[0:29]				
			or	MidnightTemperature[30]				
			or	MidnightTemperature[29]				
			or	MidnightTemperature[]	(1 mark)		[2	
		(ii)	An: 30	swers, must match above and the upper b to 7 or 29 to 6 or no change if not used. T	bound should have	been change only.	ed from	
		 MiddayTemperature[1:/] MidnightTemperature[1:/] Or MiddayTemperature[7] MidnightTemperature[7] 						

(iii) Any **two** variables with matching reasons, **1** mark for the variable and **1** mark for the matching reason. The variables and the matching reasons must relate to the tasks in the pre-release. There are many possible correct answers these are examples only.

Variable Reason	_ _	Counter: (Integer) to use as a loop counter when entering the temperature
Variable Reason	_	HighNoon: (Real) to store the highest midday temperature

[4]

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age 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper		
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(b)	 If loop used initialisation before loop loop running total inside loop calculation of average outside loop output of average with message outside loop (Max 4 mark 	s)			
	 completion of at least 3 of initialisation, running total, calculation output of average with message for both midday and midnight (1 mark) 	of average	and		
	sample algorithm:				
	<pre>MiddayTotal ← 0; MidnightTotal ← 0 FOR Count ← 1 TO 7 MiddayTotal ← MiddayTotal + MiddayTemperature[Co MidnightTotal ← MidnightTotal + MidnightTemperate NEXT Count MiddayAverage ← MiddayTotal/7 MidnightAverage ← MiddayTotal/7 PRINT 'The average midday temperature is ', Midday. PRINT 'The average midnight temperature is ', Midn</pre>	unt] ure[Count Average ightAvera] ge		
	 If loop not used total of 7 midday temperatures calculation of midday average (Note could be combined as one see example below) total of 7 midnight temperatures calculation of midnight average (Note could be combined as one see example below) output of both averages with suitable messages 	calculation, e calculation	;		
	sample algorithm:				
	<pre>MiddayAverage ← (MiddayTemperature[1]+ MiddayTempe MiddayTemperature[3]+ MiddayTemperature[4]+ MiddayTemperature[5]+ MiddayTemperature[6]+ MiddayTemperature[7])/7 MidnightAverage ← (MidnightTemperature[1]+ MidnightTemperature[2]+ MidnightTemperature[3]+ Midnight[5]+ Midnight[6]+ MidnightTemperature[7])/</pre>	rature[2] dnight[4] 7	+		

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[2]

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(c) 1 mark for the data set and 1 mark for the matching reason.

There are ma	any	possible	CO	rrect a	answe	rs,	these	are	examples	only
Data set	_	30 29	28	31.5	32.3	33	297			

Dala Sel	_	30, 29, 20, 31.3, 32.3, 33, 29.7
Reason	_	normal data that should be accepted

Data set – twenty, 23.99, seventeen, 501, –273, @#@, seventy seven Reason – abnormal data that should be rejected

(d) Maximum 6 marks in total for question part Explanation (max 6)

- set variable called HighestMidday to a large minus number
- loop (30 or 7) times to check each midday temperature in turn
- check midday temperature against HighestMidday / midday temperature > HighestMidday
- ...replace value in HighestMidday by midday temperature
- ...store array index in MiddayMonthDay/MiddayWeekday
- output HighestMidday outside the loop
- output MiddayMonthDay/MiddayWeekday outside the loop

Sample algorithm (max 4): HighestMidday ← -999 FOR Count ← 1 TO 7 IF MiddayTemperature [Count] > HighestMidday THEN HighestMidday ← MiddayTemperature[Count] MiddayMonthDay/MiddayWeekday ← Count ENDIF NEXT Count PRINT 'The highest midday temperature was ',HighestMidday, ' on day ', Count

If pseudocode or programming only and no explanation, then maximum 4 marks [6]

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Section B

2	1 mark for each error	identified + suggested correction
	Line 1 or Small = 0:	this should read Small = 999
	line 5 or IF:	this should read IF Num < Small THEN Small = Num
	line 8 or UNTIL:	this should read UNTIL Counter = 10 or
		UNTIL Counter $> = 10$ or
		UNTIL Counter > 9
	line 7 or PRINT:	PRINT Small should come after the end of the repeat loop
	or	
	line 8 or UNTIL:	this should come before line 7

3

Total	Reject	Weight	Output
0	0		
1.8		1.8	
	1	26.0	
8.8		7.0	
20.1		11.3	
30.1		10.0	
32.6		2.5	
	2	25.2	
37.6		5.0	
57.4		19.8	
	3	29.3	
		-1	57.4, 3

(2 marks) (–1 for each error) (then follow though) 1 mark)

(1 mark)

(1 mark) (allow follow through) (from Total and Reject)

[5]

[4]

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4 1 mark for each correct link, up to maximum of 4 marks



5

6

7

[4]

An <u>y</u> –	y two points f a variable is a constant is program	from s used to store o s used to store	data t data	hat can change during the running of a program that will not be changed during the running of a	[2]
	FOR (… TC REPEAT (WHILE (…) NEXT) . UNTIL) DO ENDWHI	LE)		[3]
(a)	- 7				[1]
(b)	– Brochu – Uniquel	re No ly identifies eac	h pro	perty	[2]
(c)	Garage Number of E Price in \$	Bedrooms	- - -	Boolean Number/Integer/Single Number/Single/Real/Currency	[3]
(d)	399000 450000	H13 H10			[2]

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(e)

Field:	Property Type	Garage	Price in \$	Brochure No
Table:	PROPERTY	PROPERTY	PROPERTY	PROPERTY
Sort:				
Show:	Ø		V	V
Criteria:		True	< 200000	
or:				

or

Field:	Property Type	Garage	Price in \$	Brochure No
Table:	PROPERTY	PROPERTY	PROPERTY	PROPERTY
Sort:				
Show:			V	
Criteria:		Yes	< 200000	
or:				

or

Field:	Property Type	Garage	Price in \$	Brochure No
Table:	PROPERTY	PROPERTY	PROPERTY	PROPERTY
Sort:				
Show:	N		N	N
Criteria:		=Yes	< 200000	
or:				

or

Field:	Property Type	Garage	Price in \$	Brochure No
Table:	PROPERTY	PROPERTY	PROPERTY	PROPERTY
Sort:				
Show:	Ø		V	
Criteria:		=-1	< 200000	
or:				
	(1 mark)	(1 mark)	(1 mark)	(1 mark)