

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## HISTORY

0470/21 May/June 2016

Paper 2 MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 50

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2016 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>®</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

® IGCSE is the registered trademark of Cambridge International Examinations.

This syllabus is approved for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.

This document consists of 8 printed pages.

**CAMBRIDGE** International Examinations

	•
www.dv	/namicpapers.com

Page 2	Mark Scheme	S	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016		0470	21

## **Option A: 19th Century topic**

1	Study Sources A and B. How different are these two sources? Explain your answer using details of the sources. [7]	
	Level 5 Compares big messages i.e. overall judgement: A is more sympathetic to the British, B is more critical.	[7]
	Level 4 Agreement and disagreement of detail or sub-messages	[5–6]
	Level 3 Agreement or disagreement of detail or sub-messages	[3–4]
	Level 2 Identifies information that is in one source but not in the other or states that are about the same subject OR Compares the provenance of the sources	the sources [2]
		[4]
	Level 1 Writes about the sources but makes no valid comparison	[1]
	Level 0 No evidence submitted or response does not address the question	[0]
2	Study Sources C and D. How surprised are you by Queen Victoria's reply to Can letter? Explain your answer using details of the sources and your knowledge.	ning's [8]
	Level 5 Compares the content, then evaluates to decide surprised/not surprised	[7–8]
	Level 4 Explains whether surprised by Source D i.e. no use of C	[5–6]
	Level 3 Uses content of C to explain whether D is surprising	[3–4]
	Level 2. Valid enablistic of course but foils to state whether currentized or pat	
	<ul> <li>Level 2 Valid analysis of source but fails to state whether surprised or not</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Identifies something surprising/not surprising but not explained</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Answer based on provenance</li> </ul>	[2]
	OR Identifies something surprising/not surprising but not explained OR	[2] [1]

www.dvnamicpapers.com

www.dynamicpapers.com				
P	age 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0470	21
3		Source E. How useful is this source as evidence about the India iswer using details of the source and your knowledge.	n Mutiny?	Explain [7]
	Level 5	Uses the source as evidence about the British i.e. useful for what you can infer about the British.		[7]
	Level 4	Evaluates the source e.g. It must be reliable as they would hardly admit all this unless it v useful.	was true, so	<b>[5–6]</b> it must be
	Level 3	Answers based on the surface information the source conveys		[3–4]
	Level 2	Answers based on undeveloped provenance		[2]
	Level 1	Writes about the source but does not address the question		[1]
	Level 0	No evidence submitted or response does not address the question		[0]
4	using d	Source F. Why was this source published in November 1857? Ex letails of the source and your knowledge. Explains purpose in specific context of 1857	xplain your	answer [8] [8]
	201010	i.e. must be on Canning's liberal approach.		[0]
	Level 5	Explains the purpose of the cartoon (must have intended impact or	n audience)	[7]
	Level 4	Explains the big message i.e. criticising Canning because he's being too soft		[5–6]
	Level 3	Explains context (can be general on the Mutiny) <b>OR</b> Explains a valid sub-message		[3–4]
	Level 2	Misreadings of the cartoon OR Interprets cartoon or describes the context – but not used as a reas	son for publi	[2] cation
	Level 1	Surface descriptions of the source		[1]
	Level 0	No evidence submitted or response does not address the question		[0]

WWW.C	lynamicpapers.com

www.dynamicpapers.com			
Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0470	21
-	v Sources G and H. How far do these two cartoons agree? Explair s of the sources and your knowledge.	n your ansv	ver using [8]
Level	6 Compares big messages i.e. they agree that the Indians must be ruthlessly repressed.		[8]
Level	5 Compares sub-messages		[6–7]
Level	4 Explains big messages of source(s) – no comparison Must be cartoonist's point of view.		[4–5]
Level	<b>3</b> Explains sub-messages of source(s) – no comparison		[3]
Level	2 Compares provenance of sources		[2]
Level	1 Surface description of sources		[1]
Level	0 No evidence submitted or response does not address the question		[0]

## Study all the sources. The British killed many Indians because of the Mutiny. How far do 6 these sources provide convincing evidence that this British reaction was justified? Use the sources to explain your answer. [12]

Level 3 Uses sources to support and reject the statement	[7–10]
--	--------

- Award up to 2 bonus marks for evaluation of sources (no more than 1 per source). ٠
- Source use must be reference to a source by letter, by provenance or by direct quote. There must be examples from source content. There must be an explanation of how this supports/does not support the statement.
- Use Y in the margin for each source use in support of the statement and N for each • source use rejecting the statement.

	Yes	No	
	ADEFGH	ABCDEFH	
Level 2 Uses sources to support or reject the statement			
Level 1 No valid source use		[1–3]	

Level 0 No evidence submitted or response does not address the question [0]

www.d	namicpapers.com

Page 5	Mark Scheme	S	/llabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016		0470	21

## **Option B: 20th Century topic**

	ekan		
1	Study Sources A and B. How different are these two sources? Explain your answer using details of the sources. [7]		
	Level 5 Compares big messages [7] i.e. attitudes of the authors: agree because both sympathetic to Saddam/Iraq, both think Saddam's actions were justifiable, neither blames Saddam, etc.		
	Level 4Agreement AND disagreement of detail or sub-messages[5–6]		
	Any two on one side = 6 marks		
	Level 3 Agreement OR disagreement of detail or sub-messages [3–4]		
	<ul> <li>Similarities include (both say):</li> <li>Iraq claimed Kuwait was a natural part of Iraq</li> <li>Iraq could not repay what it owed Kuwait</li> <li>Kuwait was drilling in Iraq's Rumaila oilfield</li> <li>Iraq's economy was being harmed by Kuwait's (increasing) production of oil</li> <li>Kuwait's royal family was unpopular</li> <li>Saddam refused to negotiate after the invasion</li> <li>US wanted to weaken Saddam's regime</li> <li>Kuwait knew Iraq could not pay</li> <li>Iraq was in debt</li> <li>Kuwait was to blame</li> </ul> Differences (there may be others): <ul> <li>Iraq's debt to Kuwait was \$80 billion in A, but \$65 billion in B</li> <li>In A Iraq owns the Rumaila oilfield, in B it is disputed territory</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>In A the reason why Saddam refused to negotiate was internal problems in Iraq, and in B it was misunderstanding of US's attitude to the invasion</li> </ul>		
	Level 2 Identifies information that is in one source but not in the other or states that the sources are about the same subject [2] OR Compares the provenance of the sources		
	Level 1 Writes about the sources but makes no valid comparison[1]		
	<b>Level 0</b> No evidence submitted or response does not address the question [0]		

www.dynamicpapers.com

_	www.dynamicpapers.com			
P	age 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0470	21
2	using o	Sources C and D. Does Source D make Source C surprising? Ex letails of the sources and your knowledge.		[8]
	Levels	Compares the content, then evaluates to decide surprised/not surp	risea	[7–8]
	Level 4	Explains whether surprised by Source C i.e. no use of D		[5–6]
	Level 3	Uses content of D to explain whether C is surprising		[3–4]
	Level 2	Valid analysis of source but fails to state whether surprised or not s <b>OR</b>	surprised	[2]
		Identifies something surprising/not surprising but not explained <b>OR</b>		
		Answer based on provenance		
	Level 1	Writes about sources but fails to address the question		[1]
	Level 0	No evidence submitted or response does not address the question		[0]
3	-	Sources E and F. Does Source F prove that Saddam Hussein wa E? Explain your answer using details of the sources and your		
	Level 5	Compares the content, then evaluates to decide whether Saddam	was sincere	in E <b>[7–8]</b>
	Level 4	Explains whether Saddam is sincere in E i.e. no use of F		[5–6]
	Level 3	Uses content of F to explain whether Saddam is sincere in E		[3–4]
	Level 2	Addresses issue of proof but no valid comparison <b>OR</b> Answer based on provenance		[2]
	Level 1	Writes about sources but fails to address the question		[1]
	Level 0	No evidence submitted or response does not address the question		[0]

		www.dynam	nicpapers	.com
Pa	ge 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0470	21
	-	Source G. What is the message of the cartoonist? Explain your source and your knowledge.	answer usi	ng details [7]
	Level 4	Explains big message		[6–7]
		These are answers that use the 'Occupying the High Ground' aspection contrast Saddam's claims with his actions, i.e. his hypocrisy. If answer adds purpose to the Big Message, then award 7 marks (b can be awarded on the BM only).	·	. ,
	Level 3	Sub-message(s) explained e.g. Saddam is responsible for many deaths. Award 3 marks to sub-messages which do not have any element o Saddam is strong.	f criticism, e	<b>[3–5]</b> e.g.
	Level 2	Misinterpretations		[2]
	Level 1	Surface description of source		[1]
	Level 0	No evidence submitted or response does not address the question		[0]
5 Study Sources H and I. How far do these two cartoons agree? Exp details of the sources and your knowledge.		n your ans	wer using [8]	
	Level 6	Compares big messages i.e. Both leaders realise they have got their countries into a mess.		[8]
	Level 5	Compares sub-messages		[6–7]
	Level 4	Explains big message of source(s) – no comparison		[4–5]
	Level 3	Explains sub-messages of source(s) – no comparison		[3]
	Level 2	Compares provenance of sources OR they are about the same top	ic	[2]
	Level 1	Surface description of sources		[1]
	Level 0	No evidence submitted or response does not address the question		[0]

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Sylla	bus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	047	70	21

6 Study <u>all</u> the sources. How far do these sources provide convincing evidence that Saddam Hussein was to blame for the outbreak of hostilities with the US-led coalition in January 1991? Use the sources to explain your answer. [12]

Level 3 Uses sources to support and reject the statement [7–10]

- Award up to 2 bonus marks for evaluation of sources (no more than 1 per source).
- Source use must be reference to a source by letter, by provenance or by direct quote. There must be examples from source content. There must be an explanation of how this supports/does not support the statement.
- Use Y in the margin for each source use in support of the statement and N for each source use rejecting the statement.

	Yes No		
	ABEFGH	ABCDEI	
Level 2 Uses sources to support or reject the statement			
Level 1 No valid source use			

Level 0 No evidence submitted or response does not address the question [0]