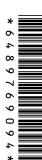
1 hour 45 minutes



Cambridge

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

ACCOUNTING 0452/12

Paper 1 October/November 2014

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



There are 10 parts to Question 1.

For **each** of the parts (a) to (j) below there are four possible answers A, B, C and D. Choose the **one** you consider correct and place a tick (\checkmark) in the box to indicate the correct answer.

1	(a)	Why	does the owner of a busi	ness need	to measure profit?			
		Α	to calculate the total sale	es and purc	hases for the year			
		В	to discover if his busines	s is doing	petter than in previous ye	ears		
		С	to find out how much mo	ney he has	s left in the bank			
		D	to know how much mone	ey is owed	to suppliers			[1]
	(b)		min sold goods to Zebede undercharged for the goo		nt an invoice for goods b	out later dis	covered	I that she
		Whi	ch document will Yasmin i	ssue to co	rect her mistake?			
		Α	cheque					
		В	credit note					
		С	debit note					
		D	statement					[1]
	(c)	Udo	ka bought goods on credit ka paid Francis by cheque ch entries record this payr	e after dedi	ucting 3% cash discount.			
			account debited	\$	account credited	\$		
		A	bank discount allowed	970 30	Francis	1000		
		В			bank	970		
			Francis	1000	discount allowed	30		
		С	bank	970				

30

1000

Francis

discount received

bank

1000

970

30

[1]

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discount received

Francis

D

(d) A business provided the following information.

	\$
revenue (sales)	10 000
purchases	8 000
opening inventory	1 000
closing inventory	1 500
sales returns	200
purchases returns	300

What was the cost of sales?

	A	\$2000		
	В	\$2100		
	С	\$7200		
	D	\$8200		[1]
(e)	Whic	ch statement is correct?		
	Α	A service business can never sell goods.		
	В	A service business does not aim to make a profit.		
	С	A trading business aims to make a profit.		
	D	A trading business never holds an inventory of goods.		[1]
(f)		Limited made a profit of \$482 460 for the year. \$96 000 was transferred rve. A dividend on ordinary shares of \$168 000 was paid.	d to gen	eral
	Wha	t was the retained profit for the year?		
	Α	\$218 460		
	В	\$314 460		
	С	\$386 460		
	D	\$554 460		[4]

(g) A sports club provided the following information.

	\$
subscriptions for the year	26 800
profit on sale of refreshments	4 200
depreciation	1 500
rent and insurance	12 600
wages	3 200

What was the total income for the year?

Α	\$15 800	
В	\$17 300	
С	\$22 600	
D	\$31 000	[1]

(h) Two businesses, X and Y, are of a similar size and are in the same industry.

They provide the following information.

	Х	Υ
	%	%
gross profit as a percentage of sales	27	30
net profit as a percentage of sales	14	11

What does this show?

Α	X controlled expenses better than Y.	
В	Y controlled expenses better than X.	
С	X's sales were greater than Y's.	
D	Y's sales were greater than X's.	[1]

(i)	Why	might a government department be interested in the financial statemer	nts of a company?
	Α	to check that the company is paying the correct amount of tax	
	В	to decide whether to invest in the company	
	С	to ensure that the company continues to receive supplies	
	D	to see if the company could repay a loan	[1]
(j)		ch accounting objective states that the information in financial statement error and bias?	ents must be free
	A	comparability	
	В	relevance	
	С	reliability	
	D	understandability	[1]
			[Total: 10]

Sar	mir started a busin	ness on 1 January. T	he following	transactions took pla	ice.
1	Samir paid \$10 0	000 of his own money	/ into the bu	siness bank account.	
2	He transferred hi	is own vehicle to the	business at	a valuation of \$6500.	
3	He bought goods	s for resale, \$2000, o	n credit fron	n Zed.	
4	He paid rent, \$30	000, by cheque.			
KE	QUIRED				
	Transaction	Debit entr	У	Credit entr	У
	Transaction	Debit entr	\$	Credit entr	\$
	Transaction 1	Debit entr		Credit entr	<u> </u>
			\$		\$
	1		\$		\$
	1 2		\$		\$

Arun sells goods to Rupa and also buys goods from her. On 1 October Arun's books showed the following balances.

Rupa account in sales ledger \$180 Rupa account in purchases ledger \$37

It was agreed that these balances should be set off against one another.

REQUIRED

(d) Prepare the journal entry to record the set-off in Arun's books. A narrative is **not** required.

Arun Journal

Debit \$	Credit \$

		[2]
(e)	Explain why Arun and Rupa decided to make the set-off.	
		[2]

(f) Complete the table below, naming the accounting principles being applied in the following situations. The first has been completed as an example.

Applying the same accounting treatment to similar items at all times	Consistency
Assuming a business will continue to operate indefinitely	
Expressing transactions in monetary terms	

[2]

(g) Complete the following table indicating with a tick (✓) on which side of a trial balance each item would appear. The first has been completed as an example.

	Debit	Credit
Rent received		✓
Sales returns		
Inventory		
Discount allowed		
Provision for depreciation		

[4]

[Total: 19]

Question 3 is on the next page.

3 Omprakash is a trader with a financial year end of 31 August. He advertises magazine. He provided the following information.				s in a monthly trade			
			al of \$450 for an adv	vertisement in the	January, February a	nc	
	1 M	ay 2014	Paid a tot	al of \$620 for an adver 2014 editions.	ertisement in the	June, July, August a	nc
	REG	QUIRED					
	(a)	Prepare Omprakash' account and bring do				ust 2014. Balance t	:he
				Advertising account			
							••••
							[6]
	(b)	Complete the following entry is completed.	ng table, n	aming one source d	ocument from whic	ch each book of prii	ne
		Book of prime entry		Source document			
		Sales journal					
		Purchases journal					
		Sales returns journa	al				
		Purchases returns jo	ournal			1	

[6]

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Petty cash book

Cash book

(c) St	(c) State one advantage of using a book of prime entry.				
					[2]
A sale	s journal for July shows th	ne follo	wing.		
	Ju	ıly		\$	
	2	2 /	Amber Retail	100	
	10	0 I	Business Supplies	65	
	18	8 (Custom Print	22	
	3.	1 -	Total	187	

REQUIRED

(d) Complete the following table, showing how these transactions are recorded in the ledger accounts.

Account(s) to be debited	\$ Account(s) to be credited	\$

[4]

[Total: 18]

- **4** A book-keeper drew up a trial balance and found that it did not balance. He opened a suspense account with a debit balance of \$60. The following errors were then discovered.
 - 1 Sales returns, \$80, have been credited to the purchases returns account, although correctly recorded in the debtor's account.
 - 2 Vehicle repairs, \$150, have been debited to the motor vehicles account.
 - 3 The purchases journal has been overcast by \$100.
 - 4 Goods taken by the owner for his own use, \$55, have not been recorded in the books.

REQUIRED

(a) Prepare journal entries to correct these errors. Narratives are **not** required.

Journal

Debit \$	Credit \$

[9]

(b) Prepare the suspense account, showing the necessary corrections.

Suspense account

Details	\$	Details	\$
Difference on trial balance	60		

[3]	

(c)	Name the type of error made in error 2 on page 12.	
		[1]

[Total: 13]

5 Ashvar provided the following information.

ALA I. I. 0040	\$
At 1 July 2013	4.400
Total trade receivables	4 100
Total trade payables	3 161
For the year ended 30 June 2014	
Cash sales	14 803
Credit sales	48 610
Returns of credit sales	1 001
Credit purchases	39 101
Returns of credit purchases	910
Receipts from credit customers	45 702
Payments to credit suppliers	37 691
Discount allowed	890
Discount received	663
Bad debts written off	274
Interest charged by Ashvar on overdue accounts	77

REQUIRED

(a) Prepare the sales ledger control account and the purchases ledger control account for the year ended 30 June 2014. Balance the accounts and bring down the balances on 1 July 2014.

Sales ledger control account

15

	Purchases ledger control account				
			[14]		
(b)	Complete the table below, naming the information.	book of prime entry which provide	d the following		
		Book of prime entry			
	Credit sales				
	Returns of credit purchases				
	Receipts from credit customers				
	Bad debts written off				
	Interest charged on overdue accounts				

[5]

(c) Prepare his provision for doubtful debts account for the year ended 30 June 2014. Balance

Ashvar provides for doubtful debts at the rate of 5%.

REQUIRED

the account and bring down the balance on 1 July 2014.
Provision for doubtful debts account
[4]
d) Comment on the adequacy or otherwise of the rate of Ashvar's provision for doubtful debts.
[2]
[Total: 25]
[Total: 25]

Question 6 is on the next page.

6 Dina and Lee have been in partnership for some years. Lee receives a partnership salary of \$15 000 per annum and both partners receive interest on capital of 10% per annum. They share profits and losses equally.

They provided the following information.

	\$	
At 1 January 2013		
Capital account balances - Dina	100 000	
- Lee	60 000	
Current account balances - Dina	5 200	Dr
- Lee	4 800	Dr
During the year ended 31 December 2013		
Drawings - Dina	18 000	
- Lee	17 000	
At 31 December 2013		
Fixtures and fittings at cost	100 000	
Provision for depreciation on fixtures and fittings	10 000	
Delivery van at cost	40 000	
Provision for depreciation on delivery van	12 000	
Inventory	56 400	
Trade receivables	19 000	
Bank	6 600	Cr
Trade payables	25 400	

REQUIRED

(a)	Suggest one reason how the debit balances on the current accounts on 1 January 2 could have arisen.	013
		[2]

(b)	Calculate the value of the net assets of the partnership on 31 December 2013.
	[6]
(c)	Calculate the profit for the year made by the partnership in the year ended 31 December 2013.
	[4]

(d) Prepare the appropriation account for the partnership for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Dina and Lee
Appropriation Account for the year ended 31 December 2013
[6

(e) Prepare the current accounts for Dina and Lee for the year ended 31 December 2013 in columnar format. Balance the accounts and bring down the balances on 1 January 2014.

Current accounts

Date	Details	Dina \$	Lee \$	Date	Details	Dina \$	Lee \$

[7]

(f)	Cal	culate the following, to two decimal places, at 31 December 2013.					
	1 Current ratio						
			H				
			21				
			п				
			П				
			П				
			П				
	2	Quick ratio (acid test ratio)					
			П				
			п				
			ш				
			П				
		I.O.	1				
		[6]	l				
		revious year the quick ratio (acid test ratio) was 1.45 : 1.					
RE	QUIF	RED					
(g)	(i)	Suggest two reasons for the change.					
		1	11				
			11				
		2					
		[2]				
	(ii)	Suggest a consequence of the change in quick ratio (acid test ratio).					
			41				
		[2	j				
		[Total: 35]	1				

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24

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Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME		
CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER	

ACCOUNTING

0452/12

Paper 1

October/November 2014

1 hour 45 minutes

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