

Cambridge Assessment International Education Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

#### ACCOUNTING

0452/13 May/June 2018

Paper 1 MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 120

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2018 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>™</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

IGCSE<sup>™</sup> is a registered trademark.

### **Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a guestion. Each guestion paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:** 

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question •
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question •
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts. .

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:** 

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:** 

Marks must be awarded positively:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the • scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do .
- marks are not deducted for errors •
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the . guestion as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:** 

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Question	Answer	Marks
1		10
1(a)	В	1
1(b)	A	1
1(c)	A	1
1(d)	A	1
1(e)	D	1
1(f)	C	1
1(g)	D	1
1(h)	В	1
1(i)	C	1
1(j)	В	1

Question			A	nsw	er			Marks
2(a)	Helps in the preparation Groups together similar Allows work to be divide To see as a list of trans Accept other valid po	ng to the ledger mmarise accounting infor n of control accounts r types of transactions ed between several peop actions/reference purpos ints.	ole/train junior					Max 2
	Any 2 reasons – 1 ma	rk each						
2(b)	1 Cash Book							
	2 Purchases returns	journal						
	3 General journal or	journa						
2(c)		Account(s) debited	\$		Account(s) credited	\$		1
	1	Cash	220		Sales	220		
	2	Jane	440	(1)	Purchases returns	440	(1)	
	3	Motor vehicles Motor vehicle expenses		(1) (1)	Speedy Motors Can have 2 entries here which add up to 12 400	12 400	(1)	
	4	Bank Discount allowed		(1) (1)	Tan	400	(1)	
	5	Drawings	120	(1)	Purchases	120	(1)	
2(d)	(838) + 220 (1) + 392 (	1) = 226 overdrawn/Cr	or /(226) <b>(1)</b>					
2(e)(i)	Sales ledger or trade re	eceivables ledger						

Question	Answer	Marks
2(e)(ii)	General or nominal ledger	1

Question				Ans	swer				Marks
3(a)			Purc	Ku hase ledge	mu r control a	account			8
	Date 2018	Detail	S	\$	Date 2017	Deta	ails	\$	
	Apr 30	Discount received Bank	(1) (2) CF (1) OF	330 177 862	May 1 2018	Balance b/d	(1)	19 800	
		Contra sales ledger Balance c/d	(1) (1)	400 22 200	Apr 30	Interest charged Credit purchases	(1) (1)	122 180 870	
		Dalarioo o, a	(.)	200 792		·	(•)	200 792	
					May 1	Balance b/d		22 200	
3(b)	Trade pay Credit purc	ables hases × 365							1
3(c)	$\frac{22200}{180870} \times 3$	65 (1) = 45 days (1)							2

Question	Answer	Marks
3(d)	Not satisfied (1) OF	2
	The payment period is longer than the standard terms allowed (1) OF	
3(e)	An unsatisfactory payment period might make it difficult to obtain credit in the future Might get a poor credit rating/reputation Could affect the ability to make purchases from chosen suppliers If unable to make purchases may not be able to satisfy own customers May be charged interest for late payment Can't take advantage of <b>cash</b> discounts/discount received May refuse to supply Accept other valid points. Max 2, 1 mark per point	Max 2
0.(0)		
3(f)	$\frac{92250}{205000} \bigg\} \times 100 \ \textbf{(1)} = 45\% \ \textbf{(1)}$	2
3(g)	(\$205 000 + \$35 000) <b>(1)</b> – (26 400 + 180 870) <b>(1)</b> = \$32 730 <b>(1)</b> OF If answer = \$59 130 <b>(2)</b>	3
	Accept alternative calculations	
3(h)	Cost of sales Average inventory	1
3(i)	$\frac{205\ 000}{(32\ 730\ OF + 35\ 000) \div 2} \left. \right\} $ (1) OF = 6.05 times (1) OF	2

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	An accrual is an amount <b>owing (1)</b> for an expense incurred in the <b>current (1)</b> financial period. It will be included in the statement of financial position as a current <b>liability (1)</b> .	6
	Accrued income is an amount <b>earned (1)</b> which will be received in the <b>next (1)</b> financial period. It will be included in the statement of financial position as a current <b>asset (1)</b> .	
4(b)	(4 + 6 + 2) (1) × \$20 (1) = \$240 (1)	3
	Accept alternative calculations	
4(c)	\$20 200 - \$240 (1) OF = \$19 960 (1) OF	2
4(d)	Chandra has received income in advance which he has not yet earned It is a liability to Chandra as he owes the learners Chandra has prepaid income at the year-end Chandra has received other income Application of accruals (matching) principle/application of prudence/advance payments must be deducted from actual income	2
	Accept other valid points. Any 2 comments × 1 mark each	

# www.dynamicplapedsneedm8

Question		Ans	wer			Marks		
4(e)	Statement of revised profit for the year ended 31 January 2018							
		No Effect	Increase \$	Decrease \$	\$			
	Draft profit				8 760			
	Error 1		100 <b>(1)</b>					
	Error 2			600 <b>(1)</b>				
	Error 3		89 (1)					
	Error 4	<b>√</b> (1)						
			189	600	(411)			
	Corrected profit				8 349 (2) CF (1) OF			
4(f)	Business entity (1)					2		
	Owner's transactions should be kept se	eparate from those of the	business <b>(1)</b>					

Question	Answer	Marks
4(g)	Chandra is a sole trader, LQ is a limited company Different capital structure Different size, economies of scale Chandra is a new business, LQ is established The financial statements of Chandra will be for only one year, which will not show trends The financial statements may be for a year which is not typical The businesses may have different accounting policies/methods The businesses may have different operating policies The businesses may have different year ends The financial statements do not show non-monetary factors	
	It may not be possible to obtain all the information needed to make comparisons Accept other valid points 1 mark per point, maximum 2	

Question				Ans	wer				Marks	
5(a)	WB Sports Club Subscriptions account									
	Date 2018	Details		\$	Date 2017	D	etails	\$		
	Mar 31	Income and expenditure	(1)	5 000	Apr 1 2018	Balance b/d (1	)	120		
					Mar 31	Bank/cash (1 Balance c/d (1		4 740 140		
	Apr 1	Balance b/d	-	5 000 140				5 000		
	+ 1 dates									
5(b)	+ 1 dates	Receipts a	and Payment		orts Club for the yea	ar ended 31 March	2018		1	
5(b)	+ 1 dates	Receipts a Details	and Payment		for the ye		2018 etails	\$	10	
5(b)	Date 2017 Apr 1 2018	Details Balance b/d	(1)	ts Account f \$ 960	for the ye	D Rent Competition prize	etails (1) es (1)	2 000 220	1	
5(b)	Date 2017 Apr 1	Details Balance b/d Subscriptions Competition entry fees	(1) (1) (1)	ts Account 1 \$ 960 4 740 900	for the yea Date 2018	D Rent Competition prize General expense Insurance	etails (1) es (1) es (1) (1)	2 000 220 682 430	1	
5(b)	Date 2017 Apr 1 2018 Mar	Details Balance b/d Subscriptions	(1) (1)	ts Account 1 \$ 960 4 740	for the yea Date 2018	D Rent Competition prize General expense	etails (1) es (1) es (1) (1)	2 000 220 682	10	

0452/13

### Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED

# www.dynamicplapedsneedm8

Question	Answer	Marks
5(c)	WB Sports Club Statement of Financial Position at 31 March 2018	7
	\$\$Non-current assets15 760 (1)Sports equipment at valuation15 760 (1)Current assets140 (1)Subscriptions owing140 (1)Other receivables500 (1)Bank858 (1) OF	
	Total assets17 258Accumulated fund Opening balance15 563 Surplus for the year17 131 (1)	
	Current liabilities Other payables <u>127</u> (1) <u>17 258</u>	
5(d)	t is the total of all the surpluses (1) made by the club less all the deficits (1) since the start of the club	2

# www.dynamicplapedsneedm8

Question		Answer	Marks
6(a)	Assets Equipment Motor vehicle Inventory Other receivables Trade receivables Bank	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	Liabilities Trade payables Other payables Capital at 31 Decemb	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 495 \\ 98 \\ \end{pmatrix}$ (1) <u>1 553</u>	
6(b)	Add: ( Less: Less:	ing capital $20\ 300$ (1) Capital introduced $5\ 500$ (1) Drawings $(2\ 700)\ 23\ 100$ (1) closing capital $(23\ 552)\ 1)\ OF$ for the year $452$ (1) OF	
	Alternative presentation		
	Date Details 2017 Dec 31 Drawings (1) Balance c/d (1) OF	2017       2700       Jan 1       Balance b/d       (1)       20         23 552       Dec 31       Motor vehicle       (1)       5         Profit of the year       (1) OF	\$ 300 500 452 252

Question	Answer	Marks
6(c)	It shows the profit earned for each \$100 used in the business Or It shows how efficiently the capital is being employed Profit received as a % of capital employed	1
6(d)	$\frac{\text{Profit (for the year)}}{\text{Capital employed}} \times \frac{100}{1}$	1
6(e)	$\frac{452 \text{ OF}}{20300} \times \frac{100}{1} \text{ (1)} = 2.23\% \text{ (1) OF do need \%}$	2
6(f)	Siegfried started charging depreciation on non-current assets Siegfried wrote off more bad debts this year Increase in other expenses Decrease in other income Accept any valid reason.	1
	1 mark per point, Max 1	
6(g)	Easier/quicker/used to prepare financial statements/calculate profit Helps to check accuracy/arithmetic errors or detect/locate errors Helps to prevent fraud Easy reference Balances are more easily available More detail available in income statement Easier to calculate accounting ratios/measure performance Cheaper accountancy fees Maintains the principle of duality	Max 3
	Accept other valid points 1 mark per point , Max 3	