

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

#### ACCOUNTING

0452/12 May/June 2017

Paper 1 MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 120

Published

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| Question              |   | Answer   | Marks |
|-----------------------|---|--|-------|
| Glossary for Question | 1 |  |       |
| (d)                   |   |  |       |
| (-)                   | А | charge for year                                  |       |
|                       | В | accumulated depreciation                         |       |
|                       | С | straight line                                    |       |
|                       | D | net book value                                   |       |
| (f)                   |   |  |       |
|                       | А | 426 000+90 000-40 000-25 000=451 000             |       |
|                       | В | 426 000+90 000-40 000=476 000                    |       |
|                       | С | 426 000+90 000–40 000+25 000=501 000             |       |
|                       | D | 426 000+90 000=516 000                           |       |
| (h)                   |   |  |       |
| ()                    | А | 72 000×1.6=115 200                               |       |
|                       | В | 80 000×1.6=128 000                               |       |
|                       | С | 72 000÷0.4=180 000                               |       |
|                       | D | 80 000÷0.4=200 000                               |       |
| (j)                   |   |  |       |
| U/                    | А | (14 000–2000)×0.2=2400                           |       |
|                       | В | (14 000+3600-2 000)×0.2=3120                     |       |
|                       | C | (14 000+3600)×0.2=3520<br>(14 000+3600)×0.2=3520 |       |
|                       | D | (14 000+3600–2000)×0.25=3900                     |       |

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| Question | Answer | Marks |
|----------|--------|-------|
| 1(a)     | A (1)  | 1     |
| 1(b)     | C (1)  | 1     |
| 1(c)     | В (1)  | 1     |
| 1(d)     | В (1)  | 1     |
| 1(e)     | D (1)  | 1     |
| 1(f)     | В (1)  | 1     |
| 1(g)     | D (1)  | 1     |
| 1(h)     | A (1)  | 1     |
| 1(i)     | C (1)  | 1     |
| 1(j)     | В (1)  | 1     |

| Question |  |                                 | Answer         |        |             | Marks |
|----------|--|---------------------------------|----------------|--------|-------------|-------|
| 2(a)     | An income statement shows incomes a A statement of financial position shows  |                                 |                |        |             |       |
| 2(b)     |  | asset                           | liability      | income | expense     |       |
|          | bank loan  |                                 | <b>√(1)</b>    |        |             |       |
|          | insurance  |                                 |                |        | √(1)        |       |
|          | equipment  | <b>√(1)</b>                     |                |        |             |       |
|          | depreciation charge  |                                 |                |        | <b>√(1)</b> |       |
| 2(c)     | Income statement \$1500 <b>(1)</b><br>Statement of financial position \$4500 <b>(</b> 1  | )                               |                |        |             |       |
| 2(d)     | accounts of the same<br>helps to locate errors<br>allows tasks to be div<br>deters fraud<br>allows checking proc<br>any one for <b>(1)</b> mar | vided between<br>edures to be i | different peop | ble    |             |       |
| 2(e)(i)  | Sales ledger – accounts of individual cr<br>Purchases ledger – accounts of individu  |                                 |                |        |             |       |
| 2(e)(ii) | any suitable example for <b>(1)</b> mark<br>e.g. sales, purchases, insurance   |                                 |                |        |             |       |

| Question | Answer  |                                   | Marks |
|----------|---|-----------------------------------|-------|
| 2(f)     | cash book<br>petty cash book<br>sales journal<br>sales returns journal<br>purchases journal<br>purchases returns journal<br>general (nominal) journal<br>any two for <b>(1)</b> mark each |                                   | 2     |
| 2(g)     | The recording of financial transactions is called accounting  | true or false<br>false <b>(1)</b> | 1     |

| Question |                         | Answer                   |                                   |                        |                       |  |   |
|----------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--|---|
| 3(a)(i)  | in the books of Pich    |                          |                                   |                        |                       |  | 2 |
|          |                         | debit account<br>Roger   | \$<br>5000 <b>(1)</b>             | credit account sales   | \$<br>5000 <b>(1)</b> |  |   |
| 3(a)(ii) | in the books of Roger   |                          |                                   |                        |                       |  | 2 |
|          |                         | debit account purchases  | \$<br>5000 <b>(1)</b>             | credit account<br>Pich | \$<br>5000 <b>(1)</b> |  |   |
| 3(b)     | Invoice (1)<br>Pich (1) |                          |                                   |                        |                       |  | 2 |
| 3(c)     |                         | debit account            | \$                                | credit account         | \$                    |  | 3 |
|          |                         | bank<br>discount allowed | 4875 <b>(1)</b><br>125 <b>(1)</b> | Roger                  | 5000 (1)              |  |   |

| • //     |   |   |                                      |                          | SLISHED   |   |   |              |     |     |
|----------|---|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|---|--------------|-----|-----|
| Question |   |   |                                      |                          | Answer  |   |   |              | Mar | rKs |
| 3(d)(i)  | discount received account (   | I)  |                                      |                          |   |   |   |              |     |     |
| 3(d)(ii) | income statement (1)  |   |                                      |                          |   |   |   |              |     |     |
| 3(e)     | A <b>credit note (1)</b> is issued b<br>A <b>debit note (1)</b> may be issued |   |                                      |                          |   |   |   |              |     |     |
| 3(f)     | Date<br>2016<br>Dec 1<br>2017<br>Feb 28                                       | Amit  | \$<br>860                            |                          | Pich<br>lebts accou<br>Date<br>2017<br>Feb 28                   | int<br>Details<br>Income statement                        | \$<br>1960 <b>(1)O</b><br><u>1960</u>   | F            |     | 1   |
|          | Date<br>2017<br>Feb 28  | l<br>Details<br>Balance c/d                       | \$                                   | n for c<br>( <b>3)</b> * | loubtful del<br>Date<br>2016<br>Mar 1<br>2017<br>Feb 28<br>2017 | ots account<br>Details<br>Balance b/d<br>Income statement | \$<br>2240<br><u>308</u><br><u>2548</u> | (1)<br>(1)OF |     |     |
|          | * (64 800<br>Date<br>2017<br>Feb 28   | )–1100) <b>(1)</b> × 0.<br>Details<br>Balance b/d | 04 <b>(1)</b> =<br>\$<br><u>1100</u> | Ru                       | Mar 1<br>(1)OF<br>th account<br>Date<br>2017<br>Feb 28          | Details   | 2548<br>\$<br><u>1100</u> <b>(1)</b>    | (1)OF        |     |     |
|          | +(1) for dates  |   |                                      | .,                       |   |   | ( )                                     |              |     |     |

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| Question | Answer   | Marks |
|----------|--|-------|
| 3(g)     | Pich<br>Statement of Financial Position (extract) at 28 February 2017<br>Current assets \$<br>Trade receivables 63 700 (1)<br>Provision for doubtful debts <u>(2 548)</u> (1)OF<br><u>61 152</u> (1)OF | 3     |

| Question | Answer  | Marks |
|----------|---|-------|
| 4(a)     | A copy of the customer's account as it appears in the books of the bank. (1)  | 1     |
| 4(b)     | 3 and 4 (1)   | 1     |
| 4(c)     | s<br>original balance 2890<br>correction of error 90 (1)<br>bank charges (50) (1)<br>dishonoured cheque (200) (1)<br>updated balance 2730 (1)OF<br>accept alternative presentation  | 4     |
| 4(d)     | Yeo<br>Bank Reconciliation Statement at 30 April 2017<br>\$<br>Balance in cash book (1) 2730 (1)OF<br>Add unpresented cheque <u>400</u> (1)<br>3130<br>Less uncredited deposit (180) (1)<br>Balance on bank statement (1) 2950 (1)OF<br>accept alternative presentation | 6     |
| 4(e)     | \$2730 (1)OF<br>current assets (1)OF  | 2     |

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| Question | Answer  | Marks |
|----------|---|-------|
| 4(f)     | insufficient funds in account<br>no signature on cheque<br>wrong signature<br>no date<br>words and figures do not agree<br>cheque is out of date<br>any one for <b>(1)</b> mark | 1     |
| 4(g)     | preparing of trial balance (1) OR preparing of control account (1)  | 1     |

| Question | Answer   | Marks |
|----------|--|-------|
| 5(a)     | more capital introduced to business<br>more expertise available<br>responsibilities are shared e.g. holidays, sickness<br>risk is shared<br>losses are shared<br>any two for <b>(1)</b> mark each  | 2     |
| 5(b)(i)  | To record the difference between the amounts earned from the partnership and the amounts withdrawn from the partnership (1)<br>To show the retained profit of each partner (1)<br>To make it easier to calculate interest on capital (1)<br>To reveal excess drawings (1)<br>[max 1] | 1     |
| 5(b)(ii) | Ann owes money to the partnership. (1)<br>The partnership owes money to Bindu. (1)   | 2     |

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| Question  | Answer   | Marks |
|-----------|--|-------|
| 5(c)      | Ann and BinduAppropriation Account for the year ended 28 February 2017\$\$\$\$Profit for the year24 500Less interest on capital – Ann $3000$ (1) $-$ Bindu $2500$ (1) $5 500$ Less salary – Ann $\frac{4 000}{15 000}$ (1)Shares of profit – Ann $9000$ (1)OF $-$ Bindu $6000$ (1)OF   |       |
| 5(d)      | Ann and Bindu<br>Current accountsDetails\$\$Details\$\$Ann<br>Balance b/d5 000Balance b/dDrawings<br>Balance c/d12 50010 000<br>1 500(1)*Interest on capital<br>Salary3 0002 500Balance b/d150011 500Balance b/d11 50011 500Balance b/d1 50011 500Balance b/d1 50011 500Balance b/d1 50011 500Balance b/d1 50011 500* mark for both items1 500 | 6     |
| 5(e)      | effect<br>(understated or overstated)\$gross profitoverstated or overstated)\$750profit for the yearoverstated\$750share of profit – Annoverstated\$450- Binduoverstated\$300  |       |
| 5(f) It a | voids inventory/current assets/profit being overstated. (1)  |       |

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| Question | Answer  | Marks |
|----------|---|-------|
| 5(g)     | The loss arising from the damage is recorded in the same year as the damage occurred. (1) | 1     |

| Question  | Answer   |                      |                       |                            |  |   |  |  |  |
|-----------|--|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| 6(a)      |  | factory<br>overheads | distribution<br>costs | administrative<br>expenses |  | 4 |  |  |  |
|           | factory rent   | ~                    |                       |                            |  |   |  |  |  |
|           | carriage outwards  |                      | <b>√(1)</b>           |                            |  |   |  |  |  |
|           | depreciation of office equipment   |                      |                       | <b>√(1)</b>                |  |   |  |  |  |
|           | factory supervisor's salary  | <b>√(1)</b>          |                       |                            |  |   |  |  |  |
|           | repairs of delivery vehicles   |                      | <b>√(1)</b>           |                            |  |   |  |  |  |
| 6(b)(i)   | Cost of raw materials 112 500 (1)+(5000–7500) (1)=110 000 (1)OF  |                      |                       |                            |  |   |  |  |  |
| 6(b)(ii)  | Prime cost 110 000 (1)OF +82 000=192 000 (1)OF   |                      |                       |                            |  |   |  |  |  |
| 6(b)(iii) | Cost of production 192 000 <b>OF</b> +(41 800+6000) <b>(1)</b> =239 800 <b>(1)OF</b><br>accept alternative formats |                      |                       |                            |  |   |  |  |  |

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| Question | Answe  |                          | Marks   |                |       |   |  |  |
|----------|--|--------------------------|---------|----------------|-------|---|--|--|
| 6(c)     | G Limited  |                          |         |                |       |   |  |  |
|          | Income Statement for the year ended 31 December 2016     |                          |         |                |       |   |  |  |
|          |  | \$                       |         | \$             |       |   |  |  |
|          | Revenue  |                          |         | 550 000        | (1)   |   |  |  |
|          | Inventory of finished goods – 1 Jan 2016                 | 51 000                   |         |                |       |   |  |  |
|          | Cost of production                                       | 239 800                  | (1)OF   |                |       |   |  |  |
|          | Purchases of finished goods                              | <u>95 200</u><br>386 000 | (1)     |                |       |   |  |  |
|          | Inventory of finished goods – 31 Dec 2016                | 47 300                   | (1)*    |                |       |   |  |  |
|          | Cost of sales  |                          |         | <u>338 700</u> |       |   |  |  |
|          | Gross profit   |                          |         | 211 300        | (1)OF |   |  |  |
|          | Distribution costs                                       | 61 800                   | (1)     |                |       |   |  |  |
|          | Administrative expenses                                  | 95 100                   | (1)     |                |       |   |  |  |
|          | Finance charges  | <u>16 100</u>            | (1)     | <u>173 000</u> |       |   |  |  |
|          | Profit for the year<br>* mark for both inventory figures |                          |         | <u>38 300</u>  | (1)OF |   |  |  |
| 6(d)     | It is cheaper to buy than produce (1) OR                 |                          |         |                |       | 1 |  |  |
|          | Demand is higher than production at full capacity (1)    |                          |         |                |       |   |  |  |
|          | accept other suitable answers                            |                          |         |                |       |   |  |  |
| 6(e)     | Savings  |                          |         |                |       |   |  |  |
|          | old depreciation 6 000 (1)                               |                          |         |                |       |   |  |  |
|          | repairs 9000 (1)   |                          |         |                |       |   |  |  |
|          | raw materials 110 000 (1)OF×0.04 (1) <u>4 400</u>        |                          |         |                |       |   |  |  |
|          | 19 400   |                          |         |                |       |   |  |  |
|          | Less additional costs                                    |                          | 10 40   | <u>~</u>       |       |   |  |  |
|          | new depreciation   |                          | (10 00  | D) <b>(1)</b>  |       |   |  |  |
|          | additional interest                                      |                          | (10 00) | , , ,          |       |   |  |  |
|          | Increase in profit                                       |                          | 1 400   |                |       |   |  |  |
|          |  |                          | 1400    |                |       |   |  |  |