CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/11

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 120

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- 1 (a) C
 - **(b)** B
 - (c) A
 - **(d)** B
 - (e) C
 - (f) D
 - **(g)** A
 - **(h)** D
 - (i) A
 - **(j)** A

(1) mark each

2 (a)

	Asset	Liability
Office equipment	✓	
Prepaid rent	√ (1)	
Accrued wages		√ (1)
Bank loan		√ (1)
Inventory of goods for resale	√ (1)	
Inventory of stationery for office use	√ (1)	
Amount due to creditor		√ (1)

(b) An asset account has a debit (1) balance.
A liability account has a credit (1) balance.
An expense account has a debit (1) balance.
An income account has a credit (1) balance.

[6]

[Total: 10]

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As a basis for the preparation of the financial statements/final accounts (1)

(f)			moudi ce account	
2014		\$	2014	\$
1 Jan	Balance b/d	300 (1)	31 Dec Income statement	1380 (1o.f.)
1 Apr	Bank/Cash	<u>1440</u> (1) 1740	Balance c/d	<u>360</u> 1740
2015				
1 Jan	Balance b/d	360 (1)		
+1 for da	ates			

Every transaction has a two fold aspect	True
Costs must be matched against related income	True (1)
Revenue can be recorded before it is earned	False (1)
Staff expertise can be recorded in the financial statements	False (1)

Mark Scheme

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(c) Any suitable answer e.g. insurance, telephone, wages etc. (1)

(g) To check the arithmetical accuracy of the double entry (1)

(d) Income statement (1)

(e)

OR

0452

[1] [1]

11

[3]

[5]

[1]

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(h)

Ebenon Trial Balance at 31 December 2014

	Debit \$	Credit \$	
Motor vehicles	38000		}
Provision for depreciation of motor vehicles		10000	}(1)
Sales		190000	}
Purchases	103000		} (1)
Rent	4000		}
Wages and salaries	41 000		}(1)
Sundry expenses	6800		}
Drawings	23000		} (1)
Trade payables		5000	}
Trade receivables	7 000		} (1)
Bank overdraft		1 500	}
Cash	100		}(1)
Purchase returns		600	}
Inventory	12000		}(1)
Capital		27800	(1o.f.)
	234900	234900	

(i) 1 January 2014 (1)

[1]

[8]

[Total: 30]

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3 (a)

Book of prime (original) entry	Source document
Cash book	Cheque counterfoil
Any two of: Sales journal Sales returns journal Purchases journal Purchases returns journal General journal Petty cash book	Sales invoice Sales credit note issued Purchase invoice Credit note received/debit note issued Notification of debtor going bankrupt/other suitable answer Voucher
for (1) mark each	for (1) mark each

(b) To avoid multiple entries in the ledger (1)

Different books of prime entry can be maintained by different people (1) Acts as an aid for posting to the ledger by analysing a transaction into debit and credit entry (1) Helps to reduce the amount of detail in the ledger as only totals are posted to the ledger (1) Provides evidence of transactions since they are recorded from source documents (1) Helps in the auditing/tracking process/facilitates cross-referencing (1) Easy reference to source of a transaction (1) Helps in gathering and summarising of accounting information (1) Groups together similar types of transactions in one book in date order (1) Reduces number of entries in ledger (1)

Max. 1

[1]

[1]

- (c) Discount allowed (1) Discount received (1) [2]
- (d) The debtor's bank refused payment (1)
- (e)

Account debited	Account credited
Pierre (1)	Bank (1)

[2]

[1]

- (f) Bank reconciliation statement (1)
- (g) Paying more from the bank account then there is in it (1). This means that the business owes the bank money (the bank is a current liability) (1). [2]

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(h)

	Debit balance	Credit balance
Cash book		✓ (1)
Bank statement	√ (1)	

(i)

4

(a)

Account debited	Account credited
Drawings (1)	Bank (1)

[2]

[2]

[Total: 17]

Green Meadow Limited Statement of Financial Position at 31 January 2015 \$ Non-current assets

Plant and equipment	184000	
Motor vehicles	87 000	
	271000	(1)*
Current assets		
Inventory	63000	
Trade receivables	57 000	
Cash and cash equivalents/Bank	2000	
	<u>122000</u>	(1)*
Total assets	<u>393000</u>	
Capital and reserves (1)	405000	
Ordinary share capital	125000	
8% preference share capital	100000	• •
Retained earnings	65000	(1)
Non compart lightliting (1)	<u>290000</u>	
Non-current liabilities (1)	50,000	(4)
6% Debentures (2019)	50000	• •
Bank loan	<u>10000</u>	(1)
Current liabilities	<u>60000</u>	
Trade payables	43000	(1)*
Total liabilities	<u>43000</u> <u>393000</u>	(1)
	333000	

* indicates heading required for mark

[10]

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(b) Closing profit Opening profit Add back: Ordinary dividend Preference dividen Profit for the year	\$ 65000 <u>51500</u> 13500 (1 10000 (1 <u>8000</u> (1 <u>31500</u> (1)		[4]	
(c)) Profit for the year Add back: Bank interest Debenture interest Profit for the year	\$ 31500 (1 500 (1 <u>3000</u> (1 <u>35000</u> (1)		[4]	
(d) <u>35000 (1</u> 290000 (1o.f.) +	<mark>o.f.)</mark> 60 000 (1o.f.) ×	100 = 10% (1o.f.)		[4]	
(e)) To compare with of To compare with ra		st on debentures etc.			
	Any one for (1) ma	'nk			[1]	
(f)	To avoid dilution of Ensure existing ow Any one for (1) ma	ners retain contro	use debentures don't have voi ol of business (1)		[1] [Total: 24]	
					[10tal. 24]	
5 (a)) Gross profit	\$400 (1)				
	Cost of sales	\$600 (1)				
	Purchases	600 (10.f.) – (6	0 – 40) (1) = \$580			
	Profit for the year	\$150 (1)				
	Expenses	400 (1o.f.) – 15	50 (1o.f.) = \$250		[7]	
(b	The brother has a l as rent (1) . The brother buys g	The brother has better control of his expenses (1). The brother has a larger business and experiences economies of scale on overheads such as rent (1). The brother buys goods for resale at a lower price (1). The brother sells the goods at a higher price (1).				
	Any one for (1) ma	rk			[1]	

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	(c)	50 (1 600 (1	$\frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$			ay/June 2 (1o.f.)	015	0452	11 [4]
	(d)	Decreas More eff Change Increase Lower in	ng sales sing inventory lev ficient purchasing in type of goods e in business act nventory levels lles activity	g of inve sold	ntory				
		Any two	for (1) each						[2]
	(e)	Addition Share ri Sharing Can dise	e in finance al knowledge/ski sks of tasks and res cuss decision-ma can be shared be	ponsibili aking	ties				
		Any two	for (1) each						[2]
									[Total: 16]
6	(a)	2014 1 Jan 31 Dec	Balance b/d Income and expenditure a/c Balance c/d	S \$ 350 19300	ubscripti			\$ 100 (1) 19100 (1) <u>500</u> <u>19700</u>	
		2015 1 Jan	Balance b/d	500	(1)	2015 1 Jan	Balance b/d	50 (1)	[6]
	(b)	2014 31 Dec	Bank/Cash Balance c/d		trade pa	ys Sports (ayables acc 2014 1 Jan 31 Dec 2015 1 Jan		\$ 590 (1) <u>3940</u> (10 <u>4530</u> 820 (1)	o.f.)

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(-)						
(c)	Healthy Wa				2014	
	Café Income Statement for th		ar ended 3	\$ December	2014	
ſ	Revenue/Sales	\$		φ 4900	(1)	
-		600 ((1)	4900	(')	
			(1) (10.f.)			
		<u>540</u> 540	(10.1.)			
1		<u>800</u> ((1)	3740		
•		<u></u> ((-)	1160		
ç	Staff wages			1800	(1)	
	Loss for the year			(640)		[6]
	Healthy Wa Income and Expenditure Account Subscriptions Loss from cafe			ded 31 Decer 19 1o.f.)	nber 2014 \$ 9300 (1o.f.)	
5 F S [Staff wages (7200 + 300) Rent and insurance Sundry expenses Depreciation 18700 + 4600 (1) – 20100 Surplus) (1)	4800 } 1850 } <u>3200</u>	(1)	<u>′990</u> 310 (1o.f.)	[7