

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education (9-1)

CHEMISTRY 0971/42

Paper 4 Extended Theory

October/November 2018

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 80

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded positively:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- · marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- · marks are not deducted for errors
- · marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

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GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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| Question | Answer | Marks |
|-----------|---|-------|
| 1(a)(i) | M1 Melting | 4 |
| | M2 Condensing | |
| | M3 Freezing | |
| | M4 Sublimation | |
| 1(a)(ii) | No new substances are made or The change can be reversed (by a physical process) | 1 |
| 1(a)(iii) | Boiling happens at a specific temperature or Evaporation happens over a range of temperatures | 1 |
| 1(b) | M1 Separation: Touching | 3 |
| | M2 Arrangement: Regular | |
| | M3 Movement: Vibrate | |
| 1(c) | $4X + O_2 \rightarrow 2X_2O$ M1 Species M2 Balance | 2 |

| Question | Answer | Marks |
|----------|--|-------|
| 2(a) | 2:8:8:2 | 1 |
| 2(b)(i) | M1 Same number of (or 2) outer electrons | 2 |
| 2(b)(ii) | M2 (Sr has) outer electrons are in the 5th shell | |
| 2(c)(i) | Hydrogen | 1 |

| Question | Answer | Marks |
|-----------|--|-------|
| 2(c)(ii) | Hydroxide OR OH⁻ | 1 |
| 2(c)(iii) | 7< pH ≤12 | 1 |
| 2(c)(iv) | Ca + $2H_2O \rightarrow Ca(OH)_2 + H_2$ M1 $Ca(OH)_2$ M2 Rest of equation | 2 |
| 2(d)(i) | M1 Mg shown with new outer shell with 8 crosses; | 3 |
| | M2 Both C1 atoms with a new outer shell with 7 dots and 1 cross; | |
| | M3 '2+' charge on Mg and '-' charge on each C <i>l</i> ; | |
| 2(d)(ii) | M1 <i>Physical constants mark</i> High melting point or high boiling point | 3 |
| | M2 Solubility mark Dissolve in water | |
| | M3 Electrical conductivity mark Conduct (electricity) when molten or conduct (electricity) in aqueous solution | |
| 2(e) | $Ag^{+}(aq) + Cl^{-}(aq) \rightarrow AgCl(s)$ M1 Species | 2 |
| | M2 States | |

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| Question | Answer | Marks |
|-----------|--|-------|
| 3(a) | M1 Sulfur dioxide / SO ₂ is formed | 2 |
| | M2 SO ₂ reacts with (atmospheric) water (vapour) / rain | |
| 3(b)(i) | $2SO_2 + O_2 = 2SO_3$ | 2 |
| | M1 Balanced equation | |
| | M2 reversible arrow | |
| 3(b)(ii) | M1 450 °C (units required) | 3 |
| | M2 1–5 atmospheres (units required) | |
| | M3 Vanadium (V) oxide or vanadium pentoxide or V ₂ O ₅ | |
| 3(b)(iii) | M1 SO ₃ added to (concentrated) H ₂ SO ₄ | 2 |
| | M2 (Oleum) diluted with / added to water | |
| 3(c)(i) | Measuring cylinder | 1 |
| 3(c)(ii) | M1 No more fizzing; | 2 |
| | M2 (ZnCO ₃) stops dissolving or a (white) solid remains / is visible | |
| 3(c)(iii) | To use up all the acid / H ⁺ ions | 1 |
| 3(c)(iv) | M1 A solution that can hold no more solute | 2 |
| | M2 at the specified temperature | |
| 3(c)(v) | (aq) | 1 |
| 3(c)(vi) | Zinc oxide or zinc hydroxide | 1 |
| 3(c)(vii) | Barium sulfate is insoluble | 1 |

| Question | Answer | Marks |
|----------|---|-------|
| 3(d)(i) | yellow | 1 |
| 3(d)(ii) | M1 $0.2 \times 25 / 1000 = 5(.00) \times 10^{-3}$ or $0.005(00)$ (mol) | 4 |
| | M2 $5(.00) \times 10^{-3}/2 = 2.5(.0) \times 10^{-3} \text{ or } 0.0025(0) \text{ (mol)}$ | |
| | M3 $2.5(.0) \times 10^{-3} \times 1000 / 20 = 0.125 \text{ (mol / dm}^3)$ | |
| | M4 $0.125 \times 98 = 12.25 (g / dm^3)$ | |
| 3(e) | M1 Mol FeSO ₄ = 15.2 / 152 = 0.1(00) | 3 |
| | M2 Expected mol of $Fe_2O_3 = 0.1/2 = 0.05(00)$ | |
| | or Actual mol of $Fe_2O_3 = 4.80 / 160 = 0.03(00)$ | |
| | M3 Percentage yield = $100 \times 0.03(00) / 0.05(00) = 60\%$ | |

| Question | Answer | Marks |
|-----------|--|-------|
| 4(a)(i) | Gradient gets less | 1 |
| 4(a)(ii) | Concentration of HC1 is decreasing | 1 |
| 4(a)(iii) | 120 seconds | 1 |
| 4(b) | M1 New line steeper than printed line and starts at origin | 2 |
| | M2 New line reaches same final volume as printed line | |

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| Question | Answer | Marks |
|----------|---|-------|
| 4(c) | M1 Time taken is less | 5 |
| | M2 (particles) have more energy | |
| | M3 (particles) move faster | |
| | M4 More collisions (of particles) occur per second / per unit time | |
| | M5 More (of the) particles / collisions have energy greater than activation energy or | |
| | More (of the) particles / collisions have sufficient energy to react | |
| | or A greater percentage / proportion / fraction of collisions (of particles) are successful | |

| Question | Answer | Marks |
|----------|--|-------|
| 5(a) | C ₄ H ₆ Propyne | 2 |
| 5(b) | M1 one shared pair between each H and C | 2 |
| | M2 three shared pairs of electrons between the C atoms and no other unpaired electrons | |
| 5(c)(i) | Any two from: | 2 |
| | same or similar chemical properties | |
| | (contain) the same functional group | |
| | (show) a trend or gradual change in physical properties | |
| | (consecutive) members differ by CH ₂ | |
| | common methods of preparation | |

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| Question | Answer | Marks |
|----------|---|-------|
| 5(c)(ii) | C_nH_{2n-2} | 1 |
| 5(d) | M1 Bromine water or aqueous bromine | 2 |
| | M2 Changes to colourless or decolourises | |
| 5(e)(i) | M1 Acidified; | 2 |
| | M2 (Potassium) manganate (VII) | |
| 5(e)(ii) | Diagram of ethanoic acid | 1 |
| 5(f)(i) | M1 Methyl propanoate | 2 |
| | M2 Diagram of methyl propanoate | |
| 5(f)(ii) | Any four carbon ester not named in 5(f)(i) | |
| 5(g)(i) | Condensation | 1 |
| 5(g)(ii) | Terylene | 1 |

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