

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2016

Pearson Edexcel GCE in Biology (6BI05) Paper 01 Energy, Exercise and Coordination

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the e boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(a)	D - stays the same;	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(b)(i)	D ;	(1)

Question Answer Answer	Answer	Mark
1(b)(ii)	A – 1;	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(b)(iii)	B - myosin binding sites to be exposed;	(1)

Question Answer		Mark
1(b)(iv)	B - myosin ;	(1)

Question Number	Answer	
1(b)(v)	A - more mitochondria than fast twitch fibres ;	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(c)	1. {extensor muscles / eq} {contract / shorten / eq};	1 ACCEPT correctly named muscle e.g. quads/quadriceps	
	2. leg is straightened / eq ;		
	3. flexor muscle relaxes / eq;	3 ACCEPT correctly named muscle e.g. hamstrings	
	4. description of antagonistic action e.g. these muscles working in opposition, when one contracts the other relaxes;	4 IGNORE work together, in pairs	
	5. flexor is stretched / eq;		
	6. tendons attach muscles to bones / eq;		
			(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(a)(i)	Two from:	1 ACCEPT surface area / volume	
	1. idea of size of cube;	1 ACCEPT surface area / volume IGNORE mass	
	2. same {species / eq} of carrot;		
	3. same {age / source / eq} of carrot;		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(a)(ii)	 (oxygen is) electron acceptor / eq; (also oxygen) binds with protons / H+ /hydrogens; Idea of electrons from {electron transport chain / ETC}; to form (metabolic) water; 	3 ACCEPT from cytochromes	
	1. to form (metabolic) water ,		(3)

Question Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
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Number			
2(b)	1. aerobic respiration ;		
	2. ref. to decarboxylation ;		
	3. (when) pyruvate broken down / eq;		
	4. (decarboxylation occurs) in Krebs cycle;	4 ACCEPT link reaction	
	5. details of where in Krebs cycle e.g. removed from { C6 / C5 / eq} compound;	5 ACCEPT C3 to C2 if refer to link reaction	
			(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(c)	1. as temperature increases, percentage of CO ₂ in bag {increases / eq};	1 ACCEPT rises IGNORE change unqualified	
	(as temperature increase) {reactants /named / eq} {gain more kinetic energy / collide more often};		
	3. increased enzyme activity / more E-S complexes form / eq ;		
	 smaller increase between 5 and 10 because {more active sites occupied / some other factor is limiting / eq}; 	4 ACCEPT e.g. O ₂ concentration could be limiting, high CO ₂ levels inhibit enzymes	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(d)	anaerobic respiration ;	ACCEPT fermentation but not lactic acid fermentation IGNORE: respiration	
		unqualified	(1)

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Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(a)	idea that stimulation generated from within (muscle);		
	2. idea that this results in depolarisation;		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(b)	 idea that it shows electrical activity of the heart; idea of how to identify {one heart beat / time for one heart 	ACCEPT for 2: from one {P	
	beat};	wave / QRS complex / T wave } to the next	
	 count the number of { these / peaks / eq } in a {set time / stated time} or how long from one set of electrical activity to the next; 		
	4. description of how to obtain heart rate e.g. beats divided by time;		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(c)	QWC – Spelling of technical terms must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence	QWC Emphasis is on spelling of technical terms	
	the concentration of carbon dioxide in the <i>alveoli</i> is higher / eq;	1 ACCEPT { diffusion / concentration} gradient increased	
	2. the concentration of carbon dioxide in the blood is higher / pH of blood is lower / eq;		
	3. detected by <i>chemoreceptors</i> in { <i>medulla / carotid</i> artery / aorta };		
	4. reference to { cardiovascular / cardiac} control centre in medulla ;		
	5. reference to <i>autonomic</i> nervous system / <i>sympathetic</i> nerve ;		
	6. more impulses to SAN / eq;		
	7. { noradrenalin(e) / norepinephrine } released onto SAN;		
	8. SAN (excitation) rate increased / eq;		
	9. heart rate will increase / eq;		(5)

0	A	A -1 -1:4: 1	N AI -
Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark

Number			
4(a)		ACCEPT comments on monozygotic twins (MZ) raised apart as a context	
	{ identical / monozygotic twins } are genetically identical / eq;	1 ACCEPT same alleles IGNORE: same DNA / genes	
	2. derived from one egg and one sperm /one { zygote / embryo / eq } / eq ;	2 ACCEPT one fertilised egg, ball of cells, blastula	
	3. (so any phenotypic) difference is due to { nurture / environmental } / eq;		
	4. {non-identical twins / dizygotic twins} are genetically different;		
	5. (any phenotype) that is different when the environment is the same is likely to be { nature / genetic / eq } / eq;		(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(b)(i)	study groups from different cultures / eq ;	1 IGNORE different countries / environments	
	2. (if) outcome is the same then (likely to be) nature;	countries / environments	
	3. (if) outcome is different in the groups then (likely to be) nurture;		
			(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(b)(ii)	1. idea of large sample size ;		
	2. idea of standardised sampling technique e.g. age, gender;		
	3. same (range of) emotions used / eq		
	OR		
	standard methodology e.g. same photos;		
			(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
5(a)(i)	idea that potassium (ion) gradient is greater than sodium (ion) gradient;	1 ACCEPT steeper, higher for greater	
	2. Credit correct comparative manipulation of the data;	2 ACCEPT e.g (K ⁺ gradient is greater than gradient for Na ⁺) by 10 mmol dm ⁻³ , ratio e.g. 1:10 and 30:1	
	3. idea of concentration gradients act in different directions / eq;		(0)
			(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
5(a)(ii)		IGNORE: descriptions of depolarisation/action potentials	
	1. idea that proteins act as channels;	1 ACCEPT gates for channels	
	Repolarising:		
	2. (most voltage-dependent) { sodium / Na ⁺ } { channels / eq } closed ;		
	3. sodium ions cannot (continue to) enter { neurone / cytoplasm / eq };		
	Resetting after hyperpolarisation:		
	4. (voltage-dependent) { potassium / K ⁺ } { channels / eq } close ;		
	5. sodium-potassium pump imports (two) potassium ions and exports (three) sodium ions / eq;		
			(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
5(b)	1. idea that Ca ²⁺ enters synaptic bouton ;	1 ACCEPT for 1: knob, button, presynaptic neurone for bouton, through presynaptic membrane	
	2. vesicles containing neurotransmitter / eq;		
	3. { move towards / fuse with presynaptic membrane / eq } / reference to exocytosis (of neurotransmitter);	3 ACCEPT neurotransmitter released into synaptic {gap / cleft} IGNORE: vesicles being released	
			(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
6(a)(i)	correct answer with units gains full marks 1. $5 \div 90$; 2. = { 0.056 / 0.06 } au min ⁻¹ ;	ACCEPT answer expressed as e.g. 3.6 au per hour 2 ACCEPT au/min, au per min	
	$3 [(0.3 \div 30) + (3.7 \div 30) + (1 \div 30) \div 3];$ $4 = \{0.054 / 0.05\} \text{ au min}^{-1};$		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
6(a)(ii)	1. idea that rate of use is greater than uptake from gut;	1 IGNORE: less being absorbed, running low in gut unqualified	
	2. idea that L-Dopa leaves the blood into tissues ;		
	3. L-Dopa crosses the blood-brain barrier / eq;		
	4. converted to dopamine / eq;	4 ACCEPT L-Dopa is a precursor to dopamine	
	5. L-Dopa is broken down / eq ;	5 ACCEPT metabolised for broken down	(4)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark

Number			
6(b)(i)			
	when{ touched / eq } the tentacles { not pulled into body /	ACCEPT: no response when	
	remain outside body / eq } ;	touched / no reaction to stimulus	
			(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
6(b)(ii)	use habituated sea anemone / eq ;		
	2. idea of stimulate after leaving for different lengths of time;	2 ACCEPT examples given	
	3. idea of repetition at each different time;		
	4. note time when anemone responds to being touched / eq;	4 ACCEPT note time when withdraws tentacles into body	
			(3)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number	7500	Additional Suldaniss	Mark

7(a)(i)			
	1. as it is a greenhouse gas / eq;		
	2. idea of CO ₂ leading to global warming;		
		2 ACCEPT description of	
		effect of global warming	
			(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
*7(a) (ii)	*QWC – Spelling of technical terms must be correct and the answer must be organised in a logical sequence	QWC Emphasis is on logical sequence	
	1. idea of using gene involved / eq;	1 ACCEPT allele	
	2. reference to {restriction enzyme / endonuclease} / eq;		
	3. idea of same (restriction) enzyme used to cut open plasmid / eq;		
	4. reference to sticky ends ;		
	5. detail of sticky ends e.g. complementary bases exposed;		
	6. (DNA) ligase used to bind useful gene to plasmid / eq;	6 ACCEPT join for bind	
	7. by forming phosphodiester bonds / eq;	7 ACCEPT description of a phosphodiester bond	
	8. idea of uptake of plasmid by bacterium ;		(6)
Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark

7(b)	Correct answer gains both marks 1. (one gene contains) 580 000÷525 / 1104.76 base pairs; 2. this is { 2210 / 2209.5 } bases;		
	OR	Allow 1 mark: 1105 bases	
	 3. (genome is 580 000 x 2) = 1160 000 bases; 4. (one gene is 1160 000 ÷ 525) = { 2210 / 2209.5} bases; 		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(c)(i)	 deoxyribose in DNA AND ribose in RNA; thymine in DNA AND uracil in RNA; idea of enzymes being used are different e.g. DNA polymerase v. RNA polymerase; 2 strands in DNA and 1 strand for RNA; 	2 ACCEPT T and U 3 ACCEPT DNA formed by DNA replication and RNA by transcription 4 ACCEPT double helix for 2 strands in DNA	(3)
Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(c)(ii)	so it can be inserted into a bacterium / idea of less likely to degrade ;	ACCEPT: less likely to {mutate / break down }	(1)

	IGNORE: for storage	
	unqualified	

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(d)	1. idea that product of a gene acts as an inhibitor;	1 ACCEPT protein/polypeptide for product, and repressor for inhibitor	
	2. idea of inhibits next gene ;		
	3. (if) 1st gene active, it inhibits 2 nd gene so 3 rd gene is active ;	3 ACCEPT other logical sequence e.g. 2, 3 and then 1	
	4. Idea of gene is transcribed for a limited time;		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(e)	each step requires its own enzyme / eq;		

2. to catalyse / control the step ;	1 ACCEPT appropriate ref to specificity e.g. enzyme 1 only acts on substrate 1	(4)
 idea of the product of one step being the {substrate / eq} for the next step; 	3 ACCEPT intermediates involved / reactant for substrate	
 all steps must function for nitrogen to be converted to ammonia / eq; 	4 ACCEPT nitrogen gas {reduced to /H+ added to form} ammonia	
5. idea of involvement of { cofactors / coenzymes / eq };	5 ACCEPT ATP / FAD / NAD	

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(f)	idea of being non-pathogenic;	1 ACCEPT attenuated, harmless	
	2. virus will {identify / bind to / eq} cancer cells / eq;		
	3. virus destroys cancer cells / eq;	3 ACCEPT replicates in cancer cells	(0)
			(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(g)	1. (small number of) healthy people / eq;		

2. in case the treatment is dangerous / eq;		
3. idea of establishing dosage ;	2 ACCEPT ref to side effects, to make sure it is safe	(3)

Question Number		Answer			Additional Guidance	Mark
7(h)						
		Stem	Insulin			
	1.	{ any / eq } genes can be activated	most genes deactivated / eq	;	1 ACCEPT switched off	
	2.	{ un / less } differentiated	Differentiated	;	2 ACCEPT specialised for differentiated	
	3.	cell can continue to divide / no Hayflick limit	{ limited / no } cell division / Hayflick limited	;	differentiated	
	4.	can give rise to various different cell types	cannot give rise to other types of cell	;		
	5.	No insulin made / insulin gene not active	Insulin made / insulin gene active] ;		
	6.	Found in various locations / named location (other than pancreas)	Found in pancreas] ;		
						(3)

Question	Angwor	Additional Guidance	Mark
Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	IVIAIK

7(i)			1
	radiation could lead to { cancer / mutation / eq };	ACCEPT: named example e.g.	1
		deletion	1
			(1)

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