Mark Scheme (Results)

June 2011

GCE Mechanics M2 (6678) Paper 1

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### **EDEXCEL GCE MATHEMATICS**

# **General Instructions for Marking**

- 1. The total number of marks for the paper is 75.
- 2. The Edexcel Mathematics mark schemes use the following types of marks:
  - M marks: method marks are awarded for 'knowing a method and attempting to apply it', unless otherwise indicated.
  - A marks: Accuracy marks can only be awarded if the relevant method (M) marks have been earned.
  - B marks are unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
  - Marks should not be subdivided.

#### Abbreviations

These are some of the traditional marking abbreviations that will appear in the mark schemes and can be used if you are using the annotation facility on ePEN.

- bod benefit of doubt
- ft follow through
- the symbol will be used for correct ft
- cao correct answer only
- cso correct solution only. There must be no errors in this part of the question to obtain this mark
- isw ignore subsequent working
- awrt answers which round to
- SC: special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep dependent
- indep independent
- · dp decimal places
- sf significant figures
- \* The answer is printed on the paper
- The second mark is dependent on gaining the first mark



## June 2011 6678 Mechanics M2 Mark Scheme

	Mark Scheme	1	
Question Number	Scheme	Marks	
1.	500  N $1000g  N$ $12000 = TV$	M1	
	$T - 500 - 1000g \sin \theta = 0$ $V = \frac{12000}{500 + 1000 \times 9.8 \times \frac{1}{30}}$ $V = 15 - (2000) + 14.5$	M1 A1	
	V = 15 (accept 14.5)	DM1 A1	
			(5) <b>5</b>
2.	$ \begin{array}{cccc}  & & & & & & & \\  & & & & & & \\  & & & &$		
	4mu = 3mx - mv	M1 A1	
	4ue = x + v	M1 A1	
	4u = 3(4ue - v) - v		
	4u = 12ue - 4v $v = (3e - 1)u$	DM1 A1	
	$v > 0 \Rightarrow 3e > 1$	DM1	
	$\therefore e > \frac{1}{3}  **$	A1	(8) <b>8</b>

Question	Scheme	Marks
Number 3. (a)	$I = m\mathbf{v} - m\mathbf{u}$	M1
(a)	$-4\mathbf{i} + 7\mathbf{j} = 0.5(\mathbf{v} - 12\mathbf{i})$	
	$4\mathbf{i} + 14\mathbf{j} = \mathbf{v}$	A1
	Speed = $\sqrt{16+196} = \sqrt{212} \text{ m s}^{-1}$ (14.6 or better)	M1 A1
(b)		(4)
	$\tan \theta = \frac{7}{2}$ $\theta = 74.0$ $\theta = 74^{\circ}$	M1 A1ft
(c)	2	(2)
(C)	Gain in K.E. = $\frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 (212 - 12^2)$ , = 17 J	M1 A1
		(2) <b>8</b>

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
4. (a)		
	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	Mass ratio $ \begin{vmatrix} ABDE & BCD & Lamina \\ 8a^2\rho & a^2\rho & 9a^2\rho \\ 8 & 1 & 9 \end{vmatrix} $	B1
	Dist of C of M From AE 2a $4\frac{1}{3}a$ $\overline{x}$	B1
	$8 \times 2a + 1 \times \frac{13}{3}a = 9\overline{x}$	M1
	$\overline{x} = \frac{61}{27}a$ (2.26a)	A1 (4)
(b)	$\tan \phi = \frac{a}{\frac{61}{27}a} = \frac{27}{61}$	M1 A1 ft
	$\phi = 23.87 = 24^{\circ}$ (accept 23.9), 0.417 radians	A1 (3) <b>7</b>

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Question Number	Scheme	Marks
5.		
(a)		
	1	
	5 ms <sup>-1</sup>	
	u B	
	$A \qquad \qquad$	
	30° 0.3g N	
	1 1	
	$0.5g \times 2\sin 30 = \frac{1}{2} \times 0.5u^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 \times 5^2$	M1 A1
	$\frac{1}{4}u^2 = 0.5g + \frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 \times 5^2$	
	$\frac{-u}{4} = 0.3g + \frac{-}{2} \times 0.3 \times 3$	
	$u = 6.7 \text{ m s}^{-1} \text{ (accept 6.68)}$	DM1 A1
		(4)
<b>(b)</b>		
	$R = 0.5g\cos 30$	B1
	$F = 0.5g\cos 30 \times \mu$	M1
	Work done by friction $=1.5F$	
	$\frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 \times 5^2 = 1.5F + 0.5g \times 1.5\sin 30$	M1 A1 A1
	$\mu = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 \times 5^2 - 0.5g \times 1.5\sin 30}{0.5g\cos 30 \times 1.5}$	
	$\mu = 0.40$ (accept 0.4 or 0.405)	A1
	(messpesses street)	(6)
		10

Question	Scheme	Marks
Number <b>6.</b>		
<b>(a)</b>		
	$\longrightarrow \rightarrow (t-4)$	
	P m	
	O	
	$\frac{\mathrm{d}v}{\mathrm{d}t} = t - 4$	
	$v = \frac{1}{2}t^2 - 4t(+c)$	M1 A1
	$t = 0  v = 6  \Rightarrow c = 6$	M1
	$\therefore v = \frac{1}{2}t^2 - 4t + 6$	A1
		(4)
<b>(b)</b>	$v = 0$ $0 = t^2 - 8t + 12$	M1
	(t-6)(t-2) = 0 $t = 6  t = 2$	DM1 A1
		$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
(c)	$x = \frac{t^3}{6} - 2t^2 + 6t + k$	M1 A1 ft
	$x_6 - x_2 = \frac{6^3}{6} - 2 \times 6^2 + 6^2 + k$	DM1
	$-\left(\frac{2^3}{6} - 2 \times 2^2 + 6 \times 2 + k\right)$	
	$=-5\frac{1}{3}$	
	$\therefore$ Distance is $5\frac{1}{3}$ m	A1
		(4)
		11

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Number	Scheme	Marks
7. (a)	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	M(A) $3mg \times 2a + 3mgx = T\cos\theta \times 4a$ $= \frac{12}{5}aT$ $\frac{12}{5}aT = 6mga + 3mgx$	M1 A2,1,0
	$T = \frac{25}{4}mg \qquad \frac{12}{5}a \times \frac{25}{4}mg = 6mga + 3mgx$	M1
	15a = 6a + 3x $x = 3a **$	A1 (5)
(b)	$R(\rightarrow)  R = T \sin \theta$	M1
	$= \frac{25}{4}mg \times \frac{4}{5}$ $= 5mg **$	A1 A1 (3)
(c)	$R\left(\uparrow\right)  F + \frac{25}{4}mg \times \frac{3}{5} = 3mg + 3mg$	M1 A2,1,0
	$F = 6mg - \frac{15}{4}mg = \frac{9}{4}mg$	
	$\mu = \frac{F}{R} = \frac{\frac{9}{4}mg}{5mg} = \frac{9}{20}$	DM1 A1 (5) 13

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Question Number	Scheme	Marks
8. (a)	$\frac{u}{\alpha}$	
	Horiz: $x = u \cos \alpha t$	B1
	Vert: $y = u \sin \alpha t - \frac{1}{2}gt^2$	M1
	$y = u \sin \alpha \times \frac{x}{u \cos \alpha} - \frac{1}{2} g \times \frac{x^2}{u^2 \cos^2 \alpha}$	DM1
	$y = x \tan \alpha - \frac{gx^2}{2u^2 \cos^2 \alpha}  **$	A1 (4)
(b)	$y = -7:  -7 = \tan 45x - \frac{gx^2}{2 \times 7^2 \cos^2 45}$	M1 A1
	$-7 = x - \frac{9.8x^2}{7^2}$	
	$-7 = x - \frac{9.8x^2}{7^2}$ $-7 = x - \frac{x^2}{5}$ $x^2 - 5x - 35 = 0$	M1
	$x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{25 + 4 \times 35}}{2}$	M1
	x = 8.92  or  8.9	A1 (5)
(c)	Time to travel 8.922 m horizontally = $\frac{8.922}{7\cos 45}$ = 1.802s	M1
	$v = \frac{8.922}{1.402}$	M1 A1 ft
	$= 6.36 \text{ or } 6.4 \text{ (m s}^{-1})$	A1
		(4) <b>13</b>

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