

Cambridge  
International  
**A Level**

**Cambridge International Examinations**  
Cambridge International Advanced Level

CANDIDATE  
NAME

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CENTRE  
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**MATHEMATICS**

**9709/52**

Paper 5 Mechanics 2 (**M2**)

**October/November 2018**

**1 hour 15 minutes**

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: List of Formulae (MF9)

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

**DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.**

Answer **all** the questions in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

Where a numerical value for the acceleration due to gravity is needed, use  $10 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ .

The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.

You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 50.

This document consists of **14** printed pages and **2** blank pages.



- 1 A small ball  $B$  is projected with speed  $38 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  at an angle of  $30^\circ$  to the horizontal from a point on horizontal ground. Find the speed of  $B$  when the path of  $B$  makes an angle of  $20^\circ$  above the horizontal. [3]

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- 2 A uniform solid object is made by attaching a cone to a cylinder so that the circumferences of the base of the cone and a plane face of the cylinder coincide. The cone and the cylinder each have radius  $0.3 \text{ m}$  and height  $0.4 \text{ m}$ .

(i) Calculate the distance of the centre of mass of the object from the vertex of the cone. [4]

[The volume of a cone is  $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ .]

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The object has weight  $W$  N and is placed with its plane circular face on a rough horizontal surface. A force of magnitude  $kW$  N acting at  $30^\circ$  to the upward vertical is applied to the vertex of the cone. The object does not slip.

(ii) Find the greatest possible value of  $k$  for which the object does not topple. [3]

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4 A small object is projected horizontally with speed  $V \text{ m s}^{-1}$  from a point  $O$  above horizontal ground. At time  $t$  s after projection, the horizontal and vertically upwards displacements of the object from  $O$  are  $x$  m and  $y$  m respectively.

(i) Express  $x$  and  $y$  in terms of  $t$  and hence show that the equation of the path of the object is

$$y = -\frac{5x^2}{V^2}. \quad [3]$$

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The object passes through points with coordinates  $(a, -a)$  and  $(a^2, -16a)$ , where  $a$  is a positive constant.

(ii) Find the value of  $a$ . [3]

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(iii) Given that the object strikes the ground at the point where  $x = 5a$ , find the height of  $O$  above the ground . [2]

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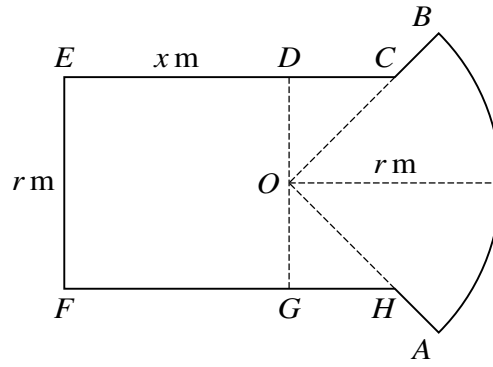
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The diagram shows a uniform lamina  $ABCDEFGH$ . The lamina consists of a quarter-circle  $OAB$  of radius  $r$  m, a rectangle  $DEFG$  and two isosceles right-angled triangles  $COD$  and  $GOH$ . The rectangle has  $DG = EF = r$  m and  $DE = FG = x$  m.

- (i) Given that the centre of mass of the lamina is at  $O$ , express  $x$  in terms of  $r$ . [6]

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(ii) Given instead that the rectangle  $DEFG$  is a square with edges of length  $r$  m, state with a reason whether the centre of mass of the lamina lies within the square or the quarter-circle. [1]

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